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120B OSCILLOSCOPE

OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL





OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

MODEL 120B
OSCILLOSCOPE

SERIALS PREFIXED: 502-

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1900 GARDEN OF THE GODS ROAD, COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, U. S. A.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Page	Section	Page
I GENERAL INFORMATION	1-1	V MAINTENANCE	5-1
1-1. Introduction	1-1	5-1. Introduction	5-1
1-4. Description	1-1	5-3. Test Equipment	5-1
1-14. Cathode Ray Tube Warranty	1-2	5-5. Troubleshooting	5-1
1-16. Options	1-2	5-7. System Troubleshooting	5-1
II INSTALLATION	2-1	5-9. Sectional Troubleshooting	5-2
2-1. Incoming Inspection	2-1	5-14. High-Voltage Power Supply	5-2
2-7. Power Requirements	2-1	5-16. Repair	5-5
2-10. Installation	2-2	5-17. Replacement of Semiconductors	5-5
2-13. Repackaging for Shipment	2-2	5-19. Servicing Etched Circuit Boards	5-5
III OPERATION	3-1	5-21. Crt Replacement	5-5
3-1. Introduction	3-1	5-23. Adjustments	5-6
3-3. Controls and Indicators	3-1	5-24. Adjustments Following Repair	5-6
3-5. General Operating Suggestions	3-1	5-27. Low-Voltage Power Supply	5-6
IV PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION	4-1	5-33. High-Voltage Power Supply	5-6
4-1. Overall Block-Diagram Description	4-1	5-35. Vertical Amplifier	5-9
4-9. Circuit Analysis	4-2	5-42. Horizontal Amplifier	5-10
4-10. Vertical Amplifier	4-2	5-48. Sweep Generator	5-11
4-16. Sweep Generator	4-3	5-52. Performance Check	5-11
4-30. Horizontal Amplifier	4-4	5-67. Diagrams	5-14
4-34. Low-Voltage Power Supply	4-5	VI REPLACEABLE PARTS	6-1
4-41. High-Voltage Power Supply	4-6	6-1. Introduction	6-1
		6-3. Ordering Information	6-1

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Number	Title	Page	Number	Title	Page
1-1.	Model 120B Oscilloscope	1-1	5-1.	Top View, Location of Parts and Adjustments	5-3
2-1.	Primary-Power Connections	2-1	5-2.	High-Voltage Power Supply, Location of Parts	5-4
2-2.	Rack Mounting	2-2	5-3.	Vertical Sensitivity (A2) and Trigger Source (A201) Switches, Location of Parts and Adjustments	5-5
3-1.	Model 120B Oscilloscope, Front View . .	3-2	5-4.	Right-Side View, Side Panel Removed, Location of Parts and Adjustments . . .	5-6
3-2.	Operation Using Internal Horizontal Sweep or Single Sweep	3-3	5-5.	Servicing Etched Circuit Boards	5-7
3-3.	Operation Using External Horizontal Input	3-4	5-6.	Vertical Amplifier, Schematic Diagram	5-15
3-4.	Operation Using Balanced Vertical Input	3-5	5-7.	Horizontal Amplifier, Schematic Diagram	5-17
3-5.	Vertical Deflection Calibration and Balance Adjustment	3-6	5-8.	Sweep Generator, Schematic Diagram . .	5-19
4-1.	Overall Block Diagram	4-1	5-9.	Low-Voltage Power Supply, Schematic Diagram	5-21
4-2.	Sweep Generator, Block Diagram	4-2	5-10.	High-Voltage Power Supply, Schematic Diagram	5-23
4-3.	Sweep Generator Waveforms	4-3	5-11.	Horizontal Display Switch, Schematic Diagram	5-25
4-4.	Typical Schmitt Trigger	4-3			
4-5.	Low-Voltage Power Supply, Block Diagram	4-5			
4-6.	High-Voltage Power Supply, Block Diagram	4-6			

LIST OF TABLES

Number	Title	Page
1-1.	Specifications	1-0
5-1.	Recommended Test Equipment	5-1
5-2.	System Troubleshooting	5-4
5-3.	Adjustments Following Tube, Transistor, and Diode Replacement . . .	5-8
5-4.	Low-Voltage Power Supply Voltages . . .	5-9
5-5.	Horizontal Sweep-Time Adjustment	5-12
5-6.	Horizontal Sweep Time	5-14
6-1.	Reference Designation Index	6-2
6-2.	Replaceable Parts	6-14
6-3.	Code List of Manufacturers	6-17

Table 1-1. Specifications

SWEEP

Sweep Range:

One $\mu\text{sec/cm}$ to at least 0.5 sec/cm. Fifteen calibrated sweeps accurate to within $\pm 5\%$, in a 1, 2, 5, 10... sequence, from 5 $\mu\text{sec/cm}$ to 200 millisecc/cm. Vernier control permits continuous adjustment of sweep time between calibrated steps, and extends the 200 millisecc/cm to at least 0.5 sec/cm.

Sweep Expand:

X5 sweep expansion may be used on all ranges and expands fastest sweep to 1 $\mu\text{sec/cm}$. Expanded sweep accuracy is $\pm 10\%$.

Automatic Synchronization:

Internal: from signals 50 cps to 450 kc with approximately 0.5-cm or more vertical deflection; and from line voltage.

External: from signal 50 cps to 450 kc, 1.5 v peak-to-peak.

Trigger Point:

Zero-crossing negative slope of external sync signals; or zero-crossing positive or negative slope of vertical deflection signals. Front-panel control overrides automatic and permits the trigger point to be set between -7 to +7 volts. Turning control fully counterclockwise restores automatic operation.

VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

Bandwidth:

DC coupled: dc to 450 kc. AC coupled: 2 cps to 450 kc. Bandwidth is at least 450 kc regardless of sensitivity setting.

Sensitivity:

10 millivolts/cm to 100 volts/cm. Four calibrated steps with attenuator accuracy of $\pm 3\%$, 10 mv/cm, 100 mv/cm, 1 v/cm, and 10 v/cm. Vernier permits continuous adjustment of sensitivity between steps, and extends 10 v/cm step to at least 100 v/cm.

Internal Calibrator:

Calibrating signal automatically connected to vertical amplifier for standardizing of gain, accuracy $\pm 2\%$.

Input Impedance:

1 megohm, shunted by approximately 50 pf.

Balanced Input:

On 10 mv/cm range only; input impedance is 2 megohms shunted by approximately 25 pf.

Common-Mode Rejection:

Rejection at least 40 db. Common mode signal must not exceed ± 3 volts peak.

Phase Shift:

Vertical and horizontal amplifiers have same phase characteristics within $\pm 2^\circ$ to 100 kc when verniers are in CAL.

HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER

Bandwidth:

DC coupled: dc to 300 kc. AC coupled: 2 cps to 300 kc. Bandwidth is at least 300 kc regardless of attenuator setting.

Sensitivity:

0.1 volt/cm to 100 volts/cm. Three calibrated steps, accurate within $\pm 5\%$, 0.1 v/cm, 1 v/cm, and 10 v/cm. Vernier permits continuous adjustment of sensitivity between steps and extends 10 v/cm step to at least 100 v/cm.

Input Impedance:

1 megohm nominal, shunted by approximately 100 pf.

Phase Shift:

Horizontal and vertical amplifiers have same phase characteristics within $\pm 2^\circ$ to 100 kc when verniers are in CAL.

GENERAL

Cathode Ray Tube:

P31 phosphor, mono-accelerator with internal graticule normally supplied; 2700-volt accelerating potential. Face plate eliminates glare and reduces hazard of implosion. P2, P7, and P11 phosphors also available.

Internal Graticule:

10 cm x 10 cm marked in cm squares. Major horizontal and vertical axes have 2-mm subdivisions. Eliminates parallax error.

Intensity Modulation:

Terminals on front panel. Plus 20 volt pulse required to blank trace of normal intensity.

Dimensions:

16-3/4 in. wide, 7-1/2 in. high, 18-3/8 in. deep, overall; hardware furnished for quick conversion to 7 in. x 19 in. rack mount.

Weight:

Net: 32 lbs; shipping 45 lbs.

Power:

115 or 230 volts $\pm 10\%$, 50 to 1000 cps, approximately 95 watts.

Options:

05. External graticule crt with P31 phosphor.
06. Rear terminals in parallel with front.
10. Provision for single sweep operation.
13. Special front panel for rack mounting only.

SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. INTRODUCTION.

1-2. This manual provides complete instructions on the installation, operation, theory of operation, and maintenance of the Hewlett-Packard Model 120B Oscilloscope.

1-3. The Hewlett-Packard Company uses a two-section, eight-digit serial number (e. g. 000-00000). If the serial prefix (first three digits) on your instrument does not agree with the prefix shown on the title page of this manual, refer to either the separate change sheet included or Appendix I, which contain changes required to adapt this manual to the listed prefixes. The separate change sheet also contains corrections required for all known errata (errors). Contact your Hewlett-Packard Sales/Service Office if additional information or clarification is required.

1-4. DESCRIPTION.

1-5. The Model 120B is a general-purpose oscilloscope whose bandwidth extends from dc to 450 kc. It combines the precision characteristics of calibrated

horizontal sweeps, calibrated vertical sensitivity, and a crt that eliminates parallax error; in addition, its construction provides easy circuit accessibility and quick convertibility from a rack-mounting to a bench-model configuration. Specifications are listed in table 1-1.

1-6. The internal graticule of the Model 120B is in the same plane as the phosphor and crt trace; consequently, crt parallax error is avoided, allowing easier, quicker, and more accurate measurements.

1-7. The Model 120B can be used with either internal or external sweeps, which can be either internally or externally synchronized. Because of its high sensitivity and balanced input, the Model 120B can be used to view complex waveforms and monitor transducer outputs.

1-8. Computations are avoided and possibilities of error are reduced by direct-reading calibrated sweeps. A single control selects 1 of 15 calibrated sweeps between the ranges of 5 microseconds/cm and 200

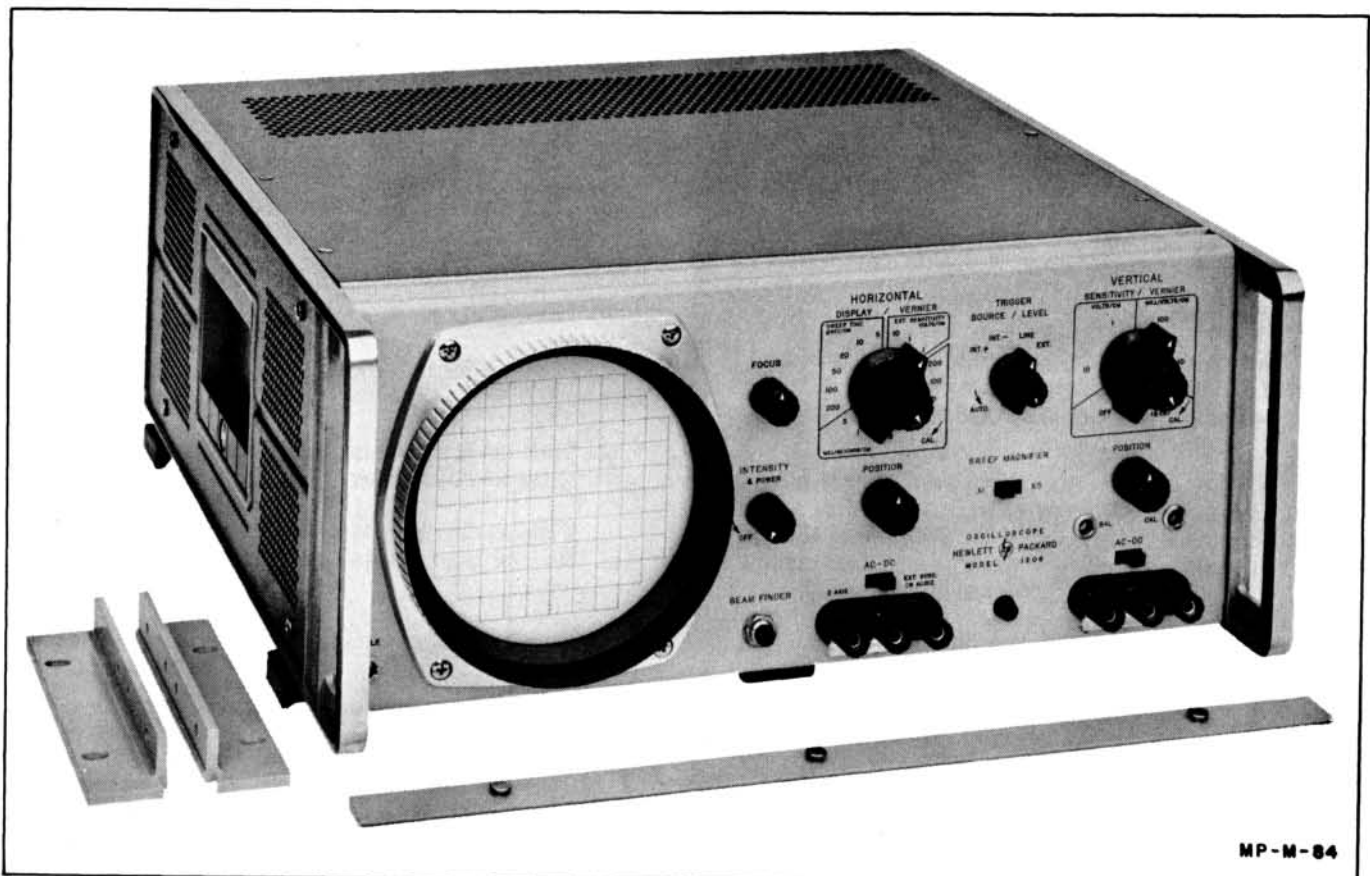


Figure 1-1. Model 120B Oscilloscope

milliseconds/cm or determines the calibrated sensitivity of the horizontal amplifier. Continuous control of sweep time and horizontal sensitivity between calibrated steps is provided by a vernier control; the vernier control extends the 200 milliseconds/cm sweep time to at least 0.5 seconds/cm, and reduces the horizontal amplifier sensitivity to at least 100 volts/cm.

1-9. Accurate direct-reading sweeps are obtained from a feedback type (Miller) integrator, which ensures high linearity and stability of the horizontal sweep. This type of sweep generator is reliable and relatively independent of vacuum-tube characteristics.

1-10. Observation and analysis of transients are simplified by the expanded-sweep control. This X5 sweep expander may be used on all sweep time settings, and expands the fastest sweep time to 1 microsecond/cm.

1-11. An automatic trigger capability facilitates establishing a base line on the crt when a synchronizing signal is not present. The automatic baseline provision can be easily locked-out and an adjustable trigger level established.

1-12. Accurate voltage measurements of waveforms are quickly made with the Model 120B. A built-in calibrator that is accurate to within ± 2 percent permits rapid verification and standardization of vertical amplifier sensitivity.

1-13. Phase-shift measurements can be made accurately over a wide range of input frequencies. Relative phase shift between the vertical and horizontal amplifiers is less than 2 degrees up to 100 kc.

1-14. CATHODE RAY TUBE WARRANTY.

1-15. The cathode ray tube supplied with the Model 120B and replacement crt's purchased from Hewlett-Packard Company are guaranteed against electrical failure for one year from the date of sale by Hewlett-Packard. The Cathode Ray Tube Warranty and Claim sheet is included at the rear of this manual.

1-16. OPTIONS.

1-17. The Model 120B is available with four options, as listed in table 1-1. Replaceable parts for all options are listed under MISCELLANEOUS at the end of table 6-1.

1-18. OPTION 05. This option provides a crt without internal graticule. An external graticule with adjustable illumination is installed over the face of the crt. Refer to figure 5-9 for a schematic of the added circuit. CRT's without internal graticule are available with types P7, P11, and P31 phosphor. A filter is also supplied with each crt; amber for P7 type, blue for P11 type, and green for P31 type.

1-19. OPTION 06. This option provides rear panel connectors in parallel with the front panel input connectors. One connector is wired in parallel with the VERTICAL input terminals on the front panel, and one connector is wired in parallel with the HORIZONTAL input terminals as shown in figures 5-6 and 5-7. Mating connectors and cable clamps are also supplied. The additional circuitry changes the vertical input capacitance to approximately 75 pf, and the horizontal input capacitance to approximately 135 pf.

1-20. OPTION 10. This option provides circuitry for single sweep operation. Operation procedures are contained in figure 3-2 and a schematic for the added circuit is shown in figure 5-8.

1-21. OPTION 13. This option provides a plain 7 x 9 x 3/16 inch front panel for rack mounting only. The panel is suitable for installing special handles to match existing equipment in system or console configuration.

1-22. AMBER FILTER. A special amber filter is supplied with oscilloscopes having an internal graticule crt with P7 phosphor. This filter may be installed for improved visual observation of displays such as single-shot phenomena or very low frequency applications. The filter will improve the long persistency characteristics desired for visual observations of this type display. To install the filter proceed as follows:

- a. Remove front panel crt bezel.
- b. Set filter into bezel, aligning larger rectangular slots in the edge of filter with metal guide posts of the bezel casting.
- c. Remove oscilloscope top cover for access to rear of crt.
- d. Carefully move crt toward rear of instrument enough to provide clearance for thickness of installed filter (about 1/8 inch).
- e. Loosen clamp at socket of crt.
- f. Replace bezel with filter and tighten bezel screws.
- g. Slide crt forward until light mask on front of crt just lightly touches filter.
- h. Tighten clamp just enough to keep crt from turning. Do not over-tighten the clamp or tube damage may result.
- i. Check alignment of trace with graticule according to the procedure given in Section V of this manual.

SECTION II INSTALLATION

2-1. INCOMING INSPECTION.

2-2. **MECHANICAL INSPECTION.** Unpack and inspect the Model 120B in the presence of the carrier. Be careful when unpacking the instrument, for all electron tubes including the cathode ray tube remain installed during shipment. Save all packing materials until inspection is complete. These materials may be required for reshipment in the event shipping damage is discovered.

2-3. Inspect the instrument for signs of possible damage in shipment such as scratched panel, broken knobs, etc. If possible, energize the equipment and check it operationally (see paragraph 2-5).

2-4. If there are any indications of damage, file a claim with the carrier. Refer to the Hewlett-Packard Warranty sheet at the front of this manual.

2-5. **PERFORMANCE CHECK.** Paragraph 5-52 contains performance check procedures for verifying operation within listed specifications. The performance check is recommended for inclusion in receiving quality-control inspection. The following procedure is offered, however, as a means to check basic operation.

2-6. **INITIAL TURN ON.** Energize the 120B as follows:

- a. Turn INTENSITY control to OFF and plug in power cable.
- b. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER switch to X1 position.
- c. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to 0.5 MILLISECONDS/CM position.
- d. Center HORIZONTAL POSITION and VERTICAL POSITION controls.
- e. Turn 120B on and allow two minutes warmup.
- f. Set TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.
- g. Rotate INTENSITY clockwise until trace appears. If crt remains blank, press BEAM FINDER and re-adjust position controls as necessary.
- h. Adjust FOCUS for thin, well-defined trace, and adjust HORIZONTAL POSITION to place left end of sweep on left-end graticule line.

2-7. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

2-8. The Model 120B requires a power source of 115 or 230 volts $\pm 10\%$, single phase, 50 to 1000 cps, which can deliver approximately 95 watts. The oscilloscope is normally shipped from the factory wired for use with a 115-volts power source. To convert the instrument for use with a 230-volt source, change the dual primary windings of transformer T302 from a parallel combination to a series combination. Figure 2-1 illustrates the connection for 115- and 230-volt operation. At the time of the change, replace the 1.5-ampere slow-blow line fuse with 1-ampere slow-blow fuse.

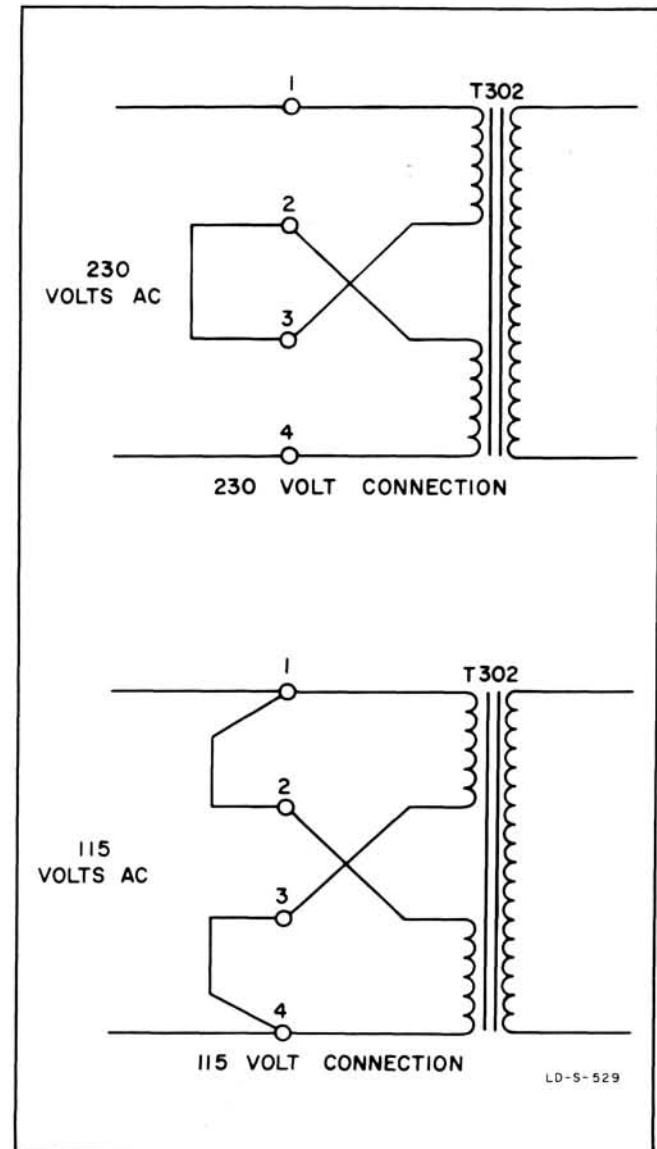


Figure 2-1. Primary-Power Connections

2-9. For the protection of operating personnel, the National Electrical Manufacturers' Assn (NEMA) recommends that the instrument panel and cabinet be grounded. This instrument is equipped with a three-conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the instrument. The offset pin on the power cable three-prong connector is the ground pin. To preserve the protection feature when operating the instrument from a two-contact outlet, use a three-prong to two-prong adapter and connect the green pigtail on the adapter to ground.

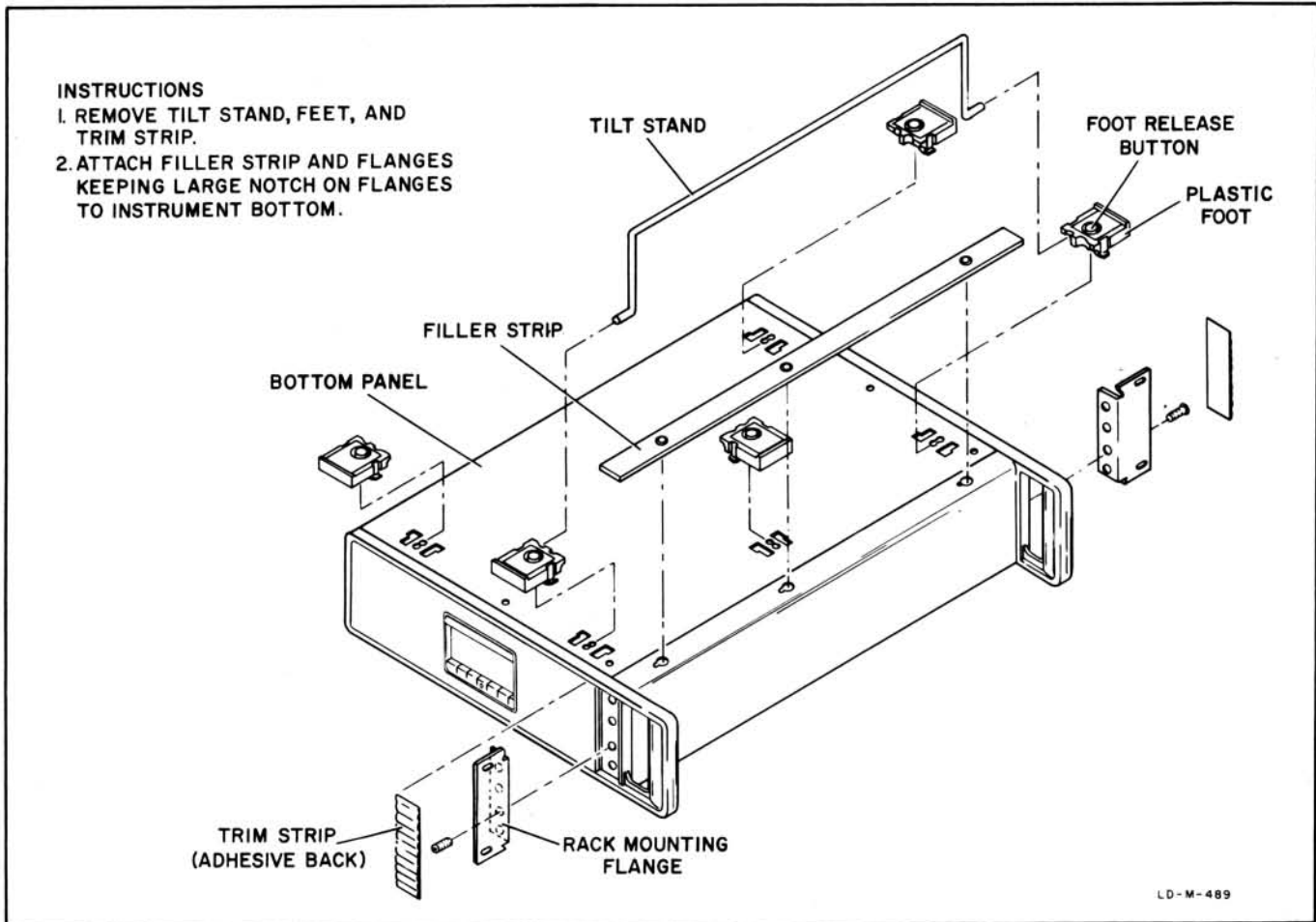


Figure 2-2. Rack Mounting

2-10. INSTALLATION.

2-11. MODULAR CABINET. The Model 120B Oscilloscope is shipped from the factory as a bench instrument with the tilt stand, feet and plastic trim in place. The top and bottom cabinet covers may be removed, giving complete accessibility to all components and adjustments. When used on the bench, other instruments may be stacked on the louver-free top surface; however, sufficient space should be allowed around the cabinet for adequate circulation of air.

2-12. RACK MOUNTING. Prepare the cabinet for rack mounting as illustrated in figure 2-2. The trim strip and rack-mounting flanges are in the shipping container with the instrument. After preparation, lift instrument into place and secure mounting flanges to rack with appropriate screws. Allow adequate ventilation for the instrument in the rack.

2-13. REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT.

2-14. The following list is a general guide for repackaging an instrument for shipment; however, if you have any questions, contact your authorized Hewlett-Packard sales representative.

- a. If possible, use original container designed for the instrument.
- b. Wrap instrument in heavy paper or plastic before placing it in shipping container.
- c. Use sufficient quantities of packing material around all sides of the instrument and protect panel with cardboard strips.
- d. Use heavy cardboard carton or wooden box to house the instrument and use heavy tape or metal bands to seal the container.
- e. Mark packing box with "Fragile", "Delicate Instrument", etc.

Note

If the instrument is to be shipped to Hewlett-Packard Company for service or repair, attach to the instrument a tag identifying the owner, the instrument's complete serial number, and the service or repair to be accomplished; in addition, notify Hewlett-Packard Company or a representative before shipping the instrument. In any correspondence, reference the instrument by model number and complete serial number.

SECTION III OPERATION

3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. This section contains operating instructions for the Model 120B Oscilloscope. Included are descriptions of the Model 120B controls and indicators, and operation of the Model 120B as a general-purpose oscilloscope.

3-3. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS.

3-4. Figure 3-1 illustrates the controls and indicators along with a short description of the particular function of each.

3-5. GENERAL OPERATING SUGGESTIONS.

3-6. The following paragraphs, 3-7 through 3-16, provide suggestions for expediting and simplifying operation of the Model 120B.

3-7. **SYNCHRONIZING THE SWEEP.** The horizontal sweep can be synchronized with the vertical input signal (INT positions of TRIGGER SOURCE switch), the ac line frequency (LINE position), or an external sync signal (EXT position).

3-8. When the TRIGGER LEVEL control is in AUTO position, a sweep appears on the crt without application of any type of synchronizing signal; however, when a synchronizing signal above approximately 50 cps is applied, the sweep automatically synchronizes with this signal and the sweep is triggered at the point where the signal crosses the zero axis (average dc level of synchronization signal). If a synchronizing signal below approximately 50 cps is being used, the TRIGGER LEVEL control should be out of AUTO position.

3-9. Rotating the TRIGGER LEVEL control in a clockwise direction permits the trigger point to be set between ± 2 cm along the positive or negative-going portion of a vertical input signal, depending on whether the TRIGGER SOURCE switch is in INT+ or INT- position, respectively. When the TRIGGER SOURCE switch is in EXT position, rotating the TRIGGER LEVEL control in a clockwise direction permits the trigger point to be set between ± 7 volts along the negative-going portion of the synchronizing signal.

3-10. The particular type of synchronization best suited depends on the type of measurement being made and the type of crt display desired.

3-11. **AC/DC COUPLING.** Ac coupling (AC-DC switch in AC position) removes any dc level present in the vertical or horizontal input signals. This prevents excessive dc levels from deflecting the crt trace off the face of the crt, often to the point where the POSITION controls cannot bring the crt trace within view.

CAUTION

When using ac coupling, do not exceed a dc level input of 600 volts.

3-12. When pulse or square waves having a frequency less than 200 cps are being measured, dc coupling is recommended (AC-DC switch in DC position).

3-13. **BEAM FINDER OPERATION.** The crt trace may frequently be deflected off the crt face by excessive dc input levels or by misadjustment of the vertical POSITION and horizontal POSITION controls. The BEAM FINDER pushbutton is extremely useful under these conditions. When the BEAM FINDER is depressed, the beam is confined to the face of the crt, brightened, and defocused to prevent burning of the crt phosphor. If the crt trace is centered with the POSITION controls when the BEAM FINDER is depressed, the trace will remain on the crt face when the BEAM FINDER is released.

3-14. **VERTICAL SENSITIVITY SELECTION.** When the vertical VERNIER control is in CAL position, the VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch provides attenuation of the vertical input signal in four calibrated steps, 10 mv/cm, 100 mv/cm, 1 v/cm, and 10 v/cm. Rotating the vertical VERNIER control in a counter-clockwise direction permits continuous adjustment of sensitivity between steps, and extends 10 v/cm step to at least 100 v/cm. When the VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch is in CAL position, a calibrating signal is automatically connected to the vertical amplifier.

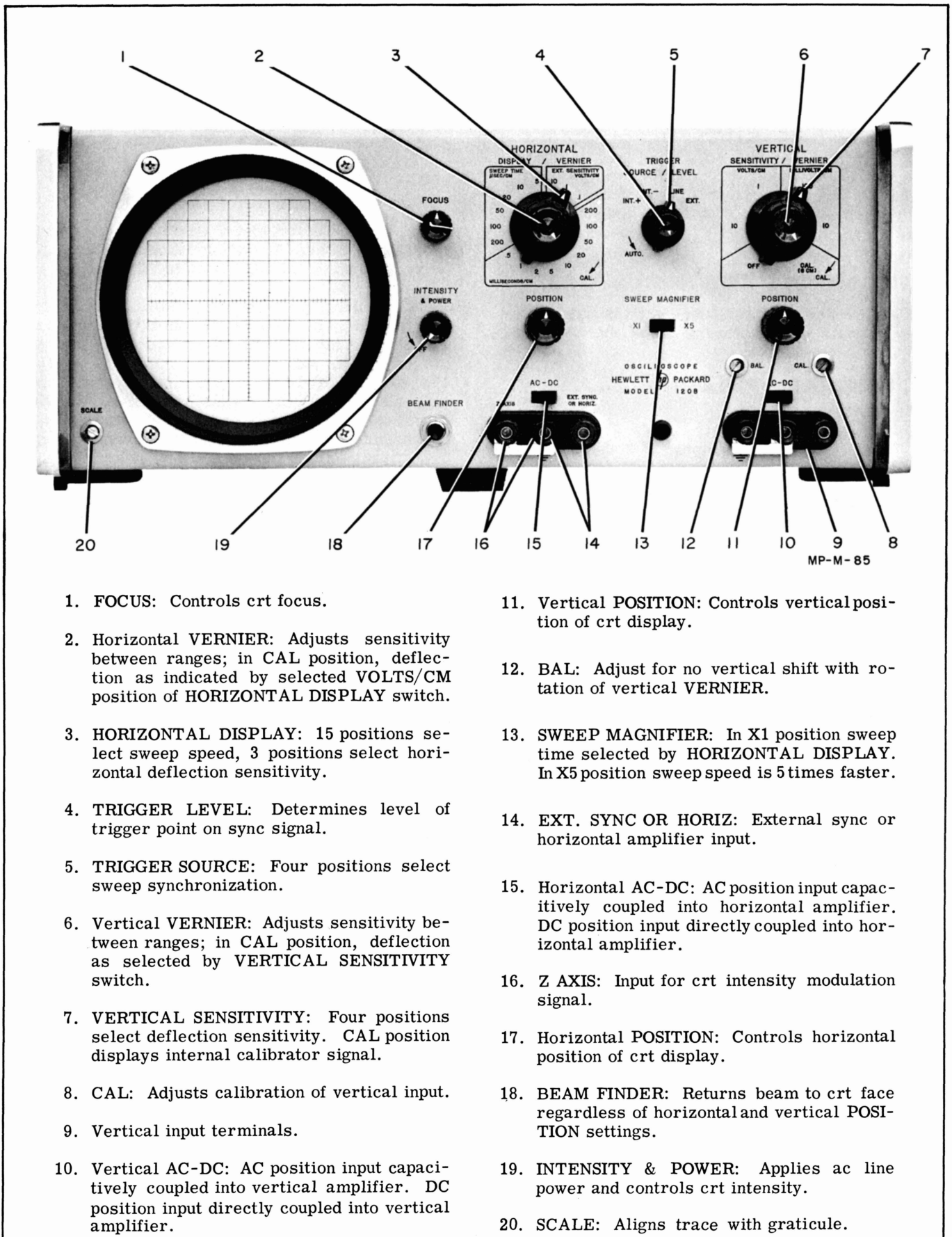
3-15. **COMMON-MODE REJECTION.** Balanced input to the vertical amplifier is obtained by removing the ground jumper across two of the vertical input terminals and applying a balanced signal input. Balanced input is useful in applications where it is desired to simultaneously amplify the out-of-phase (differential) signal and attenuate the in-phase (common mode) signals, such as hum, noise, etc.

3-16. A change in the relative position of the Model 120B Oscilloscope with respect to the earth's magnetic field could result in the trace becoming misaligned. To re-align the trace with the graticule, adjust SCALE, screwdriver adjustment, on the front panel (Figure 3-1).

Notes

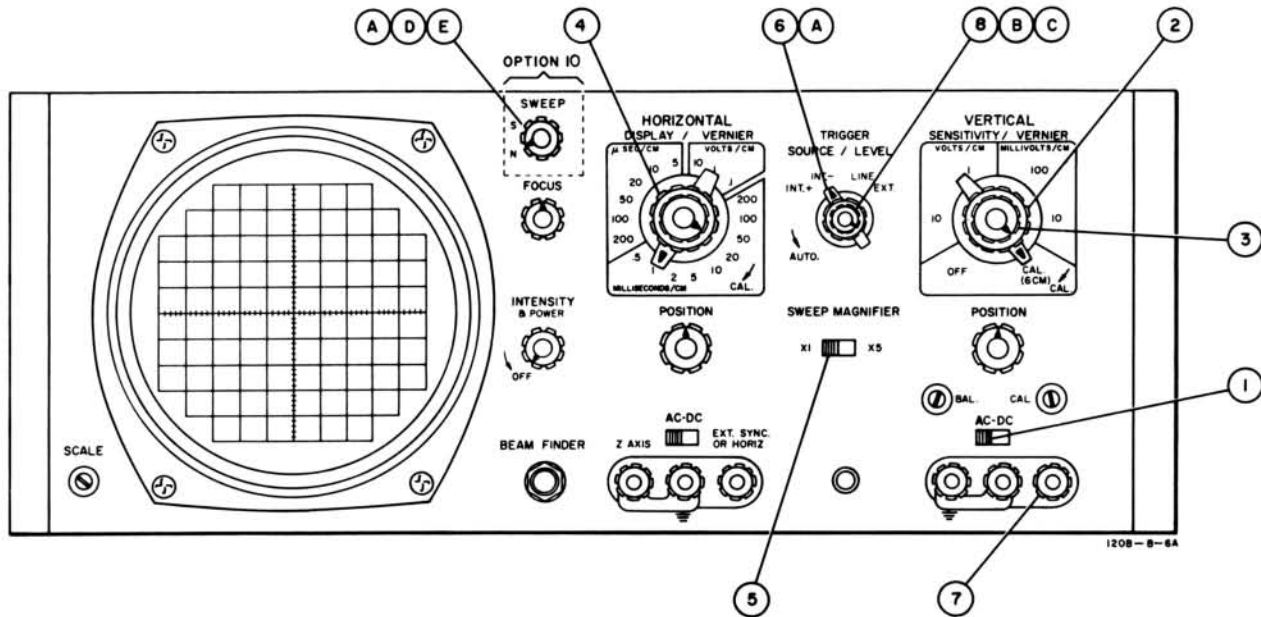
Figures 3-2 through 3-5 assume that the FOCUS, POSITION, and INTENSITY controls are preset by the operator for the desired display.

If in doubt as to the exact function of a switch listed in figures 3-2 through 3-5, refer to figure 3-1 for a functional description.



1. FOCUS: Controls crt focus.
2. Horizontal VERNIER: Adjusts sensitivity between ranges; in CAL position, deflection as indicated by selected VOLTS/CM position of HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch.
3. HORIZONTAL DISPLAY: 15 positions select sweep speed, 3 positions select horizontal deflection sensitivity.
4. TRIGGER LEVEL: Determines level of trigger point on sync signal.
5. TRIGGER SOURCE: Four positions select sweep synchronization.
6. Vertical VERNIER: Adjusts sensitivity between ranges; in CAL position, deflection as selected by VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch.
7. VERTICAL SENSITIVITY: Four positions select deflection sensitivity. CAL position displays internal calibrator signal.
8. CAL: Adjusts calibration of vertical input.
9. Vertical input terminals.
10. Vertical AC-DC: AC position input capacitively coupled into vertical amplifier. DC position input directly coupled into vertical amplifier.
11. Vertical POSITION: Controls vertical position of crt display.
12. BAL: Adjust for no vertical shift with rotation of vertical VERNIER.
13. SWEEP MAGNIFIER: In X1 position sweep time selected by HORIZONTAL DISPLAY. In X5 position sweep speed is 5 times faster.
14. EXT. SYNC OR HORIZ: External sync or horizontal amplifier input.
15. Horizontal AC-DC: AC position input capacitively coupled into horizontal amplifier. DC position input directly coupled into horizontal amplifier.
16. Z AXIS: Input for crt intensity modulation signal.
17. Horizontal POSITION: Controls horizontal position of crt display.
18. BEAM FINDER: Returns beam to crt face regardless of horizontal and vertical POSITION settings.
19. INTENSITY & POWER: Applies ac line power and controls crt intensity.
20. SCALE: Aligns trace with graticule.

Figure 3-1. Model 120B Oscilloscope, Front View



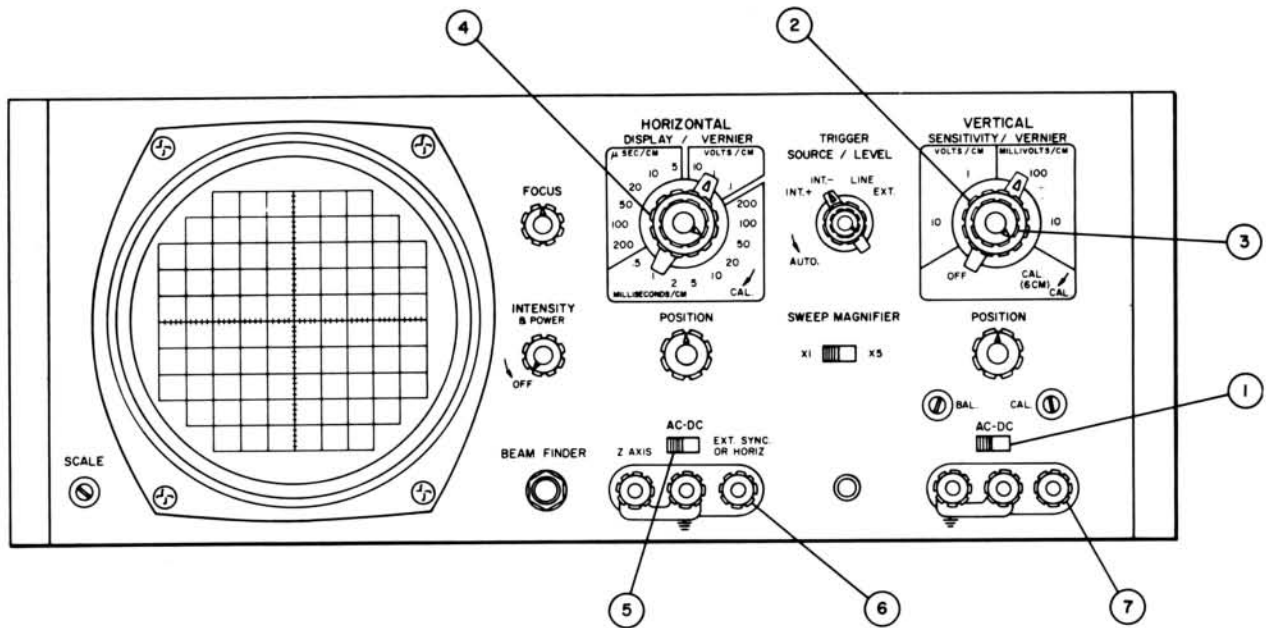
INTERNAL HORIZONTAL SWEEP:

1. Set vertical AC-DC to desired type of input coupling.
2. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to desired vertical sensitivity.
3. Set vertical VERNIER to CAL for calibrated sensitivity.
4. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to desired horizontal sweep time. Set VERNIER to CAL for calibrated sweep time.
5. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER to X1 or X5, as desired.
6. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to desired type of horizontal sweep synchronization. If external sync is selected, connect sync signal to EXT. SYNC.
7. Apply vertical input signal to vertical input terminals.
8. Adjust TRIGGER LEVEL for desired synchronization.

SINGLE SWEEP (OPTION 10):

- A. Set SWEEP switch to normal (N), TRIGGER SOURCE switch to EXT, and remove any external trigger source.
- B. Adjust TRIGGER LEVEL control fully clockwise. Minimum trigger sensitivity is obtained with the control in this position.
- C. To increase trigger sensitivity, rotate TRIGGER LEVEL control counterclockwise. Maximum sensitivity will be obtained just prior to the point where the oscilloscope sweeps intermittently.
- D. Set SWEEP switch to single (S). The instrument is now in the "armed" state and will sweep once when triggered.
- E. To rearm the sweep circuit, set SWEEP switch from S to N and then back to S. External triggering should not be applied during this operation to prevent the single sweep from occurring immediately when the switch is returned to the S position.

Figure 3-2. Operation Using Internal Horizontal Sweep or Single Sweep



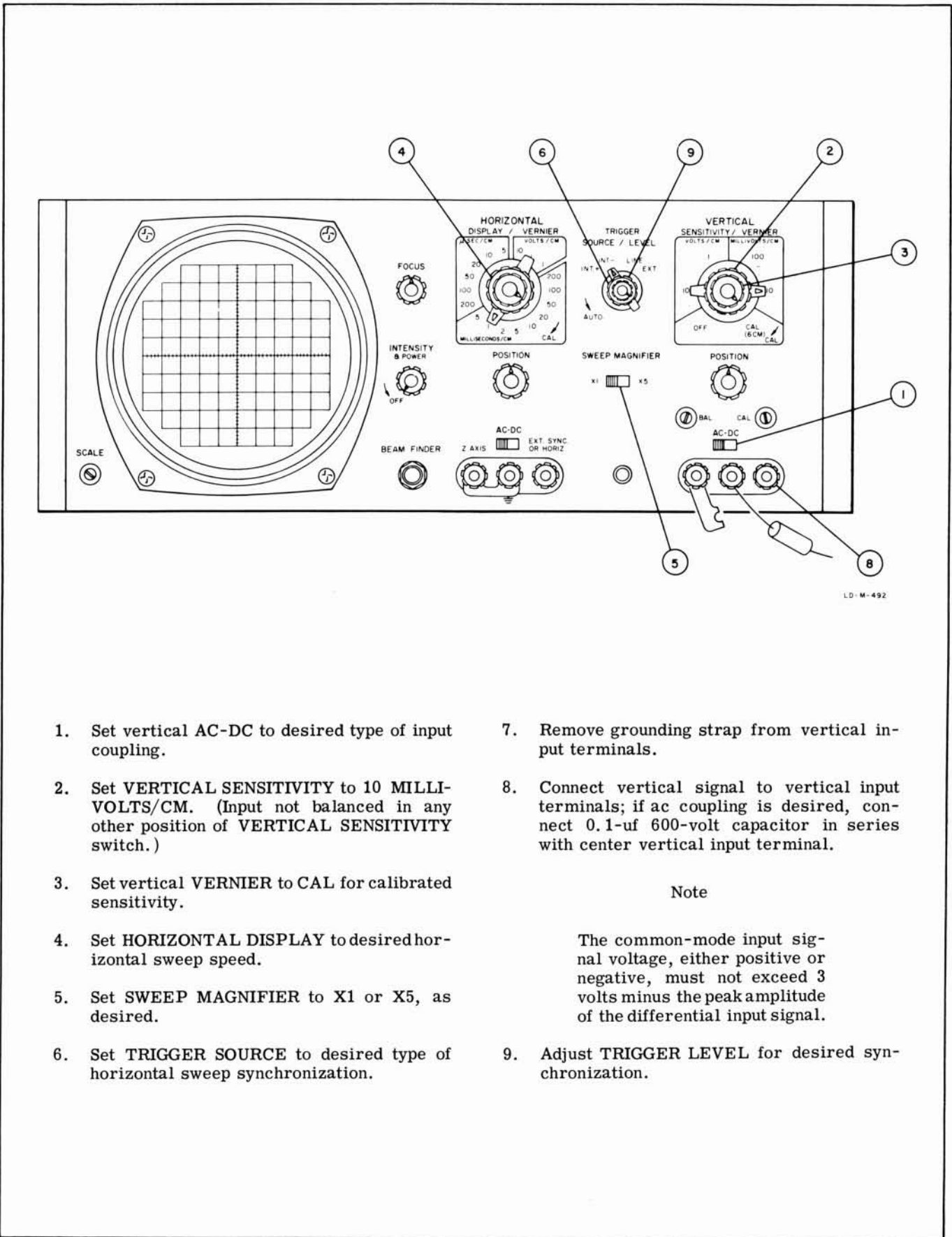
LD-M-491

1. Set vertical AC-DC to desired type of input coupling.
2. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to desired vertical sensitivity.
3. Set vertical VERNIER to CAL for calibrated sensitivity.
4. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to desired VOLTS/CM. Set VERNIER to CAL for calibrated sensitivity.
5. Set horizontal AC-DC to desired type of coupling.
6. Apply external horizontal sweep to horizontal input terminals.
7. Apply vertical input signal to vertical input terminals.

Note

Relative phase shift of horizontal and vertical amplifiers is the same $\pm 2^\circ$ to 100 kc only when both VERNIER controls are set to CAL.

Figure 3-3. Operation Using External Horizontal Input



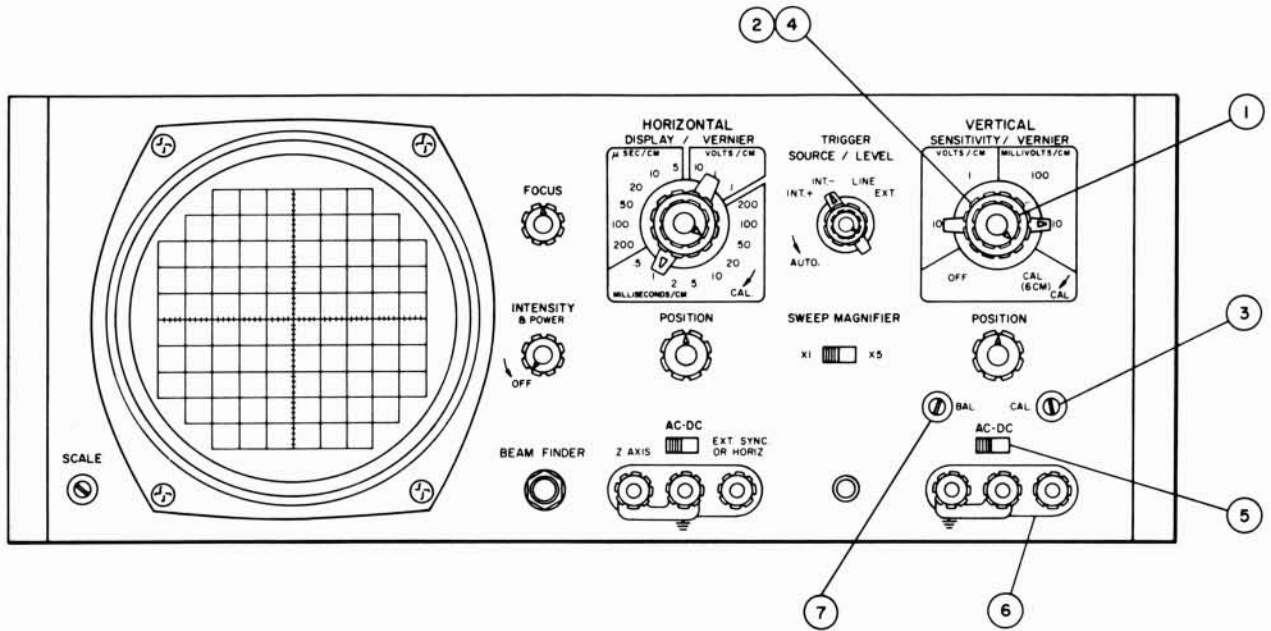
LD-M-492

1. Set vertical AC-DC to desired type of input coupling.
2. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 MILLI-VOLTS/CM. (Input not balanced in any other position of VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch.)
3. Set vertical VERNIER to CAL for calibrated sensitivity.
4. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to desired horizontal sweep speed.
5. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER to X1 or X5, as desired.
6. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to desired type of horizontal sweep synchronization.
7. Remove grounding strap from vertical input terminals.
8. Connect vertical signal to vertical input terminals; if ac coupling is desired, connect 0.1-uf 600-volt capacitor in series with center vertical input terminal.
9. Adjust TRIGGER LEVEL for desired synchronization.

Note

The common-mode input signal voltage, either positive or negative, must not exceed 3 volts minus the peak amplitude of the differential input signal.

Figure 3-4. Operation Using Balanced Vertical Input



LD-M-490

CALIBRATION ADJUSTMENTS:

1. Set vertical VERNIER to CAL.
2. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to CAL.
3. Adjust CAL for exactly 6 cm of vertical deflection.

BALANCE ADJUSTMENTS:

4. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 MILLI-VOLTS/CM.
5. Set vertical AC-DC to DC.
6. Short vertical input terminals.
7. While rotating vertical VERNIER back and forth, adjust BAL for no shift of spot.

Figure 3-5. Vertical Deflection Calibration and Balance Adjustment

SECTION IV PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

4-1. OVERALL BLOCK-DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION.

4-2. The oscilloscope is comprised of five major functional circuit groups: the vertical amplifier, the sweep generator, the horizontal amplifier, the low-voltage power supply, and the high-voltage power supply (see figure 4-1).

4-3. The vertical input signal is applied to the vertical amplifier through a frequency-compensated attenuator. The vertical amplifier converts the vertical input to two 180-degree-out-of-phase signals and applies the amplified signals to the crt as the vertical deflection; in addition, the vertical amplifier applies the signals to the TRIGGER SOURCE switch, when they are used as the INT+ and INT- sync signals.

4-4. The horizontal or sync input signal is applied to the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch. Depending on the setting of this switch, the signal is applied to either the TRIGGER SOURCE switch (to be used as the external sync signal) or to the horizontal amplifier (to be used as the external horizontal input signal).

4-5. In addition to the internal and external sync signals, the TRIGGER SOURCE switch receives 6.3 volts ac from the low-voltage power supply; this provides for a sync-signal repetition rate equal to the line-voltage frequency.

4-6. The sync signal selected by the TRIGGER SOURCE switch is applied to the sweep generator, wherein the sync signal initiates the horizontal sweep signal and the unblanking gate. The sweep generator applies the sweep signal to the horizontal amplifier, and the resultant amplified sweep is applied to the crt as the horizontal deflection signal. The unblanking gate is applied to the high-voltage power supply. If an external horizontal sweep is being applied in place of the sweep from the sweep generator, the external sweep is amplified by the horizontal amplifier and applied to the crt.

4-7. The low-voltage power supply receives 115/230-volts, single-phase power from the line and generates the following output voltages: 6.3 volts ac, a regulated +19 volts dc, +99 volts dc, +100 volts dc, -150 volts dc, +300 volts dc, and an unregulated +420 volts dc. These voltages are distributed, as required, to the high-voltage power supply, the vertical amplifier, the horizontal amplifier, and the sweep generator.

4-8. The high-voltage power supply generates the high voltages for the crt. The unblanking gate and Z-axis signals applied to the high-voltage power supply effectively alter the value of the power-supply voltages to allow unblanking and modulation of the crt intensity.

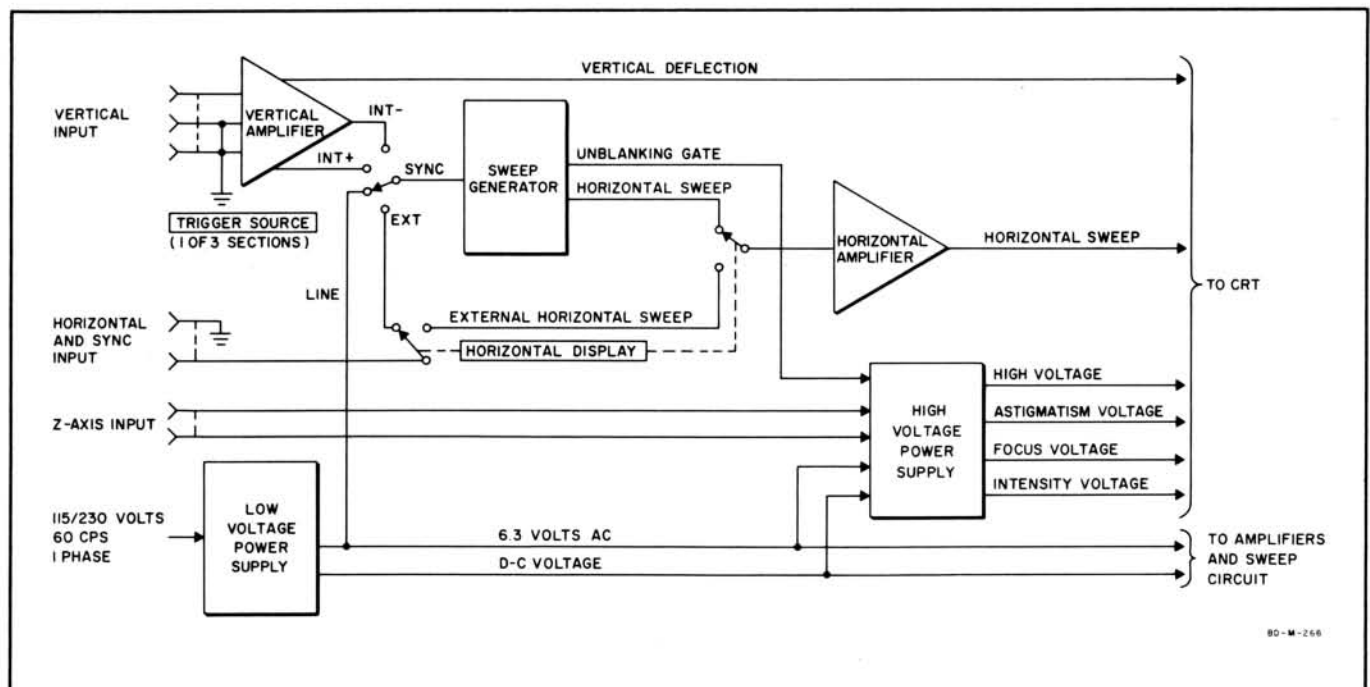


Figure 4-1. Overall Block Diagram

4-9. CIRCUIT ANALYSIS.

4-10. VERTICAL AMPLIFIER.

4-11. For ac coupling, capacitor C1 is placed in series with the signal path by means of the AC-DC switch. (See figure 5-6.) The input signal is then applied to VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch S2. When the switch is in the CAL position, the input of the amplifier is directly connected to the output of the calibrator (V4, V5, and associated circuit parts). When the VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch is in other positions, precision frequency-adjusted attenuators are inserted. These attenuators give a ten-to-one attenuation between adjacent positions. The input signal is then applied to the control grid of amplifier V1A.

4-12. Balanced input to differential amplifier V1B is obtained by removing the ground jumper across resistor R1 (ground strap on front panel) and applying a balanced signal input. Balanced input is useful in applications where it is desired to simultaneously amplify the out-of-phase (differential) signal and attenuate the in-phase (common mode) signals, such as hum, noise, etc. This rejection is an inherent property of differential amplifiers. The common-mode signals are attenuated by 40 db (100:1), whereas any differential input is amplified.

4-13. The vertical amplifier consists of three sets of balanced differential amplifiers (V1, V2, and V3) in cascade. The three stages are neutralized by plate-to-grid cross neutralization. The first stage, V1, has balance and gain adjustments. The balance adjustment (BAL) is potentiometer R16 in the cathode circuit, which adjusts the current distribution be-

tween the two triodes. Potentiometers R21 (VERNIER control) and R20 (CAL) adjust the resistance between the plates and therefore determine the gain of the amplifier. The VERTICAL VERNIER control provides a ten-to-one variation in gain between ranges of the VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch. The second differential amplifier, V2, has potentiometer R32 (vertical POSITION control) between its cathodes. This potentiometer controls the current distribution between the two triodes and thus determines the vertical position of the crt display. The third differential amplifier, V3, is the output stage. Synchronization signals are taken from the plates of V3 for application to the TRIGGER SOURCE switch. Since the horizontal sweep circuits trigger only on the negative slope of the signal, provision is made to take the proper synchronizing signal from either plate of V3.

4-14. One section of the BEAM FINDER switch is in the cathode circuit of V3. When pressed, the switch increases the common cathode resistance and so reduces the gain of the stage that no amount of unbalance ahead of V3 can deflect the sweep off the crt.

4-15. The calibrator circuit consists of neon lamps V4, V5, and associated circuit parts. When VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch S2 is placed in the CAL position, V4 ionizes and capacitor C14 begins charging. As the voltage across capacitor C14 rises, the voltage at the junction of V4 and R52 rises proportionally. When the voltage at this junction reaches the firing potential of V5, V5 ionizes. Since the conducting potential of V5 is less the firing potential, the voltage at the junction of V4 and V5 drops, and V4 deionizes. C14 discharges through R53, and the potential across V4 increases. When the potential across

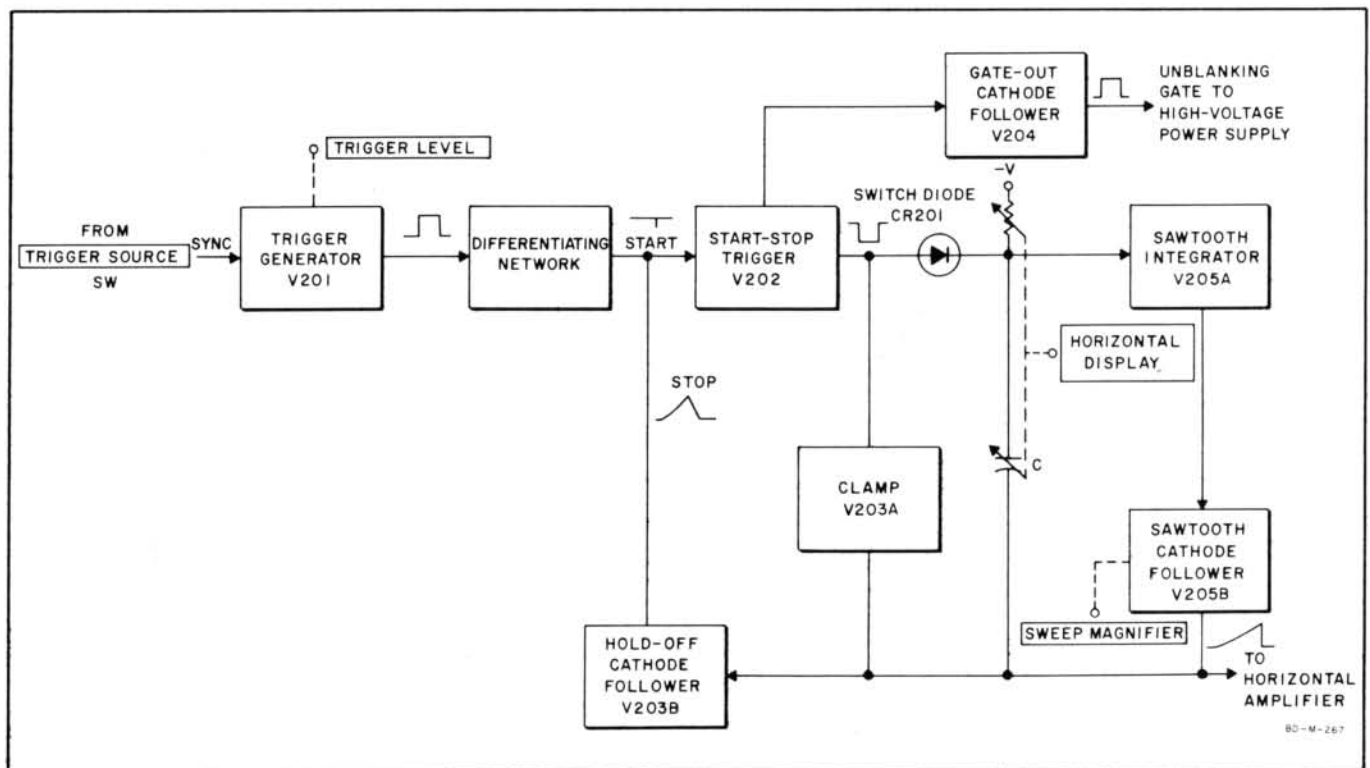


Figure 4-2. Sweep Generator, Block Diagram

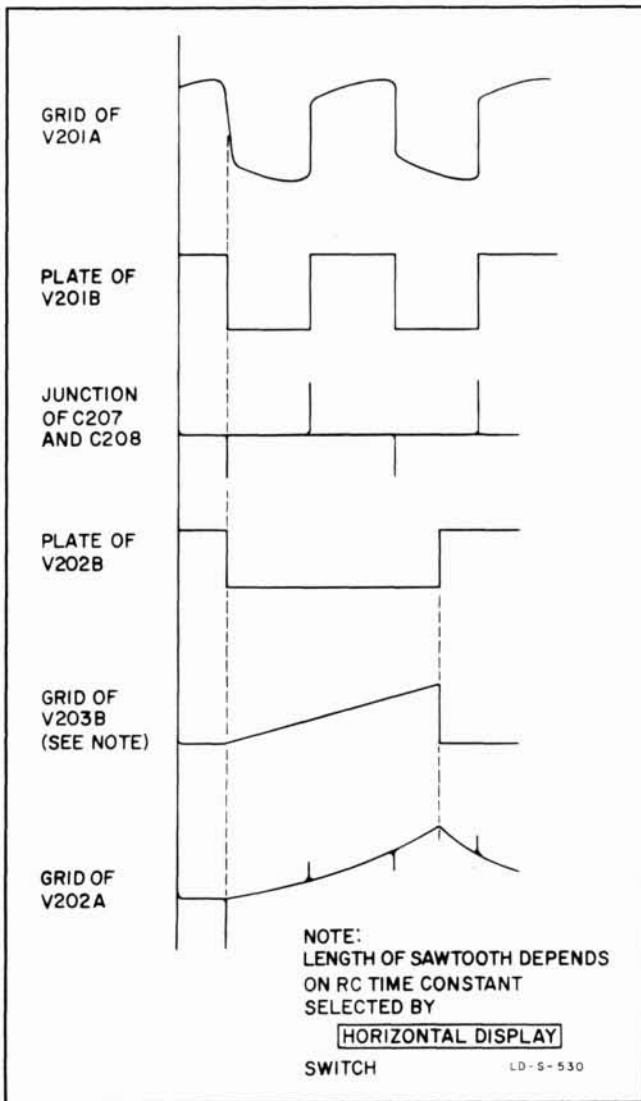


Figure 4-3. Sweep Generator Waveforms

V4 reaches the firing potential, V4 fires and the voltage at the junction of V4 and V5 drops, deionizing V5. C14 starts charging again, and the cycle repeats. A 60-mv square wave is developed across R54, and this signal is applied through the SENSITIVITY switch to the vertical amplifier.

4-16. SWEEP GENERATOR.

4-17. BLOCK-DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION. (See figure 4-2.) The sync signal from the TRIGGER SOURCE switch is applied to trigger generator V201. The trigger generator produces a rectangular wave with a repetition frequency equal to that of the input sync signal. This rectangular wave is applied to a differentiating network which converts it to positive and negative spikes that are coincident with the leading and trailing edges of the rectangular wave. These spikes are then applied to the input of start-stop trigger V202.

4-18. The negative spike switches the start-stop trigger, which produces two step outputs. The positive-going output is applied through V204 to the high-voltage power supply as the crt unblanking gate, and

the negative-going output is applied to switch diode CR201.

4-19. Switch diode CR201 normally clamps the input to sawtooth integrator V205A to a low negative voltage, preventing sawtooth integrator V205A from generating a sawtooth waveform. When the negative-going step signal from the start-stop trigger is applied to the switch diode, however, the diode is reverse biased and allows the sawtooth integrator to generate a sawtooth waveform.

4-20. The sawtooth output of V205B is simultaneously applied to the horizontal amplifier to serve as the horizontal sweep signal and the hold-off cathode follower V203B. The output of the hold-off cathode follower is applied to the input of the start-stop trigger to terminate the sweep. The values of R and C selected by the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch determines the slope of the sweep and therefore the time of the sweep. Clamp V204 ensures that the sawtooth always starts at the same level. Figure 4-3 shows the relative timing of the sweep generator waveforms.

4-21. TRIGGER GENERATOR V201. (See figure 5-8.) The sync signal selected by the TRIGGER SOURCE switch is applied through capacitor C202 and resistor R201 to the input control grid of V201, which is a Schmitt trigger circuit when the TRIGGER LEVEL control is not in AUTO. The Schmitt trigger is a form of bi-stable multivibrator, and is used to obtain pulses with rapid rise and fall times.

4-22. Figure 4-4 illustrates a simplified Schmitt trigger and typical input and output waveforms. If initially the input voltage (figure 4-4) is such that V1 is

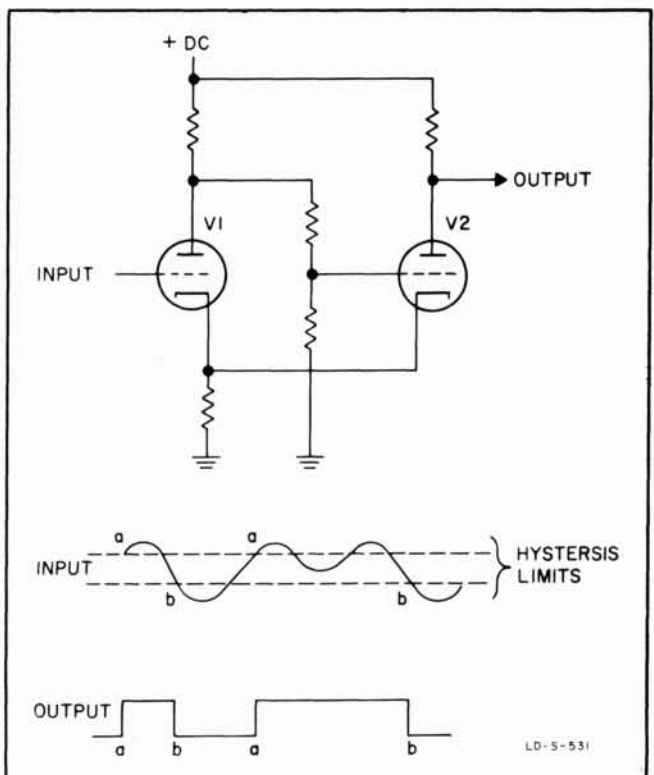


Figure 4-4. Typical Schmitt Trigger

cutoff, V2 conducts. As the input voltage becomes more positive, it eventually reaches a predetermined level (a) at which the circuit changes state; that is, V1 conducts and V2 is cutoff. If the input voltage then goes negative, the common cathode potential decreases and the grid of V2 becomes positive. When the input reaches a second predetermined level (b), V2 conducts and the circuit switches back to its initial state. The output of the circuit is a voltage step, either positive or negative depending upon the slope of the input signal.

4-23. The input voltage levels at which a Schmitt trigger circuit switches are called the hysteresis limits. Note that the circuit (figure 4-4) does not switch unless the input crosses both limits.

4-24. Trigger generator V201 has some additional features: the TRIGGER LEVEL control adjusts the bias on V201A and thus determines the level which the input trigger must reach to change state; in addition, when the TRIGGER LEVEL control is at its extreme limit, switch S202 is placed in AUTO. This opens the shunt across resistor R207 and capacitors C205 and C206, and the trigger generator becomes an astable multivibrator. This provides triggers to the stop-start trigger even though no sync is applied to the trigger generator. When a sync signal above approximately 50 cps is applied, however, the trigger generator then synchronizes with the sync signal. The step output of the trigger generator is taken from the plate of V201B and applied to a differentiating network.

4-25. DIFFERENTIATING NETWORK. (See figure 5-8.) The differentiating network is composed of the series combination of capacitor C207, inductor L201, and resistor R210. The r-c time constant of this network is extremely small compared with the width of the trigger generator output pulses; consequently, the signal developed across inductor L201 and resistor R210 consists of short negative and positive spikes that are coincident with the leading and trailing edges of the trigger generator output pulses. These spikes are coupled through capacitor C208 to the control grid of V202A, one half of the start-stop trigger.

4-26. START-STOP TRIGGER V202, CLAMP V203A, AND SWITCH DIODE CR201. (See figure 5-8.) The start-stop trigger is a Schmitt trigger circuit. A typical Schmitt trigger is described in paragraph 4-22. V202 is triggered by a negative spike pulse from the differentiating network. One output step waveform is taken from the plate of V202B and simultaneously applies to switch diode CR201 and the grid of clamp V203A. The waveform applied to V203A cuts off V203A, and thus disables the clamping action of this tube. The waveform applied to switch diode CR201 reverse-biases the diode, and thus it ceases conduction. Another step output is taken from the plate of V202A and applied through cathode follower V204 to the high-voltage power supply; this serves as the crt unblanking gate.

4-27. SAWTOOTH GENERATOR V205A AND SAWTOOTH CATHODE FOLLOWER V205B. (See figure

5-8.) Sawtooth generator V205A is a Miller integrator which produces a linear sawtooth waveform. When switch diode CR201 ceases conduction, the integrating capacitor charges through the integrating resistance, producing a negative-going potential at the control-grid of V205A. The amplified signal at the plate of V205A is coupled back through sawtooth cathode follower V205B to the integrating capacitor, completing the negative feedback required by this Miller type integrator.

4-28. The sawtooth signal at the cathode of V205B is also applied to SWEEP MAGNIFIER switch S102. When S102 is in the X5 position, the sawtooth applied to the horizontal amplifier has a peak amplitude five times greater than that applied when S102 is in the X1 position; hence, the angle of slope is increased five times and the sweep time is one-fifth of that selected by the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch.

4-29. The sawtooth signal at the cathode of V203B is applied to the control grid of V202A. When the slope of the signal reaches the upper hysteresis limit of the start-stop trigger, the trigger changes state; hence, the unblanking gate output of V203A is terminated. The switch diode CR201 and clamp V204 again conduct, respectively, halting the charging of the integrating capacitor and terminating the sawtooth waveform. The hold-off capacitor in the cathode of V203B charges during the rising slope of the signal output of the hold-off cathode follower but does not immediately discharge when the sawtooth input to the hold-off cathode follower terminates. This prevents the start-stop trigger from again being triggered by a negative spike until the sweep circuits have fully recovered. A different value of hold-off capacity is selected for each setting of the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch.

4-30. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER.

4-31. The grid of V101A (figure 5-7) receives either the sweep output from the horizontal sweep circuits or from an external sweep source, depending on the setting of the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch. When external sweep is being used (EXT SENSITIVITY positions), any one of three horizontal sweep sensitivities can be selected: .1 VOLTS/CM, 1 VOLTS/CM, or 10 VOLTS/CM. The AC-DC switch allows selection of direct coupling, or ac coupling through capacitor C101.

4-32. The horizontal amplifier consists of two differential amplifiers (V101 and V102) in cascade. When the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch is set to one of the EXT SENSITIVITY positions, the resistance between the cathodes of amplifier V101 consists of the horizontal VERNIER control (R275B) in series with the horizontal gain control (R104); otherwise, resistor R107 is between the cathodes. The horizontal POSITION control (potentiometer R109) between the plates of V101 controls the horizontal position of the crt trace. The second stage (V102) is neutralized by plate-to-grid cross neutralization. The output of the horizontal amplifier is taken from the plates of V102 and applied directly to the horizontal deflection plates of the crt.

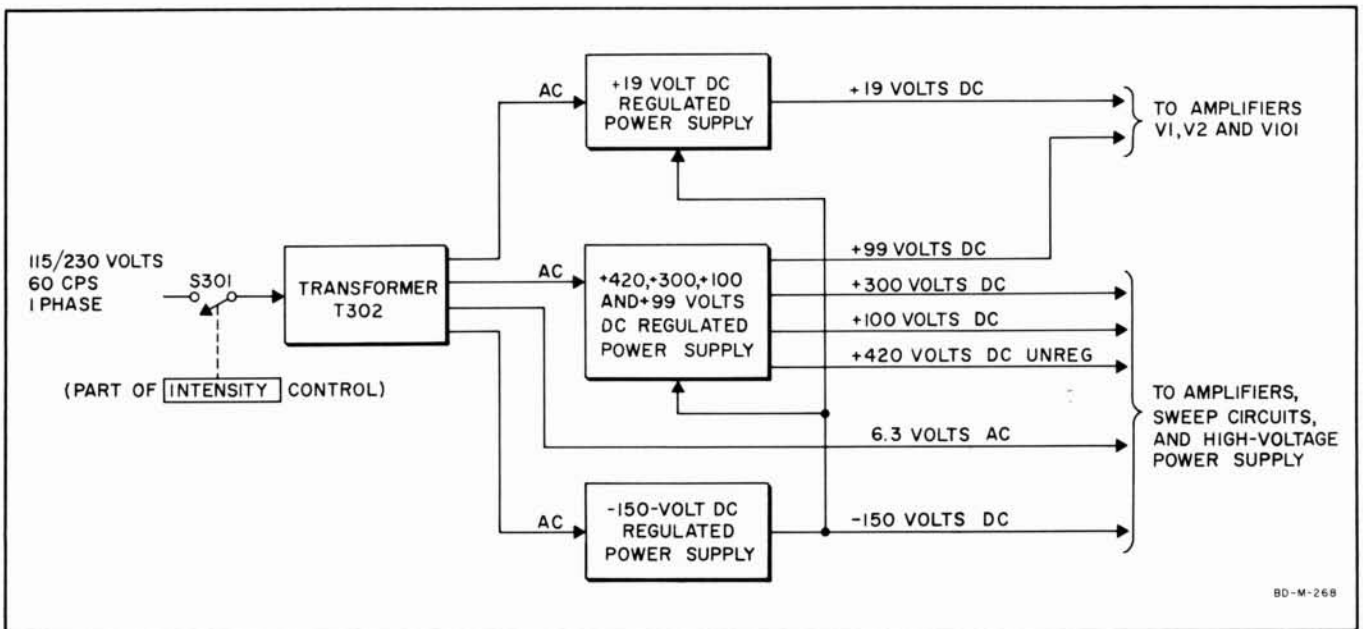


Figure 4-5. Low-Voltage Power Supply, Block Diagram

4-33. One section of the BEAM FINDER switch is in the cathode circuit of V102. When pressed, the switch increases the common cathode resistance and so reduces the gain of the stage that no amount of unbalance ahead of V102 can deflect the sweep off the crt.

4-34. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

4-35. BLOCK-DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION. (See figure 4-5.) The 115/230-volt, single-phase power is applied through switch S301 to transformer T302. The transformer applies 6.3 volts ac to the vertical amplifier, horizontal amplifier, sweep generator, and high-voltage power supply for use as filament voltage; the transformer also applies appropriate ac voltages to the following: the +19-volt d-c regulated power supply; the +300-, +100-, and +99-volt dc regulated power supply; and the -150-volt dc regulated power supply.

4-36. The regulated power supplies deliver their dc outputs to the following circuits: +19 volts dc is applied to the horizontal and vertical amplifiers; and +19, +100, +300, and -150 volts ac are applied to the vertical amplifier, the horizontal amplifier, the horizontal sweep circuits, and the high-voltage power supply; in addition, the -150-volt supply applies a negative voltage to the +19-, +99-, +100-, and +300-volt supplies for use as a control voltage.

4-37. -150-VOLT DC REGULATED POWER SUPPLY. The -150-volt supply (figure 5-9) in the 120B is used as a reference supply for the +300-, +100-, and +99-volt supplies; therefore, any change in the -150 volt supply is reflected as a change in these supply voltages. The ac voltage from T302 is rectified and partially filtered by rectifier CR303 and capaci-

tor C325A. The resulting dc voltage is regulated and further by tubes V309, V310, and V311.

4-38. The circuit functions as follows: when power is applied (assuming the -150-volt supply has been adjusted properly) the cathode of V310 becomes fixed at -65 volts and the grid assumes a slightly more negative value. If a line voltage surge or load current change were to occur, tending to lower the supply voltage, V310 grid potential would tend to change by half the amount, since the grid is tied to a voltage divider between -150 volts and ground. The result is increased bias for V310, lowering its current, raising its plate voltage, which, in turn, lowers the bias on V309. This bias change in V309 lowers its resistance, decreasing the voltage drop across this element which tends to return the supply voltage to its original value.

4-39. +300-, +100- AND +99-VOLT DC REGULATED POWER SUPPLY. The +300-volt supply (figure 5-9) operates in almost exactly the same manner as the -150-volt supply except that it uses the -150-volt supply as its voltage reference. In this supply, CR301, CR302, V307, and V308 are the rectifier, series regulator, and amplifier, respectively. The +100- and +99-volt supply is further regulated by V308B, referenced to the +300-volt supply.

4-40. +19-VOLT DC REGULATED POWER SUPPLY. (See figure 5-9.) The +19-volt supply (for the filaments of vertical amplifiers V1 and V2) uses rectifier CR304 and capacitor C328 for rectifier and filter. Transistor Q301 is a series regulator using the potential across Zener diode CR302 for its voltage reference. The current in transistor Q301 determines the value of the dc voltage across the filaments.

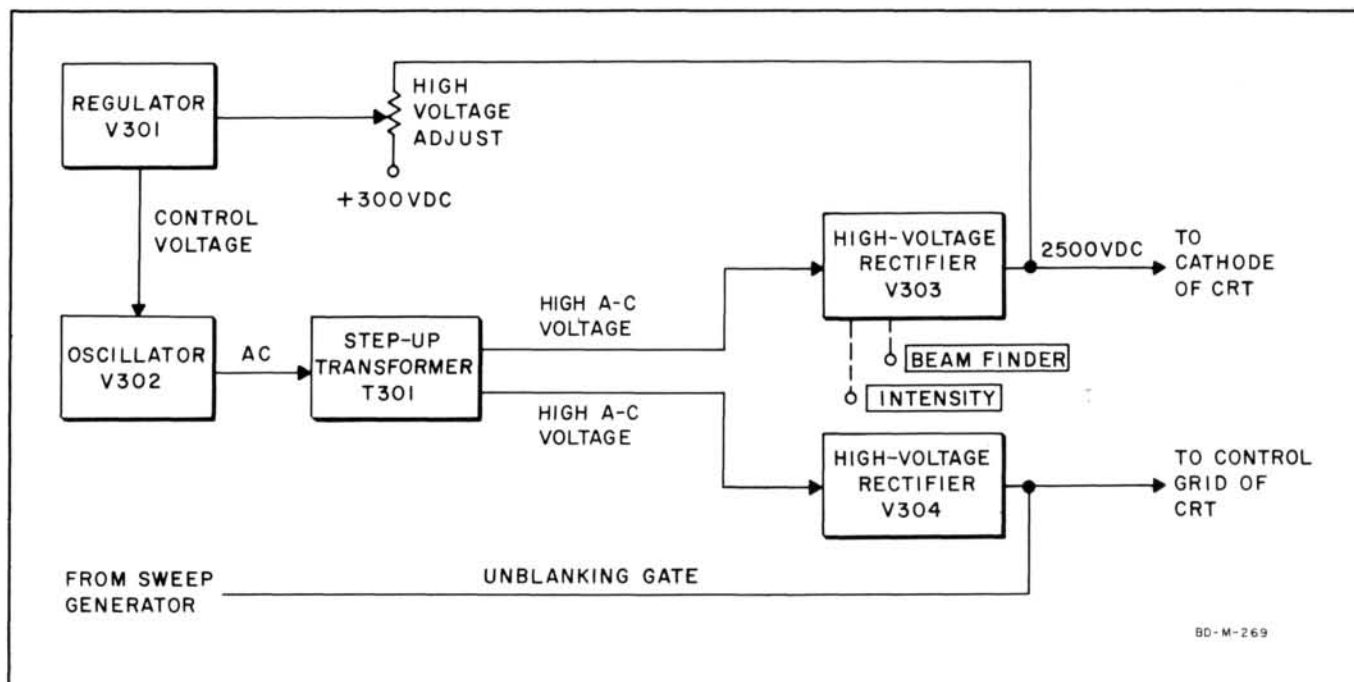


Figure 4-6. High-Voltage Power Supply, Block Diagram

4-41. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

4-42. BLOCK-DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION. (See figure 4-6.) Oscillator V302 generates an ac voltage and applies it to step-up transformer T301. The stepped-up ac voltage is applied to rectifiers V303 and V304. The negative high-voltage output of V303 is applied to the cathode of the crt, and the negative high-voltage output of V304 is applied to the control grid of the crt. The difference between the two voltages is the crt bias and thus controls the crt intensity.

4-43. When the INTENSITY control setting is changed, a change occurs in the cathode high voltage, causing a change in the voltage level at the wiper of the -2500-volt adjust potentiometer. This results in regulator V301 altering the control voltage in a direction necessary to return the cathode high voltage to its original value; however, this now results in the control-grid high voltage being higher or lower than previously and thus the crt intensity is altered.

4-44. HIGH-VOLTAGE RECTIFIER V303. (See figure 5-10.) The ac high voltage present in one secondary winding of T301 is rectified by V303 and filtered by capacitor C308. A portion of the +100 volts dc taken from the wiper of INTENSITY potentiometer R321 is effectively in series with and opposing the high-voltage output of V303. When the BEAM FINDER pushbutton is depressed, the opposing voltage from the wiper of potentiometer R321 is effectively removed and the intensity of the crt trace is increased.

4-45. When a signal is applied to the Z AXIS input, the signal is applied through capacitor C307 to the cathode of the crt and thus modulates the crt intensity.

4-46. A voltage-divider network, consisting of resistors R313, R311, R310, R309, R307, potentiometers R312 (FOCUS control) and R308 (-2500 adjust), is tied between +300 volts dc and the cathode of the crt. The voltage present at the wiper of R312 is applied to the crt focusing grid as focusing voltage, and the voltage present at the wiper of R308 is applied to amplifier V301B as the high-voltage control voltage.

4-47. AMPLIFIER V301. (See figure 5-10.) When a change in the value of the high voltage occurs, a corresponding change occurs at the wiper of potentiometer R308. This alters the bias at the grid of V301B, and the resultant change in the plate voltage is dc coupled through R305 to the control grid of V301A. This, in turn, results in a change in the plate voltage of V301A, which is connected to the screen grid of oscillator V302. The overall effect is that when the high voltage decreases, the screen grid voltage of V302 increases to a point where the increased ac output of V302 restores the high voltage to its original value.

4-48. HIGH-VOLTAGE RECTIFIER V304. (See figure 5-10.) The ac high voltage across the other secondary of transformer T301 is rectified by V304 and filtered by capacitor C310. The negative side of the high voltage is applied through resistor R327 to the control grid of the crt. The positive side of the high voltage is applied through resistor R326 to the horizontal sweep circuits, wherein the unblanking gate is generated. When the positive-going unblanking gate is generated, the crt control grid bias becomes less negative and the crt is unblanked.

SECTION V MAINTENANCE

5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section provides maintenance and service instructions for the Model 120B Oscilloscope. Included are troubleshooting, repair, adjustment, performance checks, and diagrams.

5-3. TEST EQUIPMENT.

5-4. Table 5-1 lists the test equipment required to maintain the Model 120B. Equipment with similar characteristics can be substituted.

5-5. TROUBLESHOOTING.

5-6. The troubleshooting procedures are divided into two categories: system troubleshooting, which is used

to isolate a malfunction to a particular functional section of the Model 120B; and sectional troubleshooting, which is used to locate the faulty detail part. Figures 5-1 through 5-4 show the location of parts whose designations are not directly imprinted on a circuit board or chassis.

5-7. SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING.

5-8. Most troubles occurring in the Model 120B will directly affect the display on the crt; consequently, the system-troubleshooting procedures are based on the most common types of faults detectable by crt observations. Table 5-2 lists the common types of defects that occur in oscilloscope displays, together with the circuits most likely to be at fault. After finding the faulty section, refer to the sectional troubleshooting procedures.

Table 5-1. Recommended Test Equipment

Item No.	Type	Characteristics	Use	Model No.
1	Test Oscilloscope	Bandwidth: dc to at least 600 kc. Sensitivity: 10 mv/cm to 100 v/cm.	Observation of waveforms.	Hewlett-Packard 140A.
2	Precision DC Voltmeter	Voltage range: 10-300 volts. Accuracy: $\pm 1\%$. Input impedance: 1 megohm.	Voltage measurements.	Hewlett-Packard Model 412A.
3	High-Voltage DC Voltmeter	Voltage range: 3000 volts. Accuracy: 8%. Input impedance: 100 megohms.	Voltage measurements.	Hewlett-Packard Model 410C with Model 11045A Voltage Divider Probe
4	Audio Oscillator	Frequency range: 50 cps to 450 kc.	Source of sine-wave signal.	Hewlett-Packard Model 200CD.
5	AC Voltmeter	Voltage range: 1 mv to 300 v. Accuracy: 3%, depending on scale used. Frequency Range: 50 cps to 450 kc.	Voltage measurements.	Hewlett-Packard Models 400D/H/L.

Table 5-1. Recommended Test Equipment (Cont'd)

Item No.	Type	Characteristics	Use	Model No.
6	Square Wave Generator	Frequency range: 1 kc to 100 kc. Rise time: Less than 0.2 μ sec. Amplitude: To 50 volts peak-to-peak.	Source of square wave.	Hewlett-Packard Model 211A.
7	Voltmeter Calibrator	Accuracy: 0.5%.	Accurate source of ac and dc voltages.	Hewlett-Packard Models 738A/B.
8	Time Mark Generator	Marker intervals: decade steps from 10 μ sec to 100 msec. Accuracy: 1%.	Set sweep times.	Tektronix 180.
9	Power Auto-Transformer	Output voltage: 103-127 volts ac (for 115-volt input to 120B); 206-254 volts ac (for 230-volt input to 120B).	Vary line voltage.	General Radio Type W10HM.
10	Attenuator	Attenuation: 110 db in 1-db steps. Power capacity: 5 watts.	Attenuation	Hewlett-Packard Model 350D.

5-9. SECTIONAL TROUBLESHOOTING.

5-10. GENERAL. Prior to troubleshooting any functional section, a visual inspection should be performed. Check for open fuse, broken wires, discolored parts, leaky capacitors, etc. The best method for checking tubes is by substitution.

5-11. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL AMPLIFIERS. In the event of vertical or horizontal troubles such as unbalance or no deflection, check plate voltages, starting at the input stage and working toward the crt. Be sure the position controls are centered, no signals are applied, and the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch is set to an external horizontal input position. Make detailed voltage checks (see paragraph 5-67) in the first stage with incorrect plate voltages. In the event of frequency response troubles, check tubes first (by substitution) then frequency-compensating devices such as trimmer capacitors, neutralizing and bypass capacitors.

5-12. SWEEP GENERATOR. With the exception of trigger generator V201, the sweep generator circuits form a feedback loop; consequently, a failure in any functional stage in the loop results in abnormal waveforms appearing in all stages of the loop. For this reason, voltage readings are the best means for locating troubles in the sweep generator circuit. Voltage measurements for both the start-of-sweep and end-of-sweep circuit conditions are listed on figure 5-8. In

the event of sweep failure, it is recommended that both voltage measurements be employed to isolate the trouble. A 10 to 15% deviation from the values given can be expected, a larger deviation indicates a source of trouble.

5-13. LOW - VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY. When checking the power supplies, check the -150-volt supply first, for it affects all supplies. Check the other supplies in any order. Check all vacuum tubes and transistor Q301; if normal, make voltage checks (see paragraph 5-67). Voltage and ripple tolerances are given in table 5-4.

CAUTION

Do not operate the Model 120B with incorrect power supply voltages for prolonged periods of time. Where the procedure calls for a measurement, turn the instrument on just long enough to make the measurement; then turn the instrument off again.

5-14. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

WARNING

Use caution when measuring high voltages. Use equipment suited for high-voltage measurements.

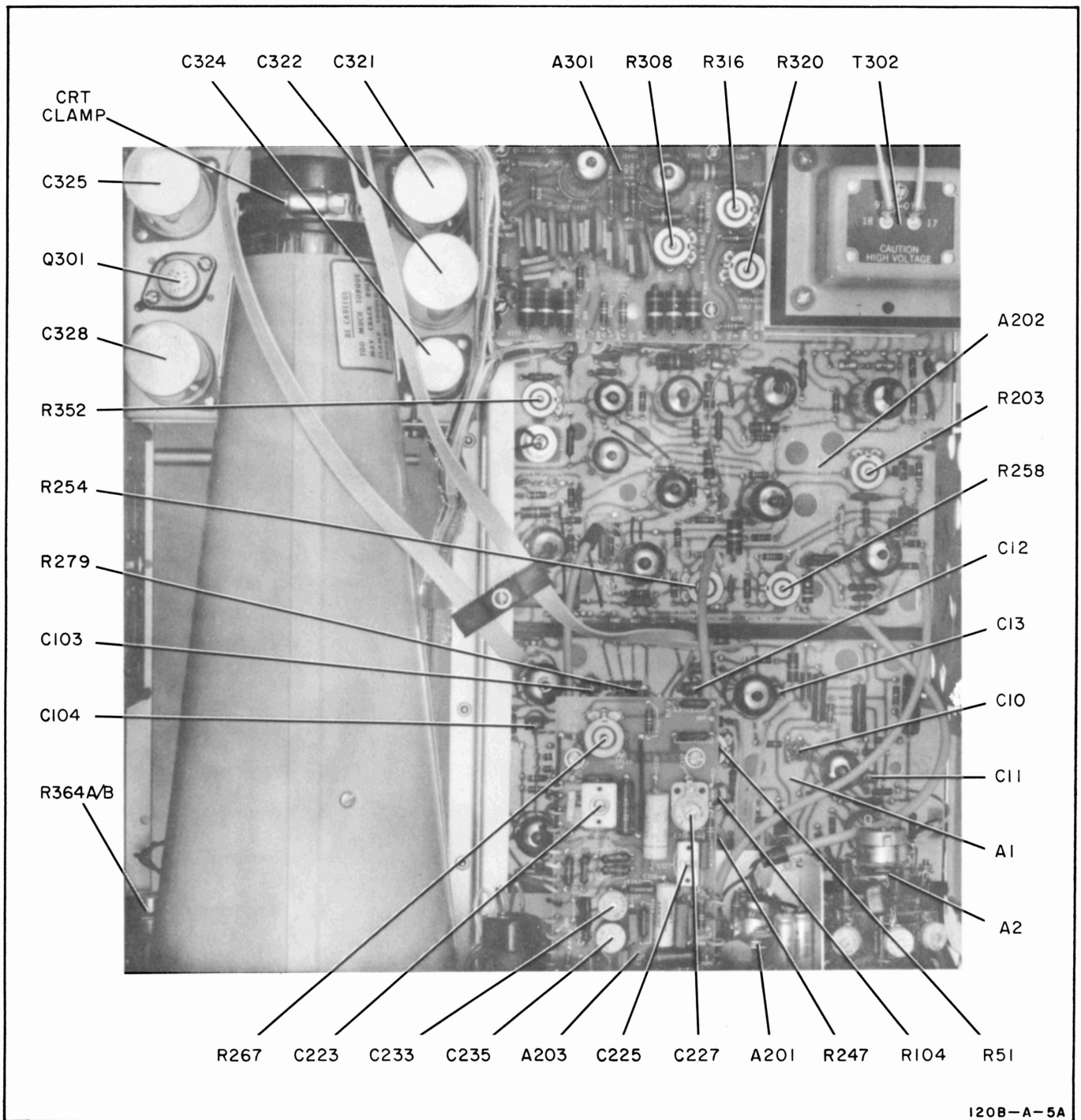


Figure 5-1. Top View, Location of Parts and Adjustments

5-15. Measure the voltages supplied to the crt. If they are normal, replace the crt. If the high voltages are not present, check that oscillator V302 is oscillating. Note that a fault in the crt cathode supply affects the crt grid supply, whereas a fault in the crt grid supply has no effect on the cathode supply. If both crt supplies are excessively high, or both excessively low, make voltage checks on V301 (see paragraph 5-67).

Note

Do not reset high voltage adjustment R308 unless the need for such adjustment is clearly indicated. The adjustment of high voltages affects the sensitivity of the crt and makes necessary the readjustment of vertical and horizontal gain and time scales.

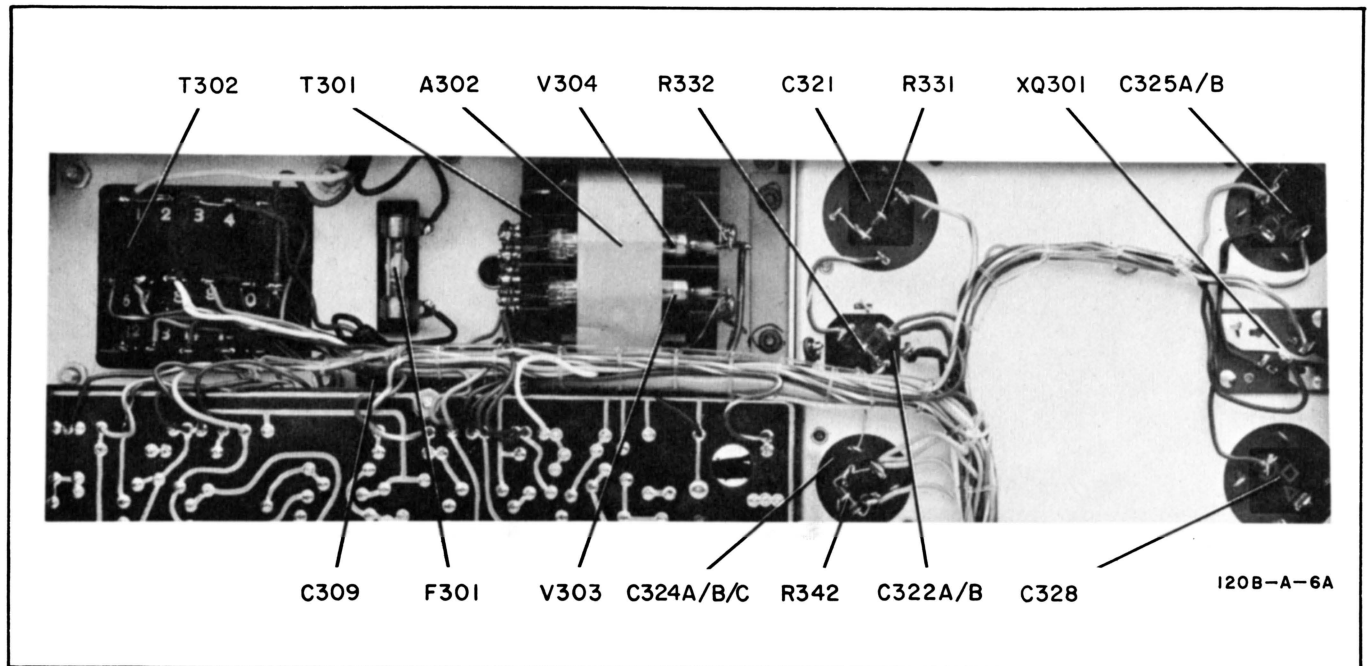


Figure 5-2. High-Voltage Power Supply, Location of Parts

Table 5-2. System Troubleshooting

Symptom	Probable Trouble	Paragraph Reference
Nothing visible on crt with BEAM FINDER pressed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Low-voltage power supply. 2. Vertical amplifier. 3. Horizontal amplifier. 4. High-voltage power supply. 5. Crt. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paragraphs 4-34 and 5-13 2. Paragraphs 4-10 and 5-11 3. Paragraphs 4-30 and 5-11 4. Paragraphs 4-41 and 5-14 5. Paragraph 5-21
Vertical sensitivity out of specifications on all sensitivity ranges; horizontal sweep normal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Vertical amplifier. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paragraphs 4-10 and 5-11
Vertical sensitivity out of specifications on one range.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch S2. 	
External horizontal sensitivity out of specifications; vertical sensitivity normal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Horizontal amplifier. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paragraphs 4-30 and 5-11
Faulty sweep; external horizontal deflection normal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sweep generator circuits. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paragraphs 4-16 and 5-12
Poor focusing; intensity normal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. High-voltage power supply. 2. Crt 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paragraphs 4-41 and 5-14 2. Paragraph 5-21
Poor intensity.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Low-voltage power supply. 2. High-voltage power supply. 3. Crt 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paragraphs 4-34 and 5-13 2. Paragraphs 4-41 and 5-14 3. Paragraph 5-21

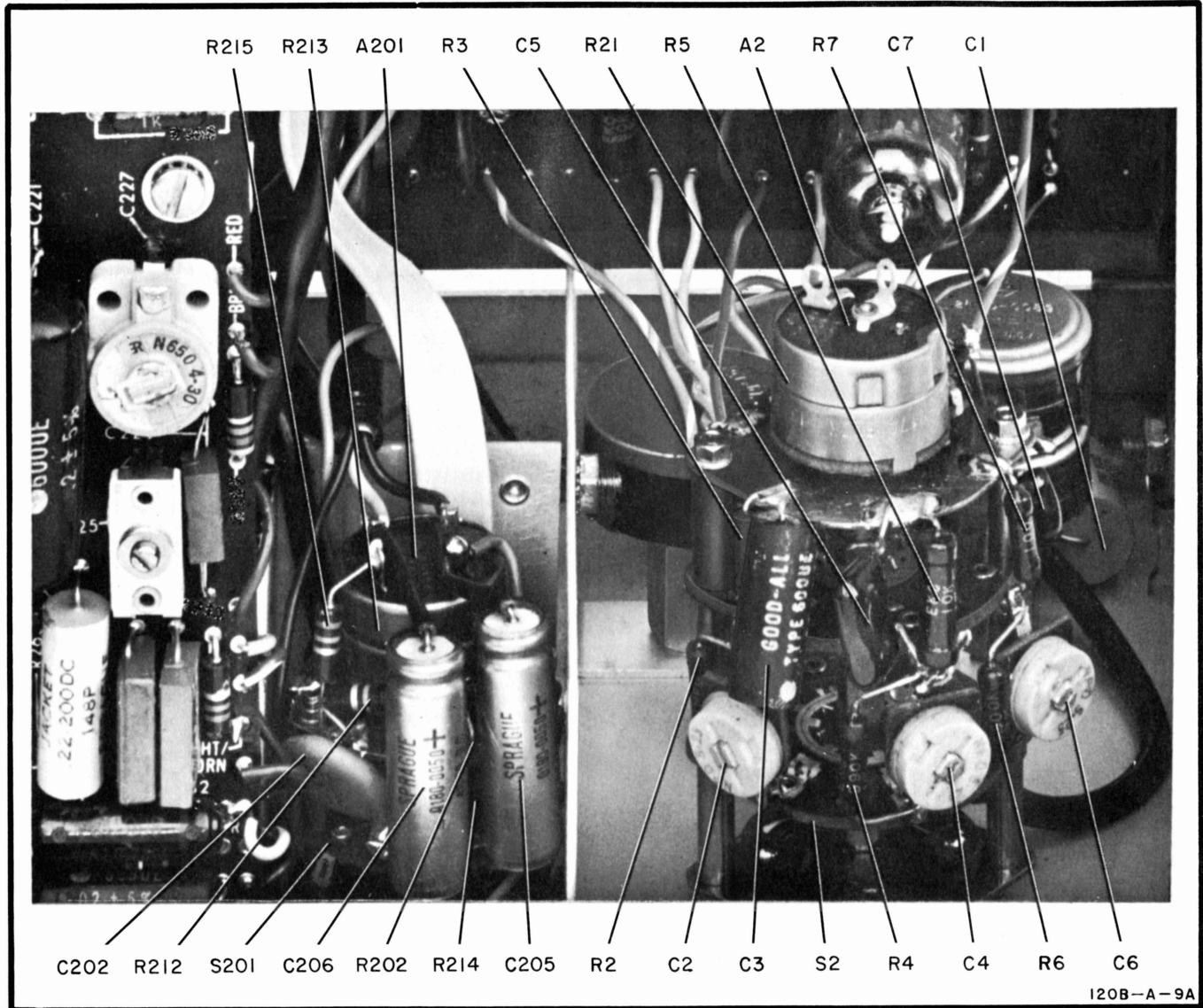


Figure 5-3. Vertical Sensitivity (A2) and Trigger Source (A201) Switches, Location of Parts and Adjustments

5-16. REPAIR.

5-17. REPLACEMENT OF SEMICONDUCTORS.

5-18. Excessive heat can destroy semiconductors. When soldering or unsoldering transistors or diodes, place a heat-sink (such as long-nose pliers) on the lead of the part; in addition, isolate the Model 120B from ground, or ground the body of the soldering iron to prevent leakage current from damaging the part.

Note

When replacing Q301, use a thin coat of silicone grease (hp Stock No. 8500-0059) on each side of the insulator to improve heat transfer from transistor to deck.

5-19. SERVICING ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARDS.

5-20. Figure 5-5 illustrates the recommended method of servicing etched circuit boards. Removal of

01260-2

components, such as tube sockets, that are attached to the board at more than two points is difficult when trying to remove the part intact. Simplify the removal by first cutting the pins or other connections between the body of the part and the circuit board, and then remove the pins individually.

5-21. CRT REPLACEMENT.

WARNING

When replacing the crt, handle crt with care; wear gloves and plastic face mask or goggles.

5-22. Replace the crt as follows:

- a. Remove four mounting screws from bezel, and remove bezel.
- b. Loosen clamp screw (figure 5-1) on crt base; do not remove screw or clamp.

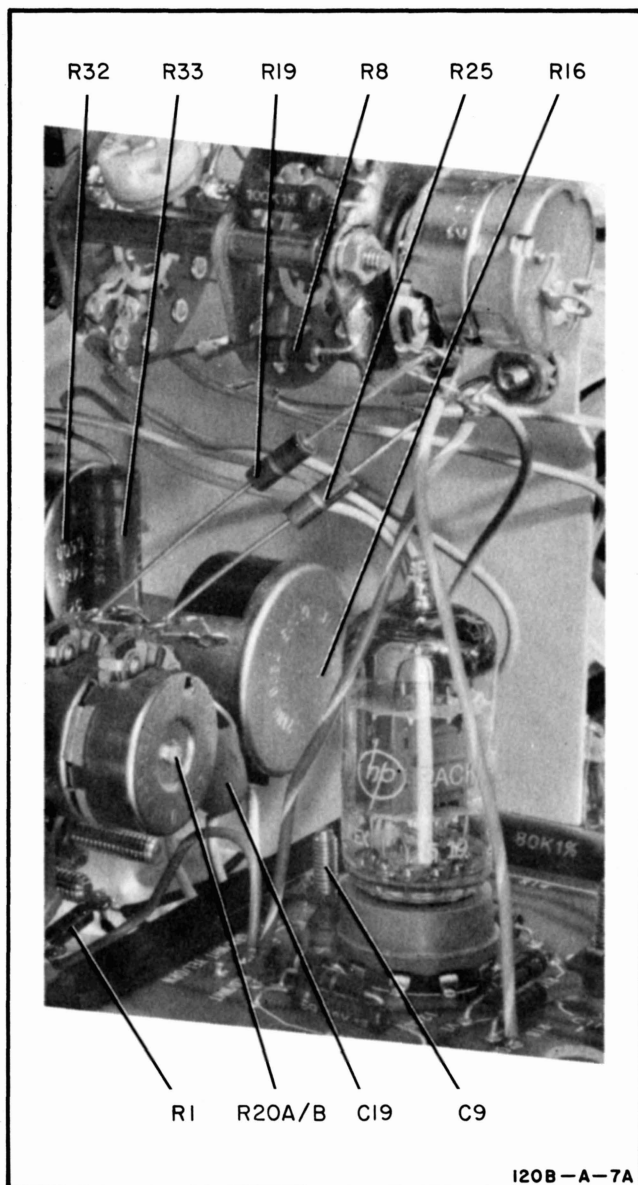


Figure 5-4. Right-Side View, Side Panel Removed, Location of Parts and Adjustments

- c. Remove socket from crt base.
- d. Slide crt forward and out.
- e. Replace in reverse order.
- f. Energize the Model 120B and obtain a free-running trace.
- g. If necessary, align graticule and trace by adjusting SCALE control.

5-23. ADJUSTMENTS.

5-24. ADJUSTMENTS FOLLOWING REPAIR.

5-25. Table 5-3 lists the adjustments required following the replacement of a tube, transistor, or diode. If a part associated with an item listed in the table is replaced, check the adjustment of the listed item.

5-26. The following paragraphs, 5-27 through 5-51, describe the adjustments necessary to align the Model 120B.

5-27. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

5-28. Table 5-4 lists the tolerances of the dc voltage outputs of the low-voltage power supply. If any voltage is not within tolerance it is probable that the line voltage is abnormal, a malfunction has occurred, or the replacement of a tube or part has caused the misadjustment. If it is confirmed that the power supply and line voltage are normal and the voltages are not within tolerance, adjustment is then required.

5-29. **-150-VOLT ADJUSTMENT.** Using a dc VTVM, adjust potentiometer R352 (figure 5-1) for -150 volts dc.

5-30. **+19-VOLT ADJUSTMENT.** There is no adjustment for the +19-volt output; if out of tolerance a faulty transistor or part is indicated, or a fault exists in the -150-volt power supply.

5-31. **+300-VOLT ADJUSTMENT.** There is no adjustment for the +300-volt output; if out of tolerance a faulty tube or part is indicated, or a fault exists in the -150-volt power supply.

5-32. **+100- AND +99-VOLT ADJUSTMENT.** There is no adjustment for these outputs; if out of tolerance a faulty tube or part is indicated, or a fault exists in the -150-volt power supply.

Note

If the +300 volts dc is within tolerance and the +100 and/or +99 volts dc are not within tolerance, a fault exists in V308 or associated parts.

5-33. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

5-34. Adjust the high-voltage power supply as follows:

Note

Adjustment of the high voltage affects crt deflection sensitivity, intensity, focus, and astigmatism. Check horizontal and vertical gain adjustments following any adjustment of the high voltage. Intensity, focus, and astigmatism adjustments are included in the following adjustment of the high-voltage power supply.

WARNING

Voltages in excess of 2,500 volts are present in the high-voltage power supply. Take all possible precautions when performing high-voltage measurements.

a. Connect high-voltage voltmeter between terminal 17 or 18 of transformer T302 and ground.

b. Adjust potentiometer R308 (figure 5-1) for a voltmeter reading of -2500 volts.

SERVICING ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARDS

Excessive heat or pressure can lift the copper strip from the board. Avoid damage by using a low power soldering iron (50 watts maximum) and following these instructions. Copper that lifts off the board should be cemented in place with a quick drying acetate base cement having good electrical insulating properties.

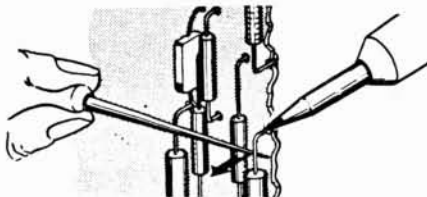
A break in the copper should be repaired by soldering a short length of tinned copper wire across the break.

Use only high quality rosin core solder when repairing etched circuit boards. NEVER USE PASTE FLUX. After soldering, clean off any excess flux and coat the repaired area with a high quality electrical varnish or lacquer.

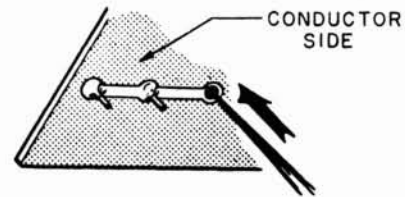
When replacing components with multiple mounting pins such as tube sockets, electrolytic capacitors, and potentiometers, it will be necessary to lift each pin slightly, working around the components several times until it is free.

WARNING: If the specific instructions outlined in the steps below regarding etched circuit boards without eyelets are not followed, extensive damage to the etched circuit board will result.

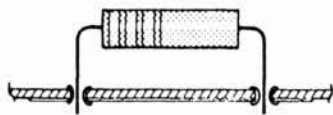
1. Apply heat sparingly to lead of component to be replaced. If lead of component passes through an eyelet in the circuit board, apply heat on component side of board. If lead of component does not pass through an eyelet, apply heat to conductor side of board.



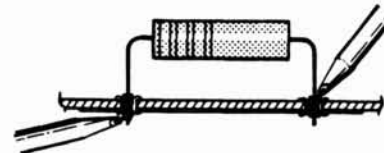
2. Reheat solder in vacant eyelet and quickly insert a small awl to clean inside of hole. If hole does not have an eyelet, insert awl or a #57 drill from conductor side of board.



3. Bend clean tinned leads on new part and carefully insert through eyelets or holes in board.

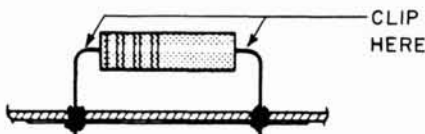


4. Hold part against board (avoid overheating) and solder leads. Apply heat to component leads on correct side of board as explained in step 1.

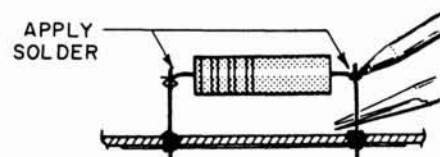


In the event that either the circuit board has been damaged or the conventional method is impractical, use method shown below. This is especially applicable for circuit boards without eyelets.

1. Clip lead as shown below.



2. Bend protruding leads upward. Bend lead of new component around protruding lead. Apply solder using a pair of long nose pliers as a heat sink.



This procedure is used in the field only as an alternate means of repair. It is not used within the factory.

Figure 5-5. Servicing Etched Circuit Boards

Table 5-3. Adjustments Following Tube, Transistor, and Diode Replacement

Reference Designation	Function	Adjustment and Paragraph
Vertical Amplifier		
V1	Amplifier	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Balance adjustment (figure 3-5) 2. Gain adjustment (paragraph 5-37) 3. Neutralization adjustment (paragraphs 5-38 and 5-40)
V2	Amplifier	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Balance adjustment (figure 3-5) 2. Gain adjustment (paragraph 5-37) 3. Neutralization adjustment (paragraphs 5-39 and 5-40)
V3	Amplifier	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Balance adjustment (figure 3-5) 2. Gain adjustment (paragraph 5-37) 3. Neutralization adjustment (paragraph 5-39)
V4	Calibrator	None
V5	Calibrator	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Calibrator adjustment (paragraph 5-41)
Horizontal Amplifier		
V101	Amplifier	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gain adjustment (paragraph 5-43) 2. X1 Sweep adjustment (paragraph 5-49) 3. Neutralization adjustment (paragraph 5-44)
V102	Amplifier	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gain adjustment (paragraph 5-43) 2. X1 Sweep adjustment (paragraph 5-49) 3. Neutralization adjustment (paragraph 5-44)
Sweep Generator		
V201	Trigger generator	Trigger sensitivity adjustment (paragraph 5-47)
V202	Start-stop trigger	Preset adjustment (paragraph 5-46)
V203	Clamp and hold-off cathode follower	None
V204	Gate-out cathode follower	None
V205	Sawtooth integrator and cathode follower	Sweep time adjustment (paragraph 5-50)
V206		Preset adjustment (paragraph 5-46)
V207		Sweep length adjustment (paragraph 5-51)
V208		None
V209		None
CR201	Switch diode	None

Table 5-3. Adjustments Following Tube, Transistor, and Diode Replacement (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	Function	Adjustment and Paragraph
High-Voltage Power Supply		
V301	Amplifier	Adjust horizontal gain (paragraph 5-43) Adjust vertical gain (paragraph 5-37) Adjust sweep times (paragraph 5-48)
V302	Oscillator	
V303	Rectifier	
V304	Rectifier	
V305	CRT	
Low-Voltage Power Supply		
V307	Regulator	None
V308	Amplifier-output cathode follower	None
V309	Regulator	None
V310	Amplifier	Adjust -150 volts (paragraph 5-29)
V311	Reference tube	Adjust -150 volts (paragraph 5-29)
Q301	Heater regulator	None
CR301-CR304	Rectifiers	None
CR305	Reference diode	None

Table 5-4. Low-Voltage Power Supply Voltages

Voltage**	Tolerance*	Typical** Ripple	Typical** Resistance
-150 volts dc	VTVM Accuracy ($\pm 3\%$)	5 mv	10K
+ 19 volts dc	-1.5 volts; +1 volt	45 mv	4K (with V101 removed)
+300 volts dc	± 9 volts	45 mv	75K
+100 volts dc	± 3 volts	15 mv	50K
+ 99 volts dc	± 3 volts	15 mv	

*Line voltage 115 or 230 volts ac, as required.

**With respect to chassis ground.

c. Switch **HORIZONTAL DISPLAY** to 1 VOLTS/CM and center the spot.

d. Set **INTENSITY** control to 9 o'clock and adjust R320 (figure 5-1) to the point where the spot just extinguishes.

e. Increase **INTENSITY** control and adjust **FOCUS** control for best spot.

f. Adjust **Astigmatism** control R316 (figure 5-1) for small round spot readjusting **FOCUS** control as required.

5-35. VERTICAL AMPLIFIER.

5-36. BALANCE ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the vertical amplifier balance as described in figure 3-5.

5-37. GAIN ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the vertical amplifier gain as follows:

a. Set **VERTICAL SENSITIVITY** to 10 MILLI-VOLTS/CM.

- b. Set vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Using voltmeter calibrator, apply a 400-cps 0.1-volt peak-to-peak signal to the vertical input terminals.
- d. Adjust CAL screwdriver adjustment for a crt deflection of 10 cm.

5-38. ATTENUATOR - FREQUENCY - COMPENSATION AND FIRST-STAGE-NEUTRALIZATION ADJUSTMENTS. Adjust the vertical amplifier attenuator-frequency compensation and first-stage neutralization as follows:

- a. Connect square-wave generator to the vertical input terminals.
- b. Rotate vertical VERNIER fully counterclockwise.
- c. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 100 MILLIVOLTS/CM.
- d. Set vertical AC-DC to AC.
- e. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 0.5 MSEC/CM.
- f. Adjust output of generator to 1 kc and set amplitude for 10 cm of deflection on crt.
- g. Adjust capacitor C6 (figure 5-3) for best square-wave pattern on crt.
- h. Rotate vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- i. Readjust square-wave generator for 10 cm of deflection on crt.
- j. Adjust C9 (figure 5-4) for best square-wave pattern on crt.
- k. Repeat adjustment of C6 and C9 until best square-wave pattern is obtained at the extreme vernier settings.

Note

There may be a capacitor in parallel with C9 which serves to optimize the adjustment range of C9. When changing V1 it may be necessary to alter the value of the capacitor, or add it if not present.

- l. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM.
- m. Readjust square-wave generator for 10 cm of deflection on crt.
- n. Adjust capacitor C4 (figure 5-3) for best square-wave pattern on crt.
- o. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 VOLTS/CM.
- p. Readjust square-wave generator for 10 cm of deflection on crt.
- q. Adjust capacitor C2 (figure 5-3) for best square-wave pattern on crt.

5-39. THIRD-STAGE VERTICAL-NEUTRALIZATION ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the third-stage vertical neutralizers as follows:

- a. Rotate vertical VERNIER fully counterclockwise.
- b. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 MILLIVOLTS/CM.
- c. Set vertical AC-DC to AC.
- d. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 5 μ SEC/CM.
- e. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT+.
- f. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.
- g. Using square-wave generator, apply a 100-kc square wave to vertical input terminals.
- h. Adjust generator output to give 10-cm deflection, and center the pattern vertically.
- i. Using test oscilloscope, monitor the cathode of V3.

- j. Adjust C12 and C13 (figure 5-1) simultaneously, for the best square wave on both test oscilloscope and scope under test.

Notes

Ignore the very fast overshoot at the leading edge as viewed on monitor scope.

There may be a capacitor in parallel with C13 which serves to optimize the adjustment range of C13. When changing V2 or V3 it may be necessary to alter the value of the capacitor, or add it if not present.

5-40. SECOND-STAGE VERTICAL NEUTRALIZATION ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the second-stage vertical neutralizers as follows:

- a. Rotate vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- b. Repeat steps b through h of paragraph 5-39.
- c. Adjust C10 and C11 (figure 5-1) simultaneously for best square wave on scope.

Note

There may be a capacitor in parallel with C10 which serves to optimize the adjustment range of C10. When changing V1 or V2 it may be necessary to alter the value of the capacitor, or to add it if not present.

5-41. CALIBRATOR ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the output of the calibrator as follows:

- a. Adjust vertical gain as described in paragraph 5-37.
- b. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to CAL.
- c. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- d. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 1 MILLISECONDS/CM.
- e. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT-.
- f. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.
- g. Adjust potentiometer R51 (figure 5-1) for a crt deflection of 6 cm.

5-42. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER.

5-43. GAIN ADJUSTMENT. Adjust horizontal gain as follows:

- a. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to .1 VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Using voltmeter calibrator, apply a 400-cps 1-volt peak-to-peak signal to the horizontal input terminals.
- d. Adjust horizontal gain potentiometer R104 (figure 5-1) for a peak-to-peak crt deflection of 10 cm.

5-44. HORIZONTAL NEUTRALIZER ADJUSTMENT. Adjust horizontal neutralization as follows:

- a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to .1 VOLTS/CM.
- d. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.

e. Using oscillator, apply an 8-kc sine wave to vertical input terminals and the sync input of square-wave generator.

f. Using square-wave generator, apply a 100-kc 1-volt peak-to-peak square wave to horizontal input terminals.

g. Adjust oscillator frequency to synchronize sine wave and square wave on crt (stabilize presentation).

h. Adjust C103 and C104 (figure 5-1) for best square-wave response.

5-45. ATTENUATOR FREQUENCY-COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the horizontal attenuator frequency compensation as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM.

b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.

c. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.

d. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 1 VOLTS/CM.

e. Using square-wave generator, apply a 1-kc 10-volt peak-to-peak square wave to the horizontal input terminals.

f. Using oscillator, apply an 800-cps 10-volt peak-to-peak signal to the vertical input and sync input of square-wave generator.

g. Adjust oscillator to synchronize sine wave and square wave on crt (stabilize presentation).

h. Adjust capacitor C235 (figure 5-1) for optimum square wave on crt.

i. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 10 VOLTS/CM.

j. Increase square-wave generator output to 50 volts peak-to-peak.

k. Adjust capacitor C233 (figure 5-1) for optimum square-wave on crt.

5-46. PRESET ADJUSTMENT. Adjust preset as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to CAL.

b. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to .5 MILLISECONDS/CM.

c. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT+.

d. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL just out of AUTO.

e. Connect dc voltmeter (-100-volt range) between pin 2 of V202 and ground.

f. Adjust potentiometer R258 (figure 5-1) clockwise until crt sweep free-runs, then counterclockwise until the sweep just stops; note the readings on the voltmeter.

g. Adjust voltage to 3 volts less negative than the last reading.

5-47. TRIGGER-SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the trigger sensitivity as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 100 MILLIVOLTS/CM.

b. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 5 MILLISECONDS/CM.

c. Turn both VERNIER controls to CAL.

d. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to EXT.

e. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.

f. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER to X5.

g. Set vertical and horizontal AC-DC switches to AC.

h. Connect oscillator to both the VERTICAL and HORIZONTAL inputs and set the frequency to 450 kc and amplitude to 0.16 volts rms (using hp Model 400D/H/L AC VTVM).

i. Adjust R203 (trigger sensitivity) fully counterclockwise.

j. Observing crt presentation, adjust R203 clockwise until the presentation becomes stable.

k. Adjust oscillator output amplitude down to 0.1 v rms, presentation should become slightly unstable between 0.15 and 0.10 v rms.

l. Set oscillator output amplitude to 0.5 v rms, and adjust frequency from 50 cps to 450 kc. Presentation should remain stable across complete frequency range.

5-48. SWEEP GENERATOR.

5-49. X1 SWEEP ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the X1 sweep as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM.

b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.

c. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.

d. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 5 MILLISECONDS/CM.

e. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER to X1.

f. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT-.

g. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.

h. Using time mark generator, apply 100-cps time markers to the vertical input terminals.

i. Adjust X1 sweep gain R267 (figure 5-1) to obtain 5 cycles per 10 cm on the crt.

5-50. SWEEP-TIME ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the horizontal sweep time as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM.

b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.

c. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.

d. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT-.

e. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER to X1.

f. Connect time mark generator to the vertical input terminals.

g. Referring to table 5-5, adjust the time mark generator output and the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to the indicated marker interval and sweep time, respectively, for each step; adjust or check for the indicated markers per 10 cm listed in the table.

5-51. SWEEP LENGTH ADJUSTMENT. Adjust the sweep length as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 100 MILLIVOLTS/CM.

b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.

c. Set vertical AC-DC to AC.

d. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to .5 MILLISECONDS/CM.

e. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.

f. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER to X1.

g. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT-.

h. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.

i. Adjust potentiometer R254 (figure 5-1) for a sweep length of 10.75 cm (minimum length on any range should be 10.5 cm).

5-52. PERFORMANCE CHECK.

5-53. The following paragraphs, 5-54 through 5-66, list the various performance checks to determine that the Model 120B is performing properly.

5-54. VERTICAL ATTENUATOR-ERROR CHECK. Check the vertical attenuator error as follows:

a. Set vertical AC-DC to DC.

b. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 MILLIVOLTS/CM.

c. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.

Table 5-5. Horizontal Sweep-Time Adjustment

Step	Marker Interval	Sweep Time	Adjust	Markers per 10 cm
1	10 μ sec	5 μ SEC/CM	C227	5
2	10 μ sec	10 μ SEC/CM	C227 *	10
3	10 μ sec	20 μ SEC/CM	C227 *	20
4	100 μ sec	50 μ SEC/CM	C225	5
5	100 μ sec	100 μ SEC/CM	C225 *	10
6	100 μ sec	200 μ SEC/CM	C225 *	20
7	1 ms	.5 MILLISECONDS/CM	C223	5
8	1 ms	1 MILLISECONDS/CM	C223 *	10
9	1 ms	2 MILLISECONDS/CM	C233 *	20
10	10 ms	5 MILLISECONDS/CM	R267	5
11	10 ms	10 MILLISECONDS/CM	R267 *	10
12	10 ms	20 MILLISECONDS/CM	R267 *	20
13	100 ms	50 MILLISECONDS/CM	R247	5
14	100 ms	100 MILLISECONDS/CM	R247 *	10
15	100 ms	200 MILLISECONDS/CM	R247 *	20

* Do not adjust if indication is within ± 0.5 cm of that listed in the "markers per 10 cm" column.

d. Using voltmeter calibrator, apply a 400-cps 0.1-volt peak-to-peak signal to the vertical input terminals.

e. Adjust CAL for a crt deflection of exactly 10 cm.

f. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 100 MILLIVOLTS/CM.

g. Adjust voltmeter calibrator output to 1 volt peak-to-peak.

h. Vertical deflection should be 10 ± 0.3 cm. Repeat step for 1 and 10 volts/cm positions of VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch, adjusting voltmeter calibrator output to 10 and 100 volts peak-to-peak, respectively; vertical deflection should be 10 ± 0.3 cm in both cases.

5-55. VERTICAL DC SHIFT CHECK. Check the dc shift as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 MILLIVOLTS/CM.

b. Set vertical AC-DC to AC.

c. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.

d. Short vertical input terminals to ground.

e. Switch HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 10 VOLTS/CM, and observe the spot.

f. Switch vertical AC-DC switch to DC, and observe the spot.

g. Vertical shift should be approximately 0.2 cm or less.

5-56. VERTICAL FREQUENCY-RESPONSE CHECK. Check vertical frequency response as follows:

a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 MILLIVOLTS/CM.

b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.

c. Set vertical AC-DC to AC.

d. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT+.

e. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.

f. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 1 MILLISECONDS/CM.

g. Using oscillator, apply a 4.5-kc signal to the input of attenuator; adjust for 10-db of attenuation.

h. Connect the output of attenuator to the vertical input terminals.

i. Set oscillator output to provide 10 cm of vertical deflection.

j. Monitor output with ac voltmeter and note voltage reading.

k. Maintaining voltage reading in step j, change oscillator frequency to 450 kc.

l. Display amplitude should be at least 7 cm peak-to-peak.

5-57. HORIZONTAL DC SHIFT CHECK. Check dc shift as follows:

- a. Set HORIZONTAL SENSITIVITY to .1 VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Short horizontal input terminals.
- d. Center spot and alternately switch horizontal AC-DC to AC and DC positions.
- e. Spot should shift less than 0.2 cm.

5-58. HORIZONTAL ATTENUATOR-ERROR CHECK. Check attenuator error as follows:

- a. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to .1 VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Using voltmeter calibrator, apply a 400-cps 1-volt peak-to-peak sine wave to the horizontal input terminals.
- d. Adjust horizontal gain potentiometer R104 (figure 5-1) to give 10-cm deflection.
- e. Change HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 1 VOLTS/CM and voltmeter calibrator output to 10 volts peak-to-peak.
- f. Horizontal deflection should be 10 ± 0.5 cm.
- g. Change HORIZONTAL SENSITIVITY to 10 VOLTS/CM and voltmeter calibrator output to 100 volts peak-to-peak.
- h. Horizontal deflection should be 10 ± 0.5 cm.

5-59. HORIZONTAL PHASE-SHIFT CHECK. Check phase shift as follows:

- a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 100 MILLI-VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to .1 VOLTS/CM.
- d. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.
- e. Set vertical and horizontal AC-DC to AC.
- f. Using oscillator, apply a 100-kc 0.5-volt peak-to-peak sine wave to both vertical and horizontal input terminals.
- g. Pattern opening on crt should be less than 0.2 cm (± 2 degrees).
- h. Change VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM, HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 1 VOLTS/CM, and voltmeter calibrator output to 5 volts peak-to-peak.
- i. Indication should be same as step g.
- j. Change VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 VOLTS/CM, HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 10 VOLTS/CM, and voltmeter calibrator output to 50 volts peak-to-peak.
- k. Indication should be same as step g.

5-60. HORIZONTAL RESPONSE CHECK. Check frequency response as follows:

- a. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 1 VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn horizontal VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Using oscillator, apply a 4.5-kc signal to the horizontal input terminals.
- d. Set oscillator output to provide a 10-cm trace.
- e. Monitor output with ac voltmeter and note voltage reading.
- f. Maintaining voltage reading in step e, change oscillator frequency to 300 kc.
- g. Trace length should be greater than 7 cm (3-db point).

5-61. EXTERNAL TRIGGER-SENSITIVITY CHECK. Check external trigger sensitivity as follows:

- a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM.

- b. Set vertical AC-DC to AC.
- c. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- d. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 5 μ SEC/CM.
- e. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to EXT.
- f. Set TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.
- g. Using oscillator, apply a sine wave to both the vertical and horizontal input terminals.
- h. Vary oscillator frequency from 50 cps to 450 kc, maintaining a 0.53-volt input (1.5 volts peak-to-peak).
- i. Presentation should be stable over frequency range in step h.

5-62. SYNC - POLARITY AND TRIGGER - LEVEL-RANGE CHECK. Check sync polarity and trigger-level range as follows:

- a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to EXT.
- d. Apply a 7.0-volt r-m-s 400-cps signal to vertical and external sync inputs.
- e. Center pattern on crt.
- f. Rotate TRIGGER LEVEL; triggering should be possible at any point along the negative slope of the input signal.

5-63. SWEEP-TIME CHECK. Check the sweep times as follows:

- a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLT/CM.
- b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Set horizontal VERNIER to CAL.
- d. Set SWEEP MAGNIFIER to X1.
- e. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT-.
- f. Adjust TRIGGER LEVEL for best synchronization.
- g. Connect time mark generator to vertical input terminals.
- h. Referring to table 5-6, adjust the time mark generator output and the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to the indicated markers and setting, respectively, for each step; check for the indicated markers per 10 cm listed in the table.

5-64. CALIBRATOR AMPLITUDE CHECK. Check the amplitude of the calibrator as follows:

- a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to CAL.
- b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 1 MILLISEC-OND/CM.
- d. Set TRIGGER SOURCE to INT-.
- e. Turn TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.
- f. Calibrator amplitude should be 6 ± 0.12 cm.

5-65. INTENSITY MODULATION CHECK. Check intensity modulation as follows:

- a. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 10 VOLTS/CM.
- b. Turn vertical VERNIER to CAL.
- c. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 50 μ SECONDS/CM.
- d. Using square-wave generator, apply a 50-kc 20-volt peak-to-peak square wave to the vertical input terminals.
- e. Remove shorting bar from Z axis terminal and connect clip lead from vertical input to Z axis terminal.
- f. With normal intensity, the top edge of square wave should be extinguished when 20-volt peak-to-peak square wave is applied at the Z axis terminal.

Table 5-6. Horizontal Sweep Time

Step	Marker Interval	Sweep Time	Markers per 10 cm*
1	10 μ sec	5 μ SEC/CM	5
2	10 μ sec	10 μ SEC/CM	10
3	10 μ sec	20 μ SEC/CM	20
4	100 μ sec	50 μ SEC/CM	5
5	100 μ sec	100 μ SEC/CM	10
6	100 μ sec	200 μ SEC/CM	20
7	1 ms	.5 MILLISECONDS/CM	5
8	1 ms	1 MILLISECONDS/CM	10
9	1 ms	2 MILLISECONDS/CM	20
10	10 ms	5 MILLISECONDS/CM	5
11	10 ms	10 MILLISECONDS/CM	10
12	10 ms	20 MILLISECONDS/CM	20
13	100 ms	50 MILLISECONDS/CM	5
14	100 ms	100 MILLISECONDS/CM	10
15	100 ms	200 MILLISECONDS/CM	20

* ± 0.5 cm

5-66. LINE-VOLTAGE VARIATION CHECK. Check line-voltage variation as follows:

- a. Connect power cable to power autotransformer and adjust output to 115 volts ac.
- b. Set VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to CAL.
- c. Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to 2 MILLISECONDS/CM.
- d. Set TRIGGER LEVEL to AUTO.
- e. Adjust horizontal VERNIER to obtain exactly 5 cycles of calibrator signal per 10 cm; note exact amplitude of each calibrator signal.
- f. Set line voltage to 103 volts ac, then to 127 volts ac. (Allow periods of at least 2 minutes for each voltage.) Calibrator signal amplitude should be 6 ± 0.3 cm; the five cycles of the signal should change less than 0.5 cm in length.

5-67. DIAGRAMS.

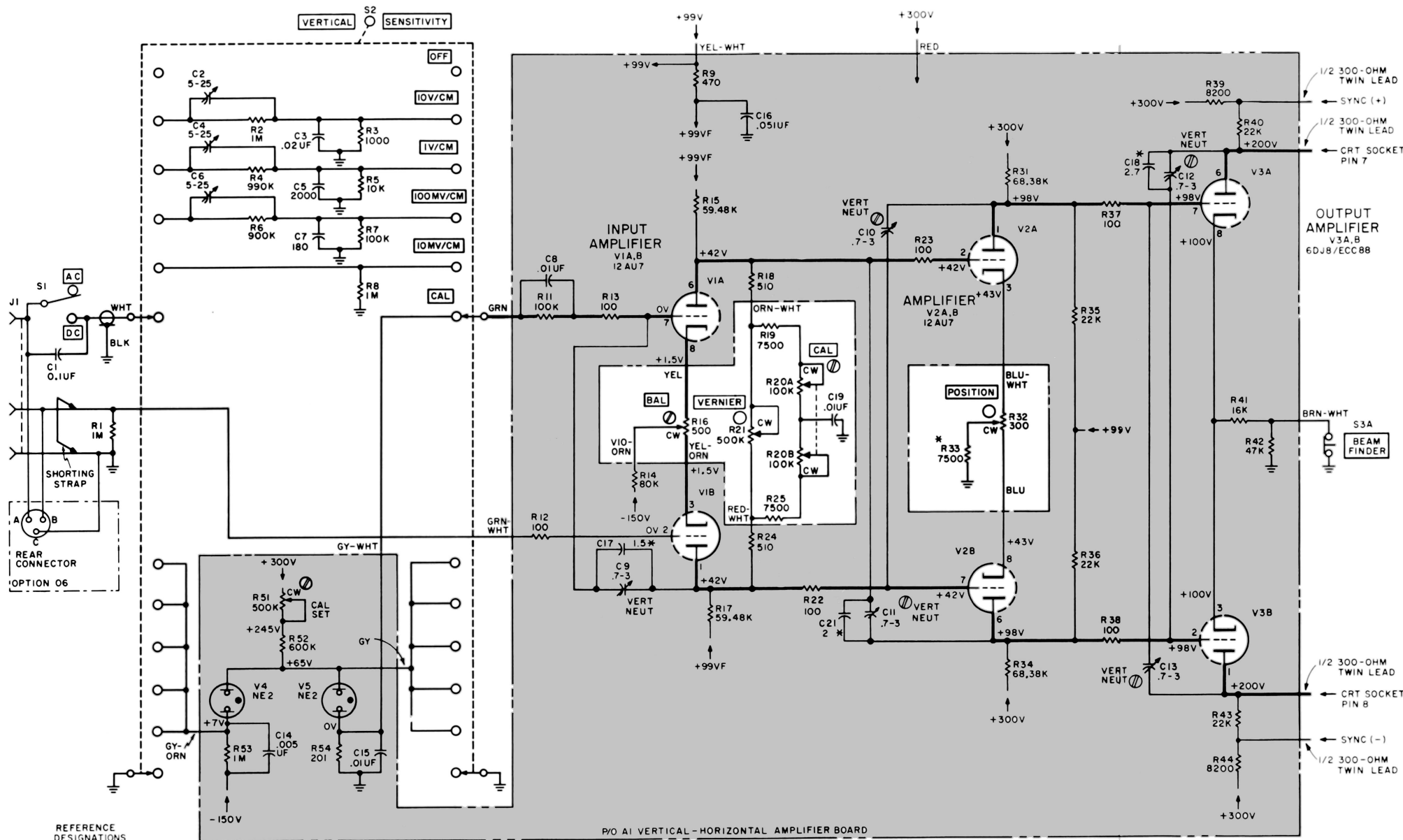
5-68. Figures 5-6 through 5-11 are schematic diagrams of the Model 120B. DC voltages are provided on the schematics as an aid in troubleshooting.

5-69. The following notations are applicable to figures 5-6 through 5-11.

- a. All values are in ohms, picofarads, and microhenries unless otherwise indicated.
- b. Lettering enclosed in heavy boxes indicates front-panel engraving.
- c. Voltage measurements are with respect to ground and made with Hewlett-Packard Model 412A VTVM.

d. Voltage measurements are made with Model 120B front-panel controls set as follows:

<u>Control</u>	<u>Setting</u>
VERTICAL SENSITIVITY switch	CAL
VERTICAL VERNIER control	CAL
Vertical AC-DC switch	AC
FOCUS control	Centered
VERTICAL POSITION control	Centered
INTENSITY control	Centered
HORIZONTAL POSITION control	Centered
HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch	5 μ SEC/CM
HORIZONTAL VERNIER control	CAL
TRIGGER SOURCE switch	INT-
TRIGGER LEVEL control	AUTO
Horizontal AC-DC switch	AC
SWEEP MAGNIFIER switch	X1



REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

A1
C1 - 21
J1
R1 - 54
S1 - 3A
V1 - 5

UNASSIGNED:
C20
R10, 26 - 30, 45 - 50

NOTES

1. ALL VALUES ARE IN OHMS, PICOFARADS AND MILLIHENRIES, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
2. * - AVERAGE VALUE SHOWN; OPTIMUM VALUE SELECTED AT FACTORY, PART MAY BE OMITTED.

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This drawing is intended for the operation and maintenance of Hewlett-Packard equipment and is not to be used otherwise or reproduced without written consent of the Hewlett-Packard Company. (20B - VERT AMPL - 202C)

Figure 5-6. Vertical Amplifier

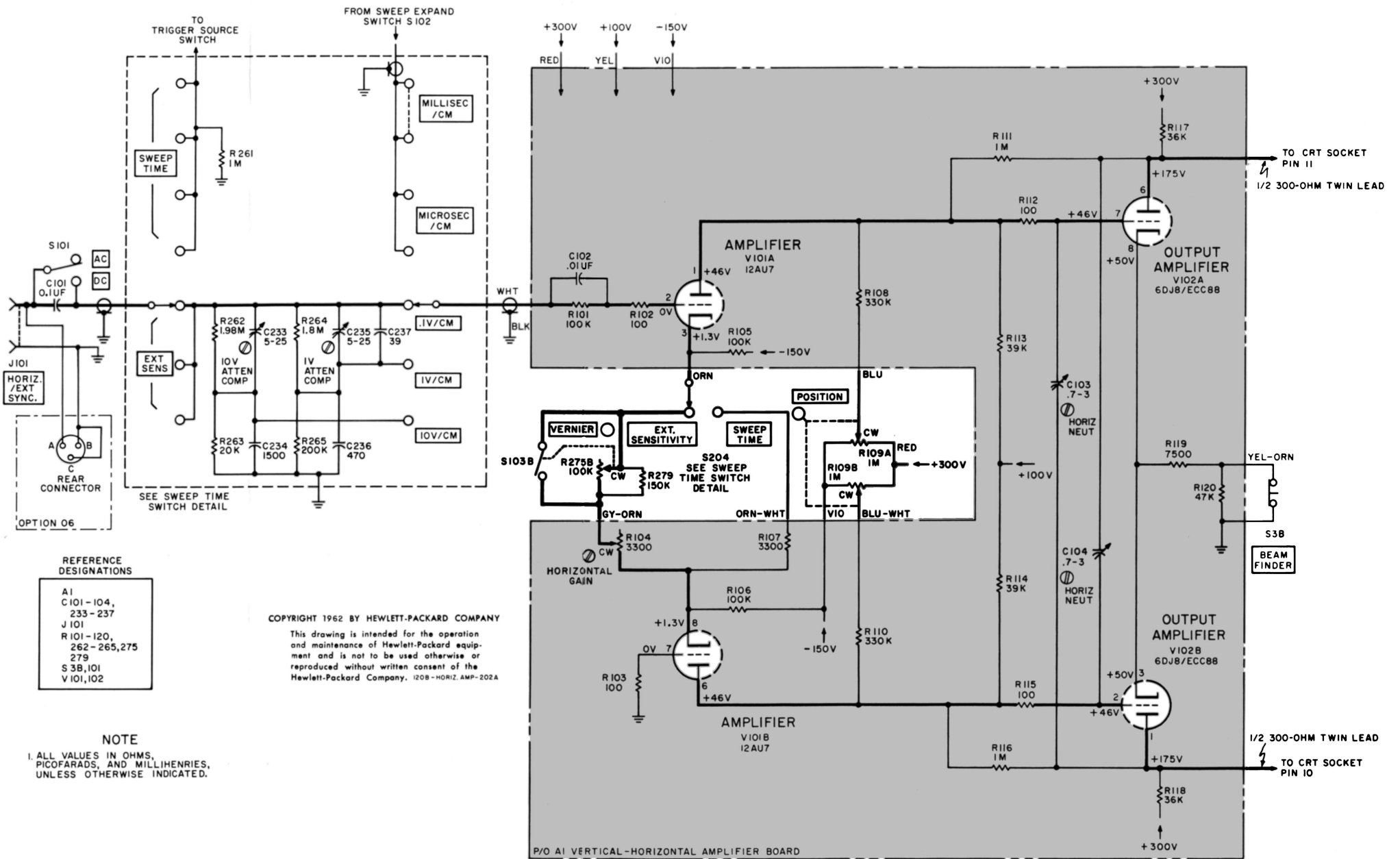
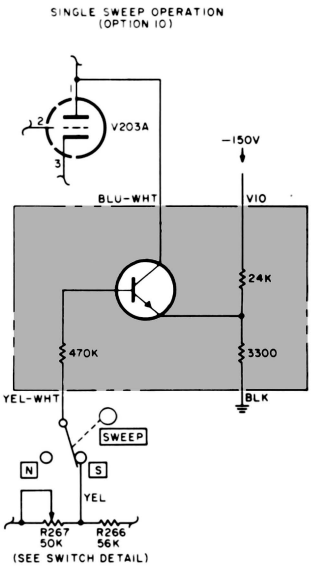
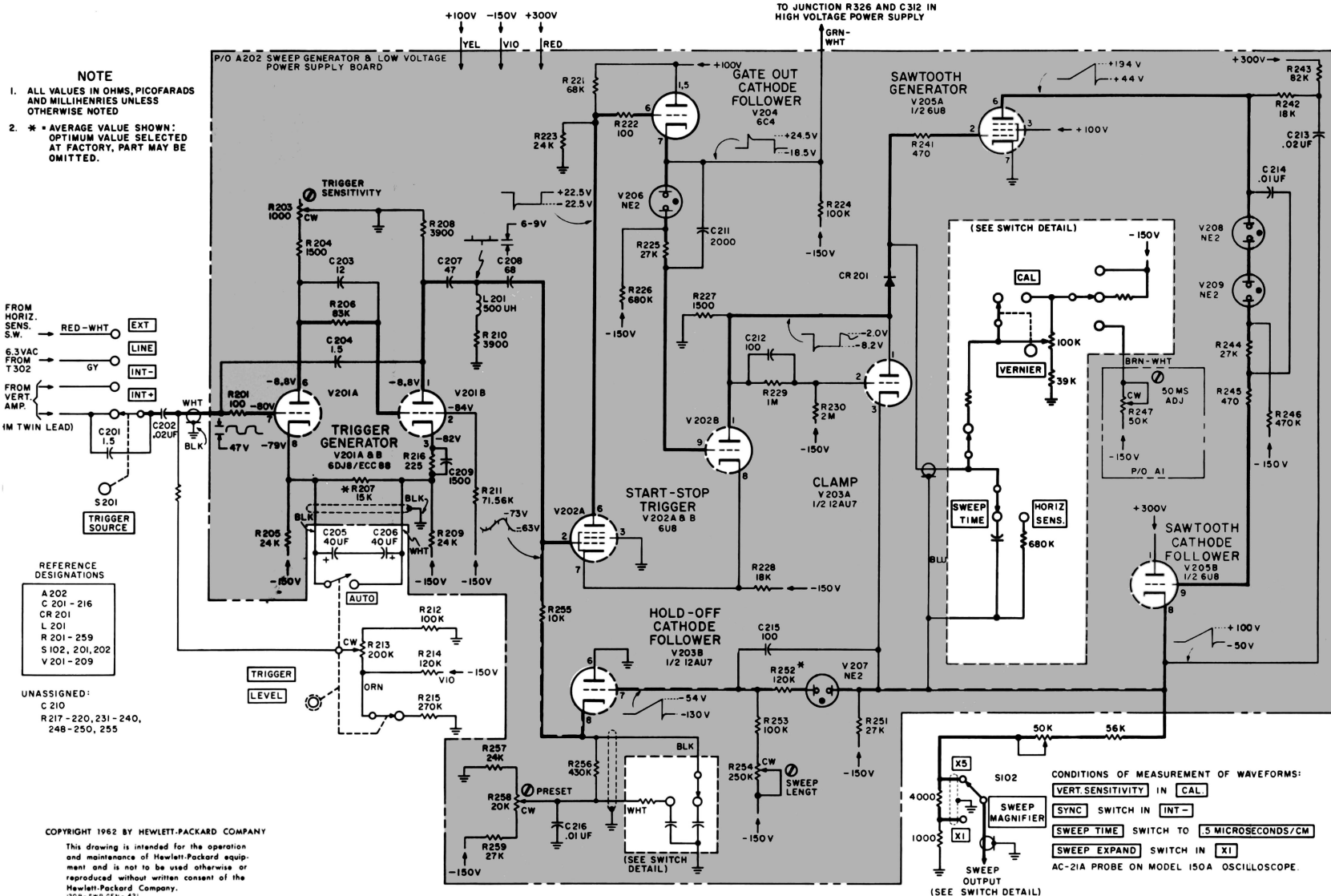


Figure 5-7. Horizontal Amplifier



Test Point	Sweep Completed*	Reset**
V202 pin 1	-8.15 volts	-1.47 volts
pin 9	-41 volts	-28 volts
pin 8	-41 volts	-1.1 volts
pin 6	+26.5 volts	+19.5 volts
pin 2	-150 volts	0 volts
V203 pin 2	-55 volts	-50 volts
pin 3	+130 volts	-49 volts
pin 7	-52 volts	-118 volts
pin 8	-55 volts	-3.5 volts
V204 pin 6	+26.5 volts	+19.5 volts
pin 7	+29 volts	+22 volts
V205 pin 2	-8.5 volts	-1.83 volts
pin 6	+240 volts	+48 volts
pin 9	+130 volts	-58 volts
pin 8	+130 volts	-49 volts
V206 (R225 side)	-25 volts	-28 volts
V207 (R252 side)	+73 volts	-100 volts
V208 (V209 side)	+185 volts	-5.1 volts
V209 (R244 side)	+130 volts	-58 volts
R242/R243 jct	+252 volts	+95 volts
R244/R245 jct	-	-58 volts

*Sweep Completed: Connect V202 pin 2 to -150 volts.
 **Reset: Connect V202 pin 2 to ground.

Figure 5-8. Sweep Generator

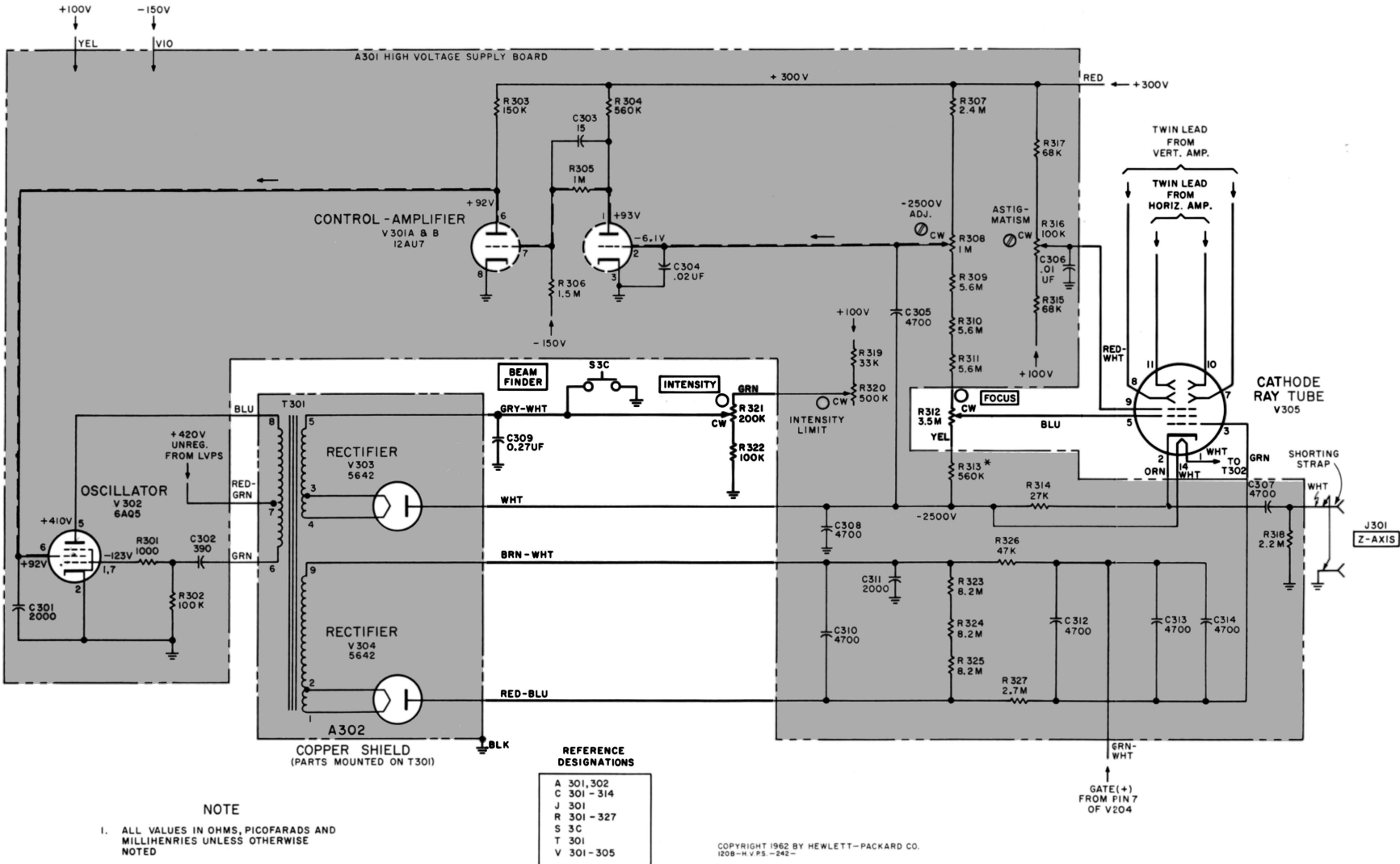


Figure 5-10. High-Voltage Power Supply

Section V
Figure 5-11

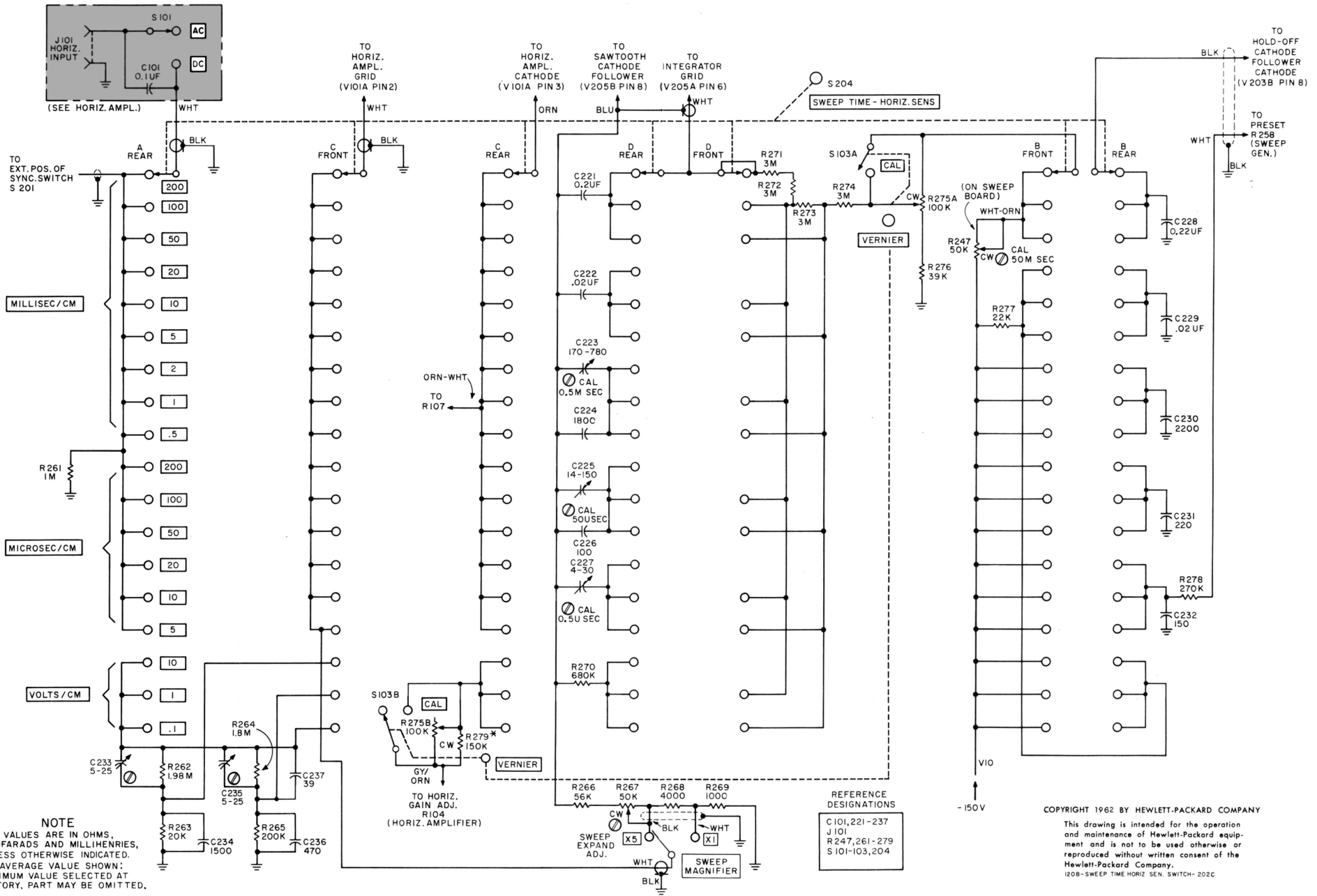


Figure 5-11. Horizontal Display Switch

SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. INTRODUCTION.

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 6-1 lists parts in alpha-numerical order of their reference designations and indicates the description and hp part number of each component, together with any applicable notes. Parts not identified by a reference designation are listed under miscellaneous at the end of Table 6-1. Table 6-2 lists parts in alpha-numerical order of their hp part number and provides the following information on each item:

- a. Description of the part (see list of abbreviations below).
- b. Typical manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code, except where Hewlett-Packard Company is the manufacturer. See list of manufacturer codes in Table 6-3.
- c. Manufacturer's part number.
- d. Total quantity used in the instrument (TQ column)

6-3. ORDERING INFORMATION.

6-4. To order a replacement part, address order or inquiry to your local Hewlett-Packard Sales/Service Office (see list of addresses at rear of this manual), and supply the hp part number of the item(s) from the tables.

6-5. To order a part not listed in the tables, provide the following information:

- a. Model number of the instrument.
- b. Complete serial number (eight digits) of the instrument.
- c. Description of the part including function and location.

6-6. To order a part from a manufacturer other than Hewlett-Packard Company, provide the complete part description and the manufacturer's part number from Table 6-2.

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS

A	= assembly	E	= misc electronic part	MP	= mechanical part	TB	= terminal board
B	= motor	F	= fuse	P	= plug	TP	= test point
C	= capacitor	FL	= filter	Q	= transistor	V	= vacuum tube, neon bulb, photocell, etc.
CP	= coupling	J	= jack	R	= resistor	W	= cable
CR	= diode	K	= relay	RT	= thermistor	X	= socket
DL	= delay line	L	= inductor	S	= switch	Y	= crystal
DS	= device signaling (lamp)	M	= meter	T	= transformer		

ABBREVIATIONS

A	= amperes	GE	= germanium	N/C	= normally closed	RMO	= rack mount only
A.F.C	= automatic frequency control	GL	= glass	NE	= neon	RMS	= root-mean-square
AMPL	= amplifier	GRD	= ground(ed)	NI PL	= nickel plate	S-B	= slow-blow
B. F. O.	= beat frequency oscillator	H	= henries	N/O	= normally open	SCR	= screw
BE CU	= beryllium copper	HEX	= hexagonal	NPO	= negative positive zero (zero temperature coefficient)	SE	= selenium
BH	= binder head	HG	= mercury	NRFR	= not recommended for field replacement	SECT	= section(s)
BP	= bandpass	HP	= Hewlett-Packard	NSR	= not separately replaceable	SEMICON	= semiconductor
BRS	= brass	HR	= hour(s)	OB	= order by description	SI	= silicon
BWO	= backward wave oscillator	IF	= intermediate freq	OH	= oval head	SIL	= silver
CCW	= counter-clockwise	IMPG	= impregnated	OX	= oxide	SL	= slide
CER	= ceramic	INCD	= incandescent	P	= peak	SPL	= special
CMO	= cabinet mount only	ENCL	= include(s)	PC	= printed circuit	SST	= stainless steel
COEF	= coefficient	ENS	= insulation(ed)	PF	= picofarads = 10 ⁻¹² farads	SR	= split ring
COM	= common	DNT	= internal	PH BRZ	= phosphor bronze	STL	= steel
COMP	= composition	K	= kilo = 1000	PHL	= Phillips	TA	= tantalum
CONN	= connector	LEN	= linear taper	PIV	= peak inverse voltage	TD	= time delay
CP	= cadmium plate	LK WASH	= lock washer	P/O	= part of	TGL	= toggle
CRT	= cathode-ray tube	LOG	= logarithmic taper	POLY	= polystyrene	TI	= titanium
CW	= clockwise	LPF	= low pass filter	PORC	= porcelain	TOL	= tolerance
DEPC	= deposited carbon	M	= milli = 10 ⁻³	POS	= position(s)	TRIM	= trimmer
DR	= drive	MEG	= meg = 10 ⁶	POT	= potentiometer	TWT	= traveling wave tube
ELECT	= electrolytic	METFLM	= metal film	PP	= peak-to-peak	U	= micro = 10 ⁻⁶
ENCAP	= encapsulated	MFR	= manufacturer	PT	= point	VAR	= variable
EXT	= external	MINAT	= miniature	RECT	= rectifier	VDCW	= dc working volts
F	= farads	MOM	= momentary	RF	= radio frequency	W/	= with
FH	= flat head	MTG	= mounting	RH	= round head	W	= watts
FIL H	= filament head	MY	= "mylar"			WW	= wirewound
FXD	= fixed	N	= nano (10 ⁻⁹)			W/O	= without

01194-10

01260-2

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
A1	120B-65F	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER	
A2	120B-19A	ASSY: SWITCH, VERTICAL	
A3	THRU		
A200		NOT ASSIGNED	
A201	120B-19D	ASSY: SWITCH, TRIGGER SOURCE	
A202	120B-65G	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, SWEEP AND LOW VOLTAGE SUPPLY	
A203	120B-65D	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, HORIZONTAL SWITCH	
A204	120B-19B	ASSY: SWITCH, HORIZONTAL (INCLUDES A203)	
A205	THRU		
A300		NOT ASSIGNED	
A301	120B-65E	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, HIGH VOLTAGE SUPPLY	
A302	120B-11B	ASSY: RECTIFIER	
C1	0170-0022	C: FXD MY 0.1 μ f 20% 600VDCW	
C2	0130-0014	C: VAR CER 5-25 pf	
C3	0140-0186	C: FXD MICA 20K pf 1% 300VDCW	
C4	0130-0014	C: VAR CER 5-25 pf	
C5	0140-0180	C: FXD MICA 2K pf 2%, 300VDCW	
C6	0130-0014	C: VAR CER 5-25 pf	
C7	0140-0147	C: FXD MICA 180 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C8	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C9	0132-0004	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	
C10	0132-0004	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	
C11	0132-0004	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	
C12	0132-0004	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	
C13	0132-0004	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	
C14	0150-0014	C: FXD CER 0.005 μ f 500VDCW	
C15	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C16	0170-0003	C: FXD MY 0.051 μ f 10% 200VDCW	
C17	0150-0011	C: FXD TI-OX 1.5 pf 20% 500VDCW	
C18	0150-0041	C: FXD TI-OX 2.7 pf 5% 300VDCW	
C19	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C20		NOT ASSIGNED	
C21	0150-0011	C: FXD TI-OX 1.5 pf 20% 500VDCW	
C22	THRU		
C100		NOT ASSIGNED	
C101	0170-0022	C: FXD MY 0.1 μ f 20% 600VDCW	
C102	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C103	0132-0002	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	
C104	0132-0004	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	
C105	THRU		
C200		NOT ASSIGNED	
C201	0150-0011	C: FXD TI-OX 1.5 pf 20% 500VDCW	
C202	0150-0024	C: FXD CER 20K pf -20% +80% 600VDCW	
C203	0140-0201	C: FXD MICA 12 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C204	0150-0011	C: FXD TI-OX 1.5 pf 20% 500VDCW	
C205	0180-0050	C: FXD ELECT 40 μ f -15% +100% 500VDCW	
C206	0180-0050	C: FXD ELECT 40 μ f -15% +100% 500VDCW	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
C207	0140-0039	C: FXD MICA 47 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C208	0140-0082	C: FXD MICA 68 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C209	0140-0156	C: FXD MICA 1500 pf 20% 300VDCW	
C210		NOT ASSIGNED	
C211	0150-0023	C: FXD CER 2000 pf 5% 1000VDCW	
C212	0140-0041	C: FXD MICA 100 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C213	0150-0024	C: FXD CER 20K pf -20% +80% 600VDCW	
C214	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C215	0140-0041	C: FXD MICA 100 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C216	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C217	THRU		
C220		NOT ASSIGNED	
C221	0170-0028	C: FXD MY 0.2 μ f 5% 200VDCW	
C222	0170-0027	C: FXD MY 0.02 μ f 5% 200VDCW	
C223	0131-0003	C: VAR MICA 170-780 pf 175VDCW	
C224	0170-0026	C: FXD MY 0.0018 μ f 5% 200VDCW	
C225	0131-0004	C: VAR MICA 14-150 pf 175VDCW	
C226	0140-0041	C: FXD MICA 100 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C227	0130-0019	C: VAR CER 4-30 pf 500VDCW	
C228	0170-0038	C: FXD MY 0.22 μ f 10% 200VDCW	
C229	0170-0027	C: FXD MY 0.02 μ f 5% 200VDCW	
C230	0160-0007	C: FXD MY 0.0022 μ f 10% 600VDCW	
C231	0140-0031	C: FXD MICA 220 pf 10% 500VDCW	
C232	0140-0055	C: FXD MICA 150 pf 10% 500VDCW	
C233	0130-0016	C: VAR CER 5-25 pf 500VDCW	
C234	0140-0156	C: FXD MICA 1.5K pf 20% 300VDCW	
C235	0130-0016	C: VAR CER 5-25 pf 500VDCW	
C236	0140-0027	C: FXD MICA 470 pf 10% 500VDCW	
C237	0140-0035	C: FXD MICA 39 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C238	THRU		
C300		NOT ASSIGNED	
C301	0150-0023	C: FXD CER 2000 pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C302	0140-0037	C: FXD MICA 390 pf 5% 500VDCW	
C303	0140-0004	C: FXD MICA 15 pf 10% 500VDCW	
C304	0150-0024	C: FXD CER 20K pf -20% +80% 600VDCW	
C305	0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	
C306	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C307	0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	
C308	0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	
C309	0160-0039	C: FXD MY 0.27 μ f 10% 200VDCW	
C310	0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	
C311	0150-0023	C: FXD CER 2000 pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C312	0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	
C313	0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	
C314	0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	
C315	THRU		
C320		NOT ASSIGNED	

* See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
C321	0180-0126	C: FXD ELECT 120 μ f 300VDCW	
C322A/B	0180-0030	C: FXD ELECT 2 SECT 120 x 40 μ f 450VDCW	
C323	0150-0024	C: FXD CER 20K pf -20% +80% 600VDCW	
C324A/B/C	0180-0053	C: FXD ELECT 3 SECT 40-30-20 μ f 150VDCW	
C325A/B	0180-0127	C: FXD ELECT 2 SECT 120 x 40 μ f -10% +50% 300VDCW	
C326	0150-0024	C: FXD CER 20K pf -20% +80% 600VDCW	
C327	0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	
C328	0180-0056	C: FXD ELECT 1K μ f 50VDCW	
C329	0150-0024	C: FXD CER 20K pf -20% +80% 600VDCW	
CR1 THRU CR200		NOT ASSIGNED	
CR201	1901-0044	DIODE: SILICON	
CR202 THRU CR300		NOT ASSIGNED	
CR301	1901-0030	DIODE: SILICON 800 V	
CR302	1901-0030	DIODE: SILICON 800 V	
CR303	1901-0030	DIODE: SILICON 800 V	
CR304	1901-0045	DIODE: SILICON	
CR305	1902-0225	DIODE: SILICON AVALANCHE 18.7 V	
DS1	1450-0048	LAMP: INDICATOR	
F1 THRU F300		NOT ASSIGNED	
F301	2110-0005	FUSE: CARTRIDGE 1.6 AMP S-B (FOR 115 V OPERATION)	
	2110-0020	FUSE: CARTRIDGE 0.8 AMP S-B (FOR 230 V OPERATION)	
J1	5060-0633	NSR - CONSISTS OF:	
	5060-0632	BINDING POST: RED (2 USED)	
	0340-0091	BINDING POST: BLACK (1 USED)	
	0340-0086	INSULATOR: 3 HOLE (1 USED)	
		INSULATOR: 2 HOLE (1 USED)	
J2 THRU J100		NOT ASSIGNED	
J101	5060-0633	NSR - CONSISTS OF:	
	5060-0632	BINDING POST: RED (1 USED)	
	0340-0091	BINDING POST: BLACK (SHARED BY J101 AND J301)	
	0340-0087	INSULATOR: 3 HOLE (SHARED BY J101 AND J301)	
		INSULATOR: 3 HOLE (SHARED BY J101 AND J301)	
J102 THRU J300		NOT ASSIGNED	
J301	5060-0633	NSR - CONSISTS OF:	
	5060-0632	BINDING POST: RED (1 USED)	
	0340-0091	BINDING POST: BLACK (SHARED BY J101 AND J301)	
	0340-0087	INSULATOR: 3 HOLE (SHARED BY J101 AND J301)	
		INSULATOR: 3 HOLE (SHARED BY J101 AND J301)	
L1 THRU L200		NOT ASSIGNED	
L201	9140-0022	INDUCTOR: FXD RF 500 μ h 10%	
L202 THRU L300		NOT ASSIGNED	
L301	5060-0409	INDUCTOR: ALIGNMENT	
L302	9140-0029	INDUCTOR: FXD RF 100 μ h	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
P1 P300 P301	THRU	NOT ASSIGNED NSR: PART OF POWER CORD W1	
Q1 Q300 Q301	THRU 1850-0038	NOT ASSIGNED TRANSISTOR: 2N301	
R1	0686-1055	R: FXD COMP 1M 5% 1/2W	
R2	0727-0274	R: FXD DEPC 1M 1% 1/2W	
R3	0727-0100	R: FXD DEPC 1K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R4	0727-0271	R: FXD DEPC 990K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R5	0727-0157	R: FXD DEPC 10K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R6	0727-0261	R: FXD DEPC 900K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R7	0727-0208	R: FXD DEPC 100K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R8	0686-1055	R: FXD COMP 1M 5% 1/2W	
R9	0687-4711	R: FXD COMP 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R10		NOT ASSIGNED	
R11	0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R12	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R13	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R14	0730-0062	R: FXD DEPC 80K OHMS 1% 1W	
R15	0727-0197	R: FXD DEPC 59.48K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R16	2100-0054	R: VAR WW LIN 500 OHMS 10% 2W	
R17	0727-0197	R: FXD DEPC 59.48K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R18	0686-5115	R: FXD COMP 510 OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R19	0686-7525	R: FXD COMP 7.5K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R20A/B	2100-0339	R: VAR COMP LOG 2 SECT 100K OHMS/SECT 20% 1/4W	
R21	2100-0174	R: VAR COMP 500K OHMS 20%, 5% CW LOG TAPER 1/4W W/SPDT SWITCH	
R22	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R23	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R24	0686-5115	R: FXD COMP 510 OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R25	0686-7525	R: FXD COMP 7.5K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R26 R30	THRU	NOT ASSIGNED	
R31	0730-0056	R: FXD DEPC 68.38K OHMS 1% 1W	
R32	2100-1486	R: VAR COMP LIN 300 OHMS 20% 3W	
R33	0730-0024	R: FXD DEPC 7.5K OHMS 1% 1W	
R34	0730-0056	R: FXD DEPC 68.38K OHMS 1% 1W	
R35	0687-2231	R: FXD COMP 22K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R36	0687-2231	R: FXD COMP 22K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R37	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R38	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R39	0690-8221	R: FXD COMP 8.2K OHMS 10% 1W	
R40	0689-2235	R: FXD COMP 22K OHMS 5% 1W	
R41	0689-1635	R: FXD COMP 16K OHMS 5% 1W	
R42	0687-4731	R: FXD COMP 47K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R43	0689-2235	R: FXD COMP 22K OHMS 5% 1W	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
R44	0690-8221	R: FXD COMP 8.2K OHMS 10% 1W	
R45	THRU	NOT ASSIGNED	
R50			
R51			R: VAR COMP LIN 500K OHMS 30% 1/5W
R52			R: FXD DEPC 600K OHMS 1% 1/2W
R53			R: FXD COMP 1M 5% 1/2W
R54	0727-0055	R: FXD DEPC 201 OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R55	THRU	NOT ASSIGNED	
R100			
R101			R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W
R102			R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W
R103			R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W
R104	2100-0182	R: VAR COMP LIN 3.3K OHMS 10% 1/3W	
R105	0690-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1W	
R106	0690-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1W	
R107	0687-3321	R: FXD COMP 3.3K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R108	0687-3341	R: VAR COMP 330K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R109A/B	2100-0258	R: VAR COMP DUAL TANDEM LIN 1M 20% 1/4W	
R110	0687-3341	R: VAR COMP 330K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R111	0727-0274	R: FXD DEPC 1M 1% 1/2W	
R112	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R113	0686-3935	R: FXD COMP 39K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R114	0686-3935	R: FXD COMP 39K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R115	0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R116	0727-0274	R: FXD DEPC 1M 1% 1/2W	
R117	0692-3635	R: FXD COMP 36K OHMS 5% 2W	
R118	0692-3635	R: FXD COMP 36K OHMS 5% 2W	
R119	0689-7525	R: FXD COMP 7.5K OHMS 5% 1W	
R120	0687-4731	R: FXD COMP 47K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R121	THRU	NOT ASSIGNED	
R200			
R201			R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W
R202			R: FXD COMP 1.8M 10% 1/2W
R203			R: COMP LIN 1K OHMS 30% 3/10W
R204	0686-1525	R: FXD COMP 1.5K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R205	0689-2435	R: FXD COMP 24K OHMS 5% 1W	
R206	0727-0202	R: FXD DEPC 83K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R207	0687-1531	R: FXD COMP 15K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R208	0687-3921	R: FXD COMP 3.9K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R209	0689-2435	R: FXD COMP 24K OHMS 5% 1W	
R210	0687-3921	R: FXD COMP 3.9K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R211	0727-0201	R: FXD DEPC 71.56K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R212	0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R213	2100-0188	R: VAR COMP LIN 200K OHMS 20% 1/4W	
R214	0686-1245	R: FXD COMP 120K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R215	0686-2745	R: FXD COMP 270K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R216	THRU	NOT ASSIGNED	
R217			
R220			
R221			R: FXD COMP 68K OHMS 10% 1/2W
R222			R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
R223	0686-2435	R: FXD COMP 24K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R224	0690-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1W	
R225	0687-2731	R: FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R226	0687-6841	R: FXD COMP 680K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R227	0727-0110	R: FXD DEPC 1.5K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R228	0693-1831	R: FXD COMP 18K OHMS 10% 2W	
R229	0686-1055	R: FXD COMP 1M 5% 1/2W	
R230	0686-2055	R: FXD COMP 2M 5% 1/2W	
R231	THRU		
R240		NOT ASSIGNED	
R241	0687-4711	R: FXD COMP 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R242	0689-1835	R: FXD COMP 18K OHMS 5% 1W	
R243	0690-8231	R: FXD COMP 82K OHMS 10% 1W	
R244	0687-2731	R: FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R245	0687-4711	R: FXD COMP 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R246	0687-4741	R: FXD COMP 470K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R247	2100-0094	R: VAR COMP LIN 50K OHMS 3% 1/4W	
R248	THRU		
R250		NOT ASSIGNED	
R251	0771-0006	R: FXD MET OX 27K OHMS 10% 4W	
R252	0687-1241	R: FXD COMP 120K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R253	0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R254	2100-0144	R: VAR COMP 250K OHMS 30% 1/4W	
R255	0686-1035	R: FXD COMP 10K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R256	0686-4345	R: FXD COMP 430K OHMS 5% 1/2W	
R257	0687-2731	R: FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R258	2100-0093	R: VAR COMP LIN 20K OHMS 20% 1/4W	
R259	0687-2731	R: FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R260		NOT ASSIGNED	
R261	0687-1051	R: FXD COMP 1M 10% 1/2W	
R262	0727-0376	R: FXD DEPC 1.98M 1% 1/2W	
R263	0727-0173	R: FXD DEPC 20K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R264	0727-0285	R: FXD DEPC 1.8M 1% 1/2W	
R265	0727-0221	R: FXD DEPC 200K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R266	0687-5631	R: FXD COMP 56K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R267	2100-0094	R: VAR COMP LIN 50K OHMS 3% 1/4W	
R268	0727-0132	R: FXD DEPC 4K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R269	0727-0100	R: FXD DEPC 1K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R270	0687-6841	R: FXD COMP 680K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R271	0727-0292	R: FXD DEPC 3M 1% 1/2W	
R272	0727-0292	R: FXD DEPC 3M 1% 1/2W	
R273	0727-0292	R: FXD DEPC 3M 1% 1/2W	
R274	0727-0292	R: FXD DEPC 3M 1% 1/2W	
R275A/B	2100-0338	R: VAR COMP LOG 2 SECT 100K OHMS/SECT 20% 1/4W (includes S103)	
R276	0687-3931	R: FXD COMP 39K OHMS 10% 1/2W	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
R277	0687-2231	R: FXD COMP 22K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R278	0687-2741	R: FXD COMP 270K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R279	0687-1541	R: FXD COMP 150K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R280			
R300		NOT ASSIGNED	
R301	0687-1021	R: FXD COMP 1K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R302	0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R303	0693-1541	R: FXD COMP 150K OHMS 10% 2W	
R304	0690-5641	R: FXD COMP 560K OHMS 10% 1W	
R305	0687-1051	R: FXD COMP 1M 10% 1/2W	
R306	0687-1551	R: FXD COMP 1.5M 10% 1/2W	
R307	0686-2455	R: FXD COMP 2.4M 5% 1/2W	
R308	2100-0096	R: VAR COMP LIN 1M 30% 1/4W	
R309	0693-5651	R: FXD COMP 5.6M 10% 2W	
R310	0693-5651	R: FXD COMP 5.6M 10% 2W	
R311	0693-5651	R: FXD COMP 5.6M 10% 2W	
R312	2100-0105	R: VAR COMP LIN 3.5M 30% 1/2W	
R313	0687-5641	R: FXD COMP 560K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R314	0687-2731	R: FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R315	0687-6831	R: FXD COMP 68K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R316	2100-0095	R: VAR COMP LIN 100K OHMS 30% 1/4W	
R317	0687-6831	R: FXD COMP 68K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R318	0687-2251	R: FXD COMP 2.2M 10% 1/2W	
R319	0687-3331	R: FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R320	2100-0102	R: VAR COMP LIN 500K OHMS 30% 1/5W	
R321	2100-0171	R: VAR COMP LIN 200K OHMS 20% 1/4W (INCLUDES S301)	
R322	0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R323	0693-8251	R: FXD COMP 8.2M 10% 2W	
R324	0693-8251	R: FXD COMP 8.2M 10% 2W	
R325	0693-8251	R: FXD COMP 8.2M 10% 2W	
R326	0687-4731	R: FXD COMP 47K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R327	0687-2751	R: FXD COMP 2.7M 10% 1/2W	
R328			
R330		NOT ASSIGNED	
R331	0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R332	0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R333	0690-1841	R: FXD COMP 180K OHMS 10% 1W	
R334	0690-4741	R: FXD COMP 470K OHMS 10% 1W	
R335	0687-1051	R: FXD COMP 1M 10% 1/2W	
R336	0687-4731	R: FXD COMP 47K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R337	0687-4711	R: FXD COMP 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R338	0687-1021	R: FXD COMP 1K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R339	0727-0235	R: FXD DEPC 360K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R340	0727-0218	R: FXD DEPC 180K OHMS 1% 1/2W	
R341	0727-0378	R: FXD DEPC 257.1K OHMS 1% 1/2W	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
R342 R343 R350 R351 R352	0687-4711 0727-0287 2100-0144	R: FXD COMP 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W NOT ASSIGNED R: FXD DEPC 2M 1% 1/2W R: VAR COMP 250K OHMS 30% 1/4W	
R353 R354 R355 R356 R357	0727-0289 0687-8241 0687-8231 0693-1031 0687-1831	R: FXD DEPC 2.52M 1% 1/2W R: FXD COMP 820K OHMS 10% 1/2W R: FXD COMP 82K OHMS 10% 1/2W R: FXD COMP 10K OHMS 10% 2W R: FXD COMP 18K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
R358 R359 R360 R361 R362	0687-1531 0687-1051 0699-0006 0699-0006	R: FXD COMP 15K OHMS 10% 1/2W R: FXD COMP 1M 10% 1/2W NOT ASSIGNED R: FXD COMP 4.7 OHMS 10% 1W R: FXD COMP 4.7 OHMS 10% 1W	
R363 R364A/B R365	0767-0010 2100-0150 0687-3331	R: FXD MET OX 15K OHMS 5% 3W R: VAR COMP DUAL TANDEM 10K OHMS 20% 1/4W R: FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
S1 S2 S3A/B/C S4 S100	3101-0011 3101-0010 3101-0010	SWITCH: SLIDE 1 SECT 4 POS NSR: PART OF A2 ASSY SWITCH: PUSH DPDT NOT ASSIGNED	
S101 S102 S103 S104 S200	3101-0011 3101-0011 3100-0302	SWITCH: SLIDE 1 SECT 4 POS SWITCH: SLIDE 1 SECT 4 POS NSR: PART OF R275A/B NOT ASSIGNED	
S201 S202 S203 S204 S205 S300 S301	 3100-0302 3100-0302	NSR: PART OF A201 ASSY NSR: PART OF R213 NOT ASSIGNED SWITCH: ROT 4 SECT 18 POS NOT ASSIGNED NSR: PART OF R321	
T1 T300 T301 T302	 120A-11A-1 9100-0156	NOT ASSIGNED TRANSFORMER: HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSFORMER: POWER	
V1 V2 V3 V4 V5	1932-0029 1932-0029 1932-0022 5080-0417 5080-0417	TUBE: ELECTRON 12AU7 TUBE: ELECTRON 12AU7 TUBE: ELECTRON 6DJ8 TUBE: NEON GLOW TUBE: NEON GLOW	
V6 V100 V101 V102 V103 V200	 1932-0029 1932-0022 1932-0029	NOT ASSIGNED TUBE: ELECTRON 12AU7 TUBE: ELECTRON 6DJ8 NOT ASSIGNED	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
V201	1932-0022	TUBE: ELECTRON 6DJ8	
V202	1933-0004	TUBE: ELECTRON 6U8	
V203	1932-0029	TUBE: ELECTRON 12AU7	
V204	1921-0005	TUBE: ELECTRON 6C4	
V205	1933-0004	TUBE: ELECTRON 6U8	
V206	5080-0417	TUBE: NEON GLOW	
V207	5080-0417	TUBE: NEON GLOW	
V208	5080-0419	TUBE: NEON GLOW	
V209	5080-0419	TUBE: NEON GLOW	
V210	THRU		
V300		NOT ASSIGNED	
V301	1932-0029	TUBE: ELECTRON 12AU7	
V302	1923-0018	TUBE: ELECTRON 6AQ5	
V303	1920-0001	TUBE: ELECTRON 5642	
V304	1920-0001	TUBE: ELECTRON 5642	
V305	5083-0353	CRT: P31 PHOSPHOR INTERNAL GRATICULE	
V306		NOT ASSIGNED	
V307	1921-0010	TUBE: ELECTRON 12B4A	
V308	1933-0004	TUBE: ELECTRON 6U8	
V309	1921-0010	TUBE: ELECTRON 12B4A	
V310	1923-0021	TUBE: ELECTRON 6AU6	
V311	1940-0001	TUBE: ELECTRON 5651	
W1	8120-0050	CORD: POWER (INCLUDES P301)	
XV1	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV2	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV3	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV4	THRU		
XV100		NOT ASSIGNED	
XV101	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV102	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV103	THRU		
XV200		NOT ASSIGNED	
XV201	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV202	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV203	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV204	1200-0053	TUBE: SOCKET 7 PIN MINAT	
XV205	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV206	THRU		
XV300		NOT ASSIGNED	
XV301	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV302	1200-0053	TUBE: SOCKET 7 PIN MINAT	
XV303	THRU		
XV306		NOT ASSIGNED	
XV307	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV308	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV309	1200-0062	TUBE: SOCKET 9 PIN MINAT	
XV310	1200-0053	TUBE: SOCKET 7 PIN MINAT	
XV311	1200-0053	TUBE: SOCKET 7 PIN MINAT	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Reference Designation	hp Part No.	Description #	Note
XQ1 THRU XQ300 XQ301	1200-0041	NOT ASSIGNED TRANSISTOR: SOCKET	
		<u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>	
	120A-83A	FILTER: AMBER (USED WITH CRT WITH P7 PHOSPHOR)	
	120B-44A-1	COVER: TOP	
	0370-0026	KNOB: POSITION CONTROLS	
	0370-0037	KNOB: HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL SELECTORS	
	0370-0062	KNOB: VERNIER CONTROLS	
	0370-0084	KNOB: INTENSITY AND FOCUS CONTROLS	
	0370-0113	KNOB: TRIGGER SOURCE SELECTOR	
	0370-0114	KNOB: TRIGGER LEVEL CONTROL	
	5000-0743	COVER: SIDE	
	5020-0710	BRACKET: LEFT RACK MOUNT	
	5020-0711	BRACKET: RIGHT RACK MOUNT	
	5020-0718	STRIP: LARGE FILLER	
	5060-0625	ASSY: LEFT CONNECTOR	
	5060-0734	FRAME: ASSY SIDE	
	5060-0758	COVER: BOTTOM	
	5060-0767	ASSY: FULL MODULE FOOT	
		<u>SPECIAL ORDER CRT'S</u>	
	5083-0323	CRT: P2 PHOSPHOR, INTERNAL GRATICULE	
	5083-0333	CRT: P7 PHOSPHOR, INTERNAL GRATICULE	
	5083-0342	CRT: P11 PHOSPHOR, ALUMINIZED, INTERNAL GRATICULE	
		<u>OPTION 05</u>	
	120A-83A	FILTER: AMBER (USED WITH CRT WITH P7 PHOSPHOR)	
	120A-83B	FILTER: BLUE (USED WITH CRT WITH P11 PHOSPHOR)	
	120A-83C	GRATICULE: SCRIBED	
	120A-83G	FILTER: GREEN (USED WITH CRT WITH P31 PHOSPHOR)	
	0370-0084	KNOB: SCALE	
	0693-4711	R: FXD COMP 470 OHMS 10% 2W	
	5083-0330	CRT: P7 PHOSPHOR, WITHOUT INTERNAL GRATICULE	
	5083-0340	CRT: P11 PHOSPHOR, WITHOUT INTERNAL GRATICULE	
	5083-0350	CRT: P31 PHOSPHOR, WITHOUT INTERNAL GRATICULE	
	NONE	R: VAR 300 OHMS (CTS TYPE FGC-90)	
	NONE	LAMP: 6 VOLTS 200 MA (4 EACH) (GE 1768)	
		<u>OPTION 06</u>	
	1251-0038	CONNECTOR: FEMALE (TYPE MS-3106A-10SL-3S) 2 EACH	
	1251-0039	CONNECTOR: MALE (TYPE MS-3102A-10SL-3P) 2 EACH	
	1251-0041	CLAMP: CABLE (TYPE AN-3057-4) 2 EACH	
		<u>OPTION 10</u>	
	120B-95B-1	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY: (INCLUDES COMPONENTS)	
	0370-0084	KNOB: BLACK, 1 ARROW, 1/4 INCH SHAFT	
	0686-3325	R: FXD COMP 3300 OHMS 5% 1/2W	
	0687-4741	R: FXD COMP 470K OHMS 10% 1/2W	
	0761-0077	R: FXD METFLM 24K OHMS 5% 1W	
	1854-0015	TRANSISTOR: SILICON NPN	
	3100-0211	SWITCH: ROTARY SPDT (SWEEP)	

See introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

hp Part No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	TQ	RS
120A-11A-1	TRANSFORMER: HIGH VOLTAGE	hp		1	1
120A-83A	FILTER: AMBER	hp		1	0
120B-11B	ASSY: RECTIFIER	hp		1	1
120B-19A	ASSY: SWITCH, VERTICAL	hp		1	1
120B-19B	ASSY: SWITCH, HORIZONTAL (INCLUDES A203)	hp		1	1
120B-19D	ASSY: SWITCH, TRIGGER SOURCE	hp		1	1
120B-44A-1	COVER: TOP	hp		1	0
120B-65D	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, HORIZONTAL SWITCH	hp		1	0
120B-65E	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, HIGH VOLTAGE SUPPLY	hp		1	0
120B-65F	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER	hp		1	0
120B-65G	ASSY: ETCHED CIRCUIT, SWEEP AND LOW VOLTAGE SUPPLY	hp		1	0
120B-95B-1	ASSY: TERMINAL BOARD	hp		1	0
0130-0014	C: VAR CER 5-25 pf 350VDCW	72982	577-030-COP-39R	3	1
0130-0016	C: VAR CER 5-25 pf 500VDCW	72982	557-019-COP-39R	2	1
0130-0019	C: VAR CER 4-30 pf 500VDCW	72982	503-015-W-650	1	1
0131-0003	C: VAR MICA 170-780 pf 175VDCW	72136	T52910	1	1
0131-0004	C: VAR MICA 14-150 pf 175VDCW	72136	T51410-3	1	1
0132-0002	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	72982	535-015-4R	1	1
0132-0004	C: VAR POLY 0.7-3 pf 350VDCW	72982	535-009-4R	6	2
0140-0004	C: FXD MICA 15 pf 10% 500VDCW	76433	RCM15B150K	1	1
0140-0027	C: FXD MICA 470 pf 10% 500VDCW	76433	RCM20B471K	1	1
0140-0031	C: FXD MICA 220 pf 10% 500VDCW	76433	RCM20B221K	1	1
0140-0035	C: FXD MICA 39 pf 5% 500VDCW	76433	RCM15E390J	1	1
0140-0037	C: FXD MICA 390 pf 5% 500VDCW	76433	RCM15E391J	1	1
0140-0039	C: FXD MICA 47 pf 5% 500VDCW	76433	RCM15E470J	1	1
0140-0041	C: FXD MICA 100 pf 5% 500VDCW	76433	RCM15E101J	3	1
0140-0055	C: FXD MICA 150 pf 10% 500VDCW	76433	RCM20B151K	1	1
0140-0082	C: FXD MICA 68 pf 5% 500VDCW	76433	RCM15E680J	1	1
0140-0147	C: FXD MICA 180 pf 5% 500VDCW	72136	DM15F181J	1	1
0140-0156	C: FXD MICA 1500 pf 20% 300VDCW	72136	DM19F152G	2	1
0140-0180	C: FXD MICA 2000 pf 2% 300VDCW	72136	DM19F202G	1	1
0140-0186	C: FXD MICA 20K pf 1% 300VDCW	72136	DM30F203F	1	1
0140-0201	C: FXD MICA 12 pf 5% 500VDCW	72136	DM15C120J	1	1
0150-0011	C: FXD TI-OX 1.5 pf 20% 500VDCW	78488	GA	4	1
0150-0012	C: FXD CER 10K pf 20% 1000VDCW	71590	13C DISC	8	2
0150-0014	C: FXD CER 0.005 μ f 500VDCW	04222	D1-4	1	1
0150-0023	C: FXD CER 2K pf 20% 1000VDCW	91418	JF0.002-20%	3	1
0150-0024	C: FXD CER 20K pf -20% +80% 600VDCW	91418	B0.02 GMV	6	2
0150-0041	C: FXD TI-OX 2.7 pf 5% 500VDCW	78488	TYPE GA OBD#	1	1
0160-0007	C: FXD MY 0.0022 μ f 10% 600VDCW	56289	160P22296	1	1
0160-0039	C: FXD MY 0.27 μ f 10% 200VDCW	56289	160P27492	1	1
0160-0151	C: FXD CER 4700 pf -20% +80% 4000VDCW	71590	DA172-097CB	7	2
0170-0003	C: FXD MY 0.051 μ f 10% 200VDCW	00853	33M02151	1	1
0170-0022	C: FXD MY 0.1 μ f 20% 600VDCW	84411	HEW 7	2	1
0170-0026	C: FXD MY 0.0018 μ f 5% 200VDCW	84411	60QUE18252	1	1

See introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

hp Part No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	TQ	RS
0170-0027	C: FXD MY 0.02 μ f 5% 200VDCW	84411	600UE20352	2	1
0170-0028	C: FXD MY 0.2 μ f 5% 200VDCW	84411	600UE20452	1	1
0170-0038	C: FXD MY 0.22 μ f 10% 200VDCW	56289	148P22492	1	1
0180-0030	C: FXD ELECT 2 SECT 120 x 40 μ f 450VDCW	56289	D32352	1	1
0180-0050	C: FXD ELECT 40 μ f -15% +100% 50VDCW	56289	D32538	2	1
0180-0053	C: FXD ELECT 3 SECT 40-30-20 μ f 150VDCW	56289	OBD#	1	1
0180-0056	C: FXD ELECT 1K μ f 50VDCW	56289	D32429	1	1
0180-0126	C: FXD ELECT 120 μ f 300VDCW	56289	D36236	1	1
0180-0127	C: FXD ELECT 2 SECT 120 x 40 μ f -10% +50% 300VDCW	56289	D36235	1	1
0370-0026	KNOB: POSITION CONTROLS	hp		2	0
0370-0037	KNOB: HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL SELECTORS	hp		2	0
0370-0062	KNOB: VERNIER CONTROLS	hp		2	0
0370-0084	KNOB: INTENSITY AND FOCUS CONTROLS	hp		3	0
0370-0113	KNOB: TRIGGER SOURCE SELECTOR	hp		1	0
0370-0114	KNOB: TRIGGER LEVEL CONTROL	hp		1	0
0686-1035	R: FXD COMP 10K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB1035	1	1
0686-1055	R: FXD COMP 1M 5% 1/2W	01121	EB1055	4	1
0686-1245	R: FXD COMP 120K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB1245	1	1
0686-1525	R: FXD COMP 1.5K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB1525	1	1
0686-2055	R: FXD COMP 2M 5% 1/2W	01121	EB2055	1	1
0686-2435	R: FXD COMP 24K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB2435	1	1
0686-2745	R: FXD COMP 270K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB2745	1	1
0686-3325	R: FXD COMP 3.3K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB3325	1	0
0686-3935	R: FXD COMP 39K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB3935	2	1
0686-4345	R: FXD COMP 430K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB4345	1	1
0686-5115	R: FXD COMP 510 OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB5115	2	1
0686-7525	R: FXD COMP 7.5K OHMS 5% 1/2W	01121	EB7525	2	1
0687-1011	R: FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1011	12	3
0687-1021	R: FXD COMP 1K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1021	2	1
0687-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1041	7	2
0687-1051	R: FXD COMP 1M 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1051	6	2
0687-1241	R: FXD COMP 120K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1241	1	1
0687-1531	R: FXD COMP 15K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1531	2	1
0687-1541	R: FXD COMP 150K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1541	1	1
0687-1551	R: FXD COMP 1.5M 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1551	1	1
0687-1831	R: FXD COMP 18K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1831	2	1
0687-1851	R: FXD COMP 1.8M 10% 1/2W	01121	EB1851	1	1
0687-2231	R: FXD COMP 22K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB2231	3	1
0687-2251	R: FXD COMP 2.2M 10% 1/2W	01121	EB2251	1	1
0687-2731	R: FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB2731	5	2
0687-2741	R: FXD COMP 270K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB2741	1	1
0687-2751	R: FXD COMP 2.7M 10% 1/2W	01121	EB2751	1	1
0687-3321	R: FXD COMP 3.3K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB3321	1	1
0687-3331	R: FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB3331	2	1
0687-3341	R: FXD COMP 330K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB3341	2	1

* See introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

hp Part No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	TQ	RS
0687-3921	R: FXD COMP 3.9K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB3921	2	1
0687-3931	R: FXD COMP 39K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB3931	1	1
0687-4711	R: FXD COMP 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB4711	5	2
0687-4731	R: FXD COMP 47K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB4731	4	1
0687-4741	R: FXD COMP 470K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB4741	2	1
0687-5631	R: FXD COMP 56K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB5631	1	1
0687-5641	R: FXD COMP 560K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB5641	1	1
0687-6831	R: FXD COMP 68K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB6831	3	1
0687-6841	R: FXD COMP 680K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB6841	2	1
0687-8231	R: FXD COMP 82K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB8231	1	1
0687-8241	R: FXD COMP 820K OHMS 10% 1/2W	01121	EB8241	1	1
0689-1635	R: FXD COMP 16K OHMS 5% 1W	01121	GB1635	1	1
0689-1835	R: FXD COMP 18K OHMS 5% 1W	01121	GB1835	1	1
0689-2235	R: FXD COMP 22K OHMS 5% 1W	01121	GB2235	2	1
0689-2435	R: FXD COMP 24K OHMS 5% 1W	01121	GB2435	2	1
0689-7525	R: FXD COMP 7.5K OHMS 5% 1W	01121	GB7525	1	1
0690-1041	R: FXD COMP 100K OHMS 10% 1W	01121	GB1041	3	1
0690-1841	R: FXD COMP 180K OHMS 10% 1W	01121	GB1841	1	1
0690-4741	R: FXD COMP 470K OHMS 10% 1W	01121	GB4741	1	1
0690-5641	R: FXD COMP 560K OHMS 10% 1W	01121	GB5641	1	1
0690-8221	R: FXD COMP 8.2K OHMS 10% 1W	01121	GB8221	2	1
0690-8231	R: FXD COMP 82K OHMS 10% 1W	01121	GB8231	1	1
0692-3635	R: FXD COMP 36K OHMS 5% 2W	01121	HB3635	2	1
0693-1031	R: FXD COMP 10K OHMS 10% 2W	01121	HB1031	1	1
0693-1541	R: FXD COMP 150K OHMS 10% 2W	01121	HB1541	1	1
0693-1831	R: FXD COMP 18K OHMS 10% 2W	01121	HB1831	1	1
0693-5651	R: FXD COMP 5.6M 10% 2W	01121	HB5651	3	1
0693-8251	R: FXD COMP 8.2M 10% 2W	01121	HB8251	3	1
0699-0006	R: FXD COMP 4.7 OHMS 10% 1W	01121	GB47G1	2	1
0727-0055	R: FXD DEPC 201 OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0060	R: FXD DEPC 225 OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0100	R: FXD DEPC 1K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		2	1
0727-0110	R: FXD DEPC 1.5K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0132	R: FXD DEPC 4K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0157	R: FXD DEPC 10K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0173	R: FXD DEPC 20K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0197	R: FXD DEPC 59.48K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		2	1
0727-0201	R: FXD DEPC 71.56K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0202	R: FXD DEPC 83K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0208	R: FXD DEPC 100K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0218	R: FXD DEPC 180K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0221	R: FXD DEPC 200K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0235	R: FXD DEPC 360K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0246	R: FXD DEPC 600K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0261	R: FXD DEPC 900K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1

See introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

hp Part No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	TQ	RS
0727-0271	R: FXD DEPC 990K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0274	R: FXD DEPC 1M 1% 1/2W	hp		3	1
0727-0285	R: FXD DEPC 1.8M 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0287	R: FXD DEPC 2M 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0289	R: FXD DEPC 2.52M 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0292	R: FXD DEPC 3M 1% 1/2W	hp		4	1
0727-0376	R: FXD DEPC 1.98M 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0727-0378	R: FXD DEPC 257.1K OHMS 1% 1/2W	hp		1	1
0730-0024	R: FXD DEPC 7.5K OHMS 1% 1W	hp		1	1
0730-0056	R: FXD DEPC 68.38K OHMS 1% 1W	hp		2	1
0730-0062	R: FXD DEPC 80K OHMS 1% 1W	hp		1	1
0761-0077	R: FXD METFLM 24K OHMS 5% 1W	hp		1	0
0767-0010	R: FXD MET OX 15K OHMS 5% 3W	hp		1	1
0771-0006	R: FXD MET OX 27K OHMS 10% 4W	hp		1	1
1200-0041	SOCKET: TRANSISTOR	71785	133-92-10-034	1	1
1200-0053	SOCKET: TUBE 7 PIN MINAT	71785	111-51-11-069	4	1
1200-0062	SOCKET: TUBE 9 PIN MINAT	71785	121-51-11-060	13	1
1450-0048	LAMP: INDICATOR	08717	858-R	1	1
1850-0038	TRANSISTOR: 2N301	86684	2N301	1	1
1854-0015	TRANSISTOR: SILICON NPN	hp		1	0
1901-0030	DIODE: SILICON 800V PIV	02735	OBD#	3	3
1901-0044	DIODE: SILICON	hp		1	1
1901-0045	DIODE: SILICON	hp		1	1
1902-0225	DIODE: SILICON AVALANCHE 18.7V	hp		1	1
1920-0001	TUBE: ELECTRON 5642	82219	5642	2	2
1921-0005	TUBE: ELECTRON 6C4	86684	6C4	1	1
1921-0010	TUBE: ELECTRON 12B4A	33173	12B4A	2	2
1923-0018	TUBE: ELECTRON 6AQ5	82219	6AQ5	1	1
1923-0021	TUBE: ELECTRON 6AU6	33173	6AU6	1	1
1932-0022	TUBE: ELECTRON 6DJ8	13396	6DJ8	3	3
1932-0029	TUBE: ELECTRON 12AU7	33173	12AU7	5	5
1933-0004	TUBE: ELECTRON 6U8	33173	6U8	3	3
1940-0001	TUBE: ELECTRON 5651	86684	5651	1	1
2100-0054	R: VAR WW LIN 500 OHMS 10% 2W	11237	252 OBD#	1	1
2100-0093	R: VAR COMP LIN 20K OHMS 20% 1/4W	11237	OBD#	1	1
2100-0094	R: VAR COMP LIN 50K OHMS 3% 1/4W	11237	UPE 70 SPECIAL	2	1
2100-0095	R: VAR COMP LIN 100K OHMS 30% 1/4W	11237	OBD#	1	1
2100-0096	R: VAR COMP LIN 1M 30% 1/4W	11237	UPE 70 SPECIAL	1	1
2100-0102	R: VAR COMP LIN 500K OHMS 30% 1/5W	11237	UPE 70 SPECIAL	2	1
2100-0105	R: VAR COMP LIN 3.5M 30% 1/2W	12697	OBD#	1	1
2100-0144	R: VAR COMP 250K OHMS 30% 1/4W	11237	UPE 70	2	1
2100-0150	R: VAR COMP DUAL TANDEM 10K OHMS 20%	11237	UPE 70	1	1
2100-0154	R: COMP LIN 1K OHMS 30% 3/10W	11237	UPE 70	1	1
2100-0171	R: VAR COMP LIN 200K OHMS 20% 1/4W	11237	VF-45	1	1
2100-0174	R: VAR COMP 500K OHMS 20%, 5% CW LOG TAPER 1/4W W/SPST SWITCH	11237	RGC-45	1	1

See introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

hp Part No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	TQ	RS
2100-0182	R: VAR COMP LIN 3.3K OHMS 10% 1/3W	11237	UPE 70	1	1
2100-0188	R: VAR COMP LIN 200K OHMS 20% 1/4W	11237	VF-45	1	1
2100-0258	R: VAR COMP DUAL TANDEM LIN 1M 20% 1/4W	11237	2-45	1	1
2100-0338	R: VAR COMP LOG 2 SECT 100K OHMS/SECT 20% 1/4W	11237	OBD#	1	1
2100-0339	R: VAR COMP LOG 2 SECT 100K OHMS/SECT 20% 1/4W	11237	OBD#	1	1
2100-1486	R: VAR COMP LIN 300 OHMS 20% 3W	hp		1	1
2110-0005	FUSE: CARTRIDGE 1.6 AMP S-B (for 115V OPERATION)	71400	MDL1.6	1	10
2110-0020	FUSE: CARTRIDGE 0.8 AMP S-B (for 230V OPERATION)	71400	OBD#		
3100-0211	SWITCH: ROT SPDT	hp		1	0
3100-0302	SWITCH: ROT 4 SECT 18 POS	76854	TYPE H	1	1
3101-0010	SWITCH: PUSH DPDT	82389	3S-1407	1	1
3101-0011	SWITCH: SLIDE 1 SECT 4 POS	71590	OBD#	3	1
5000-0743	COVER: SIDE	hp		2	0
5020-0710	BRACKET: LEFT RACK MOUNT	hp		1	0
5020-0711	BRACKET: RIGHT RACK MOUNT	hp		1	0
5020-0718	STRIP: LARGE FILLER	hp		1	0
5060-0409	INDUCTOR: ALIGNMENT	hp		1	1
5060-0625	ASSY: LEFT CONNECTOR	hp		1	1
5060-0632	BINDING POST: BLACK (SHARED BY J101 AND J301)	hp		2	1
5060-0633	BINDING POST: RED (1USED)	hp		4	1
5060-0734	FRAME: ASSY SIDE	hp		2	0
5060-0758	COVER: BOTTOM	hp		1	0
5060-0767	ASSY: FULL MODULE FOOT	hp		5	0
5080-0417	TUBE: NEON GLOW	hp		4	4
5080-0419	TUBE: NEON GLOW	hp		2	2
5083-0323	CRT: P2 PHOSPHOR INTERNAL GRATICULE	hp		1	0
5083-0333	CRT: P7 PHOSPHOR INTERNAL GRATICULE	hp		1	0
5083-0342	CRT: P11 PHOSPHOR ALUMINIZED INTERNAL GRATICULE	hp		1	0
5083-0353	CRT: P31 PHOSPHOR INTERNAL GRATICULE	hp		1	1
8120-0050	CORD: POWER	70903	CS-9941/PH- 151/7.5 ft.	1	1
9100-0156	TRANSFORMER: POWER	98734	6-1691	1	1
9140-0022	INDUCTOR: FXD RF 500 μ h 10%	99848	1500-15-501	1	1
9140-0029	INDUCTOR: FXD RF 100 μ h	99848	3100-15-101	1	1

See introduction to this section

Table 6-3. Code List of Manufacturers (Cont'd)

Code No.	Manufacturer	Address	Code No.	Manufacturer	Address	Code No.	Manufacturer	Address	Code No.	Manufacturer	Address
81340	Military Specification	86176	R.M. Scazzano & Co.	San Francisco, Calif.	88209	C. V. Corliss	Livingston, N. J.	98226	Francis L. Wesley	Pasadena, Calif.
81413	Wilbur Products, Inc.	Cleveland, Ohio	86660	Kaloid Kards, Inc.	New Haven, Conn.	91083	Invisible-Ray Research Int., Inc.	Electronic Division Manchester, N. H.	98291	Worold, Inc.	So. Pasadena, Calif.
81451	Raytheon Mfg. Co., Industrial Components Div., Induct. Tube Operations	Needham, Mass.	86911	Seamless Rubber Co.	Chicago, Ill.	91127	General Cable Corp.	Raymond, N. J.	98489	Sealtech Corp.	New Rochelle, N. Y.
81483	International Rectifier Corp.	El Segundo, Calif.	86937	Clifton Precision Products	Clifton Heights, Pa.	91166	Raytheon Mfg. Co., Industrial Components Div., Rectifying Tube Operation	Quincy, Mass.	98520	General Mills	Minneapolis, Minn.
81541	The Ampex Products Co.	Cambridge, Mass.	86979	Precision Rubber Products Corp.	Dayton, Ohio	91168	Raytheon Mfg. Co., Semiconductor Div., California Sheet Plant	Needham, Mass.	98525	North Hills Electric Co.	Brooklyn, N. Y.
81866	Bary Controls, Inc.	Walden, Mass.	87236	Radio Corp. of America, RCA Electron Tube Div.	Paramus, N. J.	91168	Raytheon Mfg. Co., Semiconductor Div., California Sheet Plant	Needham, Mass.	98578	Chemical Transistor Prod. Div. of Globe Corp.	Waltham, Mass.
81940	Center Parts Co.	Dubuque, Ill.	87471	Western Fiberglass Glass Products Co.	San Francisco, Calif.	91170	Carlson-Wright Corp., Electronic Div.	East Paterson, N. J.	98579	Research Corp.	Burbank, Calif.
82140	Jeffery Electronics Division of Sparr Carbon Co.	De Boro, Pa.	87564	Van Meters & Rogers, Inc.	Seattle, Wash.	91222	Smithco Div. of S. Chester Corp.	Lexington, Pa.	98580	Columbia Technical Cons.	New York, N. Y.
82176	Allen S. Dufford Labs, Inc.	Chillico, N. J.	87930	Tower Mfg. Corp.	Providence, R. I.	91213	The Ohio Prod. Div. of Metal Engineering and Mfg. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	98581	Vianor Associates	Palo Alto, Calif.
82209	Magnum Industries, Inc.	Greenwich, Conn.	88220	South-National Batteries, Inc.	St. Paul, Minn.	91213	Wire Cloth Products, Inc.	Chicago, Ill.	98584	Marshall Industries, Electron Products Division	Pasadena, Calif.
82218	Sylvania Electric Prod. Inc., Electronic Tube Div.	Expansus, Pa.	88698	General Mills, Inc.	Buffalo, N. Y.	94832	Worcester Pressed Aluminum Corp.	Worcester, Mass.	98585	Control Switch Division, Carlsbad Co. of America	El Segundo, Calif.
82276	Avcon Co.	East Newark, N. J.	89023	Coyder Electric Co.	Oakland, Calif.	95021	Phibron Research, Inc.	Boston, Mass.	98586	Delcor Electronics Corp.	East Aurora, N. Y.
82289	Switchcraft, Inc.	Chicago, Ill.	89463	Walden Electronic, Inc.	Cambridge, Mass.	95036	Alites Products Corp.	Waco, Tex.	98587	Wilco Corporation	Indianapolis, Ind.
82647	Melroe and Controls, Inc., Div. of Texas Instruments, Inc., Special Prods.	Atletides, Mass.	89473	General Electric Publishing Corp.	Schenectady, N. Y.	95052	Leecraft Mfg. Co., Inc.	New York, N. Y.	98588	Reinhardt, Inc.	Boston, Mass.
82866	Research Products Corp.	Madison, Wis.	89636	Center Parts Div. of Economy Sales Co.	Chicago, Ill.	95054	Lecca Electronics, Inc.	Burbank, Calif.	98589	Philman Semiconductor Div. of Hoffman Electronics Corp.	Everett, Ill.
82877	Reticon Manufacturing Co., Inc.	Woodstock, N. Y.	89665	United Transformer Co.	Chicago, Ill.	95054	National Coil Co.	Shenandoah, Wyo.	98591	Technology Improvement Corp. of Calif.	Redbury Park, Calif.
82880	Yelver Electronics Co.	Siemens, Calif.	90179	V.T. Rubber Co., Mechanical Goods Div.	Passaic, N. J.	95073	Vicomar, Inc.	Bridgeport, Conn.			
82902	Western Master Mfg. Co.	Los Angeles, Calif.	90278	Beating Engineering Co.	San Francisco, Calif.	95074	Condon Corp.	Stamford, N. J.			
82926	Carl Faber-Castell Co.	Cambridge, Mass.	91245	Miller Duri & Rasmussen Co.	St. Louis, Mo.	95074	Bethesda Mfg. Co.	Chicago, Ill.			
82986	New Hampshire Ball Bearing, Inc.	Peterborough, N. H.	91418	Radio Materials Co.	Chicago, Ill.	95112	Dupe Electric Co., Inc.	Chicago, Ill.			
83125	Pyramid Electric Co.	Berlington, S. C.	91506	Augat Brothers', Inc.	Attleboro, Mass.	95167	Walswan Co.	Sanmarino, Calif.			
83146	Electro Conits Co.	Los Angeles, Calif.	91627	Dale Electronics, Inc.	Columbus, Ohio	95201	Ruggins Laboratories	Greenwich, Conn.			
83196	Yuley Engineering Corp.	Springfield, N. J.	91622	Elice Corp.	Philadelphia, Pa.	95201	Ri-Q Division of Anovox	Green, N. Y.			
83296	Bendix Corp., Red Bank Div.	Red Bank, N. J.	91757	General Mfg. Co., Inc.	Waterford, Conn.	95206	Thompson-McCormack Div. of Magnum Industries, Inc.	W. Carroll, Ill.			
83311	Rubber-Cel Corp.	Woodview, Ill.	91827	Micropuls-Honeywell Register Co., Microwave Div.	Freeport, Ill.	95206	Telex Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles, Calif.			
83330	Smith, Rastan H., Inc.	Brooklyn, N. Y.	91861	Wako Elec. Spring Co.	Gofford, Calif.	95208	Carbor Screw Co.	Chicago, Ill.			
83385	Central Screw Co.	Chicago, Ill.	92180	Tro-Correction Cons.	Peachtree, Mass.	95261	Wayworn Associates, Inc.	Burlington, Mass.			
83561	Genco Wire and Cable Co., Div. of Anovox Corp.	Brockfield, Mass.	92706	Universal Metal Prod., Int. Success Powder, Calif.	Richfield, N. Y.	95261	Excell Transformer Co.	Dekland, Calif.			
83594	Broughs Corp., Electronic Tube Div.	Passaic, N. J.	92907	Eigert Optical Co., Inc.	Rockyton, N. Y.	95264	Industrial Releasing Ring Co.	Irvington, N. J.			
83640	Eveready Battery	New York, N. Y.	93233	Sylvania Electric Prod. Inc., Semiconductor Div.	Woburn, Mass.	95269	Automatic and Precision Mfg. Co.	Yonkers, N. Y.			
83731	Wabco Eng. and Mfg., Inc.	Huntington, Ind.	93261	Fabikon and Myers, Inc.	New York, N. Y.	95269	Reon Resistor Corp.	Yonkers, N. Y.			
83821	Loyd Scroggs Co.	Farmers, Mo.	93402	Stevens Mfg. Co., Inc.	Mansfield, Ohio	95271	Avril Brothers Inc.	Jamaica, N. Y.			
84071	Acro Electronics, Inc.	New York, N. Y.	93768	Howard J. Smith Inc.	Port Washington, N. J.	95278	Rubber Tack, Inc.	Garbena, Calif.			
84206	A. J. Glauser Co., Inc.	San Francisco, Calif.									
84401	Good All Electric Mfg. Co.	Opahele, Neb.									
84570	Seiken Traction, Inc.	Bloomington, Ind.									
84574	Beaton Molding Company	Beaumont, N. J.									
84671	A. B. Wood Co.	San Francisco, Calif.									

THE FOLLOWING R.F. VENDORS HAVE NO NUMBER ASSIGNED IN THE LATEST SUPPLEMENT TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLY CODE FOR MANUFACTURERS HANDBOOK.

- 10000 Winchester Electronics, Inc. Santa Monica, Calif.
- 20007 Balco Tool and Die Los Angeles, Calif.
- 20008 Western Coil Div. of Automatic Ind., Inc. Redwood City, Calif.
- 20009 Ty-Car Mfg. Co., Inc. Redwood, Mass.
- 20012 Wilcox Leather Products Corp. Newark, N. J.
- 20014 British Radio Electronics Ltd. Washington, D. C.
- 20018 ETA Englad
- 20019 Indiana General Corp., Elect. Div. Indiana
- 20026 Precision Instrument Components Co. Van Nuys, Calif.
- 20028 Rubber Eng. & Development Hayward, Calif.
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APPENDIX I MANUAL CHANGES

This appendix contains information on changes required to adapt this manual to an instrument with a serial prefix listed in the table below. Check for your instrument serial prefix and make the changes indicated. Note that these changes adapt the manual to cover a particular instrument as manufactured and therefore will not apply to an instrument subsequently modified in the field. Refer to Section I for information on errata in this manual and on any other instrument serial prefix not covered in this appendix.

Instrument Serial Prefix	Make Numbered Changes
433-	1
421-	1, 2
327-, 403-, 409-	1, 2, 3
303-	1, 2, 3, 4
242-, 247-	2, 3, 4, 5
202-, 217-, 219-, 223-	2, 3, 4, 5, 6

CHANGE 1

Tables 6-1 and 6-2,

C322A/B: Change to hp Part No. 0180-0127; C: fxd, elect 2-sect, 120 x 40 μ f, -10% +50% 300VDCW; Mfr 56289; Mfr Part No. D36235.

CHANGE 2

Tables 6-1 and 6-2,

A1: Change to hp Part No. 120B-65A.
A202: Change to hp Part No. 120B-65B.
CR305: Change to hp Part No. 1902-0759; Mfr 04713; Mfr Part No. 1N2983B.

CHANGE 3

Page 5-17, Figure 5-8,

R207: Change value to 18K ohms.

Page 5-18, Figure 5-9,

R351: Change value to 1.88M ohms.

Tables 6-1 and 6-2,

R207: Change to hp Part No. 0687-1031; R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms, 10% 1/2W; Mfr 01121; Mfr Part No. EB1031.

R351: Change to hp Part No. 0727-0286; R: fxd, depc 1.88M ohms, 1% 1/2W; Mfr hp.

CHANGE 4

Tables 6-1 and 6-2,

CR201: Change to hp Part No. 1901-0034; Diode: Si; Mfr 07933; Mfr Part No. DW204A.

CHANGE 5

Tables 6-1 and 6-2,

A201: Change to hp Part No. 120B-19C.

C321: Change to hp Part No. 0180-0042; C: fxd, elect, 120 μ f, 350VDCW; Mfr 56289; Mfr Part No. D3253.

C325A/B: Change to hp Part No. 0180-0030; C: fxd, elect, 2-sect, 120 x 40 μ f, 450VDCW; Mfr 56289; Mfr Part No. D32352.

MISCELLANEOUS,

Knob: TRIGGER SOURCE selector: Change to hp Part No. 0370-0099.

Knob: TRIGGER LEVEL control: Change to hp Part No. 0370-0134.

CHANGE 6

Page 5-19, Figure 5-10,

C305, C307: Change value to 6800 pf.

C308: Relocate into A302 in parallel with T301 pin 5 and plate of V303, and change value to 1500 pf.

C310: Relocate into A302 in parallel with T301 pin 9 and plate of V304, and change value to 1500 pf.

C312: Change value to .015 μ f.

C313, C314: Delete.

R313: Change value to 680K ohms.

R322: Change value to 47K ohms.

R327: Change value to 1.5M ohms.

Tables 6-1 and 6-2,

A301: Change to hp Part No. 120B-65C.

A302: Change to hp Part No. 120B-11A.

C305, C307: Change to hp Part No. 0160-0110; C: fxd, paper, 6800 pf, 20% 3000VDCW; Mfr 56289; Mfr Part No. 184P682030.

C308, C310: Change to hp Part No. 0160-0061; C: fxd, paper, 1500 pf, 20% 500VDCW; Mfr 56289; Mfr Part No. 184P152050.

C312: Change to hp Part No. 0160-0062; C: fxd, paper, .015 μ f, 10% 3000VDCW; Mfr 56289; Mfr Part No. 184P153930.

C313, C314: Delete.

CR304: Change to hp Part No. 1901-0026; Diode: Si; Mfr hp.


R313: Change to hp Part No. 0687-6841; R: fxd, comp, 680K ohms, 10% 1/2W; Mfr 01121; Mfr Part No. EB6841.

R322: Change to hp Part No. 0687-4731; R: fxd, comp, 47K ohms, 10% 1/2W; Mfr 01121; Mfr Part No. EB4731.

R327: Change to hp Part No. 0687-1551; R: fxd, comp, 1.5M ohms, 10% 1/2W; Mfr 01121; Mfr Part No. EB1551.



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The cathode ray tube (CRT) supplied in your Hewlett-Packard Oscilloscope and replacement CRT's purchased from  are guaranteed by the Hewlett-Packard Company against electrical failure for a period of one year from the date of sale. Broken tubes or tubes with burned phosphor are not included under this guarantee. If the CRT is broken when received, a claim should be made with the responsible carrier.

Your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales Service Office maintains a stock of replacement tubes and, if desired, will assist in processing the warranty claim.

In order to ensure credit for a CRT under the warranty period, the reverse side of this sheet should be filled out completely and returned with the defective tube. To avoid damage to the tube while in shipment, carefully follow the shipping instructions listed below; credit is not allowed on broken tubes.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Carefully wrap the tube in 1/4 inch thick cotton batting or other soft padding material.
2. Wrap the above in heavy kraft paper.
3. Pack wrapped tube in a rigid container which is at least 4 inches larger than the tube in each dimension.
4. Surround the tube with at least four inches of packed excelsior or similar shock absorbing material; be sure the packing is tight all around the tube.
5. Tubes returned from outside the continental United States should be packed in a wooden box.
6. Ship prepaid by AIR FREIGHT or RAILWAY EXPRESS to:

Hewlett-Packard Company
CRT Manufacturing Dept.
1900 Garden of the Gods Road
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80907
Atten: CRT Quality Assurance



CRT WARRANTY CLAIM

FROM: _____ Date _____

NAME _____

COMPANY _____

ADDRESS _____

For additional information, contact:

NAME _____

TITLE _____

COMPANY _____

ADDRESS _____

1. INSTRUMENT a) MODEL _____

b) SERIAL NO. _____

2. CRT a) TYPE (on bulb) _____

b) SERIAL NO. (on CRT base) _____

3. Is defective tube original. YES _____ NO _____

4. Date purchased (if available) _____

5. Describe nature and/or symptoms of trouble. _____

6. Describe operating conditions prior to and at time of failure.
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